Thursday September 29 1983

NEWS SUMMARY

rejects Reagan's all-out new bid

Soviet leader Yuri Andropov rejected U.S. President Renald Reagan's of General Motors of the U.S. faces latest proposals for curbing inter-mediate range nuclear missiles and accused Washington of trying to win time to deploy its own arms.

Mr Reagan had told the United

Nations General Assembly on Monday that the United States would forgo siting of Pershing and cruise missiles in Europe from December, and would negotiate on reducing numbers of nuclear weapon-carrying aircraft if the Soviet Union reduced its medium-range missile force in Europe.

Mr Andropov, speaking in Mos-cow, said the Soviet Union would respond appropriately to any disturbance in the strategic balance. In Paris, France's President Francois Mitterrand is reported to have reservations about the U.S. propos-als, apparently believing it would be wrong not to insist on a cut in Soviet SS-20s.

Lebanon setback

set back when Druze militia said they would regard the reopening of Beirut airport as a violation of the

Hopes of progress in Lebanon were

Israel called on the Druze to eject the Palestine Liberation Organisation guerrillas. Page 18

Thatcher: man held

Toronto police laid five charges against a man who broke out of a crowd of anti-nuclear and Irish Re-publican protesters and lunged at visiting British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher.

Soviet jet off course

Britain's ITN television said a Soviet Aeroflot jet flying from Cuba to tional error the Soviets say the South Korean jet they shot down could not have made.

Labour plans switch

Britain's Opposition Labour Party leaders will ask the party conference next week to adopt important policy changes. Likely areas for a new stance are on defence, economic strategy and EEC membership.

Sudan arrests

At least 11 leading opposition leaders in Sudan, including former Premier Sadig al-Mahdi, have been arrested, according to Khartoum reports. Page 7

Changes in Kenya

Five ministers and 12 deputy ministers lost their seats in Kenya's oneparty election. With six results still to come, there are already 57 new MPs in the 153 seats. Page 7

irish jewels hunt

Following up detailed information, police have launched a hunt for the trish crown jewels, worth at least 102.3m (\$2m), and stolen from Dublin Castle in 1907, long before Ireland became independent from

Going home

Twenty Portuguese hostages re-leased by Unita guerrillas in Augola were on their way home via Johan-

Briefly... Bruspels: More than 100 protesters

were arrested outside a military ex-Burma's former Minister for Home Page 19 and Religious Affairs Bo No was GILDEMEISTER, West Gerialled for life for a \$1,225 fraud.

Calcutta: Police arrested several

Andropov Vauxhall faces strike

of General Motors of the U.S., fac an all-out pay strike by its 14,500 manual workers from tomorrow manual workers from tomorrow night after votes by its Luton and Dunstable plants. Union leaders at Ellesmere Port, Mersyside, will ask their members to join it. Back-ground, Page 11

• FRENCH financial experts see renewed weakening of the franc as putting more pressure on the Gov-ernment to tighten price controls in order to check inflation. Yesterday the franc fell to a record low of DM 32.915 per FFr 100. Page 3. Currencies, Page 41

 DOLLAR fell to DM 2.644 (from DM 2.6505), FFr 8.0175 (FFr 8.0425), SwFr 2.131 (SwFr 2.1405) and Y236.8 (Y238.05). Its Bank of England trade-weighted index fell from 127.8 to 127.2. In New York, it closed at DM 2.5482, SwFr 2.134, Y236.92 and FFr 8.0175. Page 41

© STERLING rose 15 points to \$1.499, but fell to DM 3.965 (DM 3.9725), FFr 12.015 (FFr 12.045), SwFr 3.1975 (SwFr 3.21) and Y355 (Y357). Its trade weighting fell from 84.4 to 84.2. In New York, it closed at \$1.5001. Page 41

● GOLD rose \$0.75 in London to \$413.375. In Frankfurt it rose \$1.25 to \$413.5, and in Zurich it closed \$1 up at \$413.5. The Comex October settlement was \$411 (\$413.9). Page 40

• LONDON: FT Industrial Ordinary index moved up 2.9 to 636.9. Some Government securities showed marginal falls. FT Share Information Service, Pages 35-37

 WALL STREET: Dow Jones index closed 6.00 down at 1,241.97. Report Page 31, inli share listings. Pages 32-34

● TOKYO: Nikkei Dow index pushed up 31.17 to another new high, 9,445.32, and the Stock Exchange index was up 1.75 to 694.37. Page 31. Leading prices, other exchanges, Page 34.

• STOCKHOLM: Bourse is expected to tighten registration controls today following several scandals. ● AMERICAN Chamber of Commerce has backed foreign government calls to end unitary taxes imposed by 13 U.S. states. Page 7

• U.S. MERCHANDISE trade deficit reached a record \$7.19bn in August, from \$6.36bn in July.

• CHINA'S 1983 grain output is expected to beat the 1982 record of 353.4m tonnes.

• UK COMPANIES are expecting orders worth about £85m (\$127.5m) for open-cast coal-mining equip ment from India, after the signing of an aid agreement in New Delhi.

SINGAPORE plans to allow employers to spread the 44-hour week over seven days to help productivi-

• GROWTH in financial futures trading is accelerating the globalisation of financial markets, Mr Thomas Strauss, managing director of Salomon Brothers, U.S. investment bankers, told an FT confer ence in London. Page 22

• RICE: Efforts to solve a dispute between the U.S. and Taiwan over Taiwanese subsidised exports have foundered. Page 40

COMPANIES

• ERBAMONT, the company set up in May to handle the drug and health-care interests of Italian chemical group Montedison, reported a first-half net profit of \$12.8m.

many's biggest machine tool maker, is to increase its stake in rival Pittdemonstrators in West ler from 24 per cent to 75 per cent. Page 19

Reagan sets date for China visit as relations improve

BY MARK BAKER IN PEKING AND REGINALD DALE IN WASHINGTON

President Ronald Reagan will visit China next April, Mr Caspar Weinberger, the U.S. Defence Secretary, said in Peking yesterday. Mr Reagan's visit will follow that of the Chinese premier, Zhao Ziyang to the U.S. in January.

Confirmation of this top-level exhim to Peking if he had included Taiwan remains the biggest obsta-hange comes after a significant Taiwan on his itinerary. Taiwan remains the biggest obstachange comes after a significant warming in Sino-U.S. relations over the past two months, underlined by vitation to visit China from the ChiMr Weinberger's visit to China this nese leader, Deng Xiaoping, since ship had moved through a tortous

In Washington, the White House said that the talks between Mr Reagan and Zhao would continue a dialogue on a wide range of bilateral and international relations.

It would be the first visit of a Chinese Prime Minister to the U.S. and the first visit of an American Presi-dent to China since the establish-over U.S. quotas on Chinese textile Mr ment of formal diplomatic relations between the two countries in January 1979. The last U.S. President to visit Peking was Mr Gerald Ford in

The White House said that there were no plans for Mr Reagan to vis-it Taiwan during his forthcoming Far Eastern trip in November, in dorsement for Mr Reagan's rewhich he is due to visit Japan, South Korea, the Philippines, Indonesia and Thailand.

the U.S. position on IMF and World

a lack of support for these institu-

Mr Regan strongly seconded the

promise which President Ronald

through legislation required to in-

crease the U.S. quota subscription

He also said it was important to

to the fund from next year.

husband its scarce resources."

Mr Reagan has had a standing in-realtionship

several months that the visit was wan issue." likely to take place early next year, the timing had been left open, putes between the two countries.

low China greater access to high technology. weapons systems, including anti-aircraft and tank defence systems. that Peking has agreed to receive Mr Reagan in April, before the U.S.

Deng and Zhao, however, both stressed in their talks with Mr Officials said that the Chinese Weinberger yesterday and today Government would not have invited that continuing U.S. support for

Regan warns IMF over

seeing low inflation and significant-

"So, rather than another tradi-

ery, I think we are witnessing a

more fundamental change - moving

us on to a solid new foundation that

Reagan made on Tuesday that Concan sustain real growth and im-sharply our fiscal deficit by raising gress would be urged to push prove the standard of living taxes, as some have suggested, this

He saw three fundamental differ-

He added, however: The current and those of earlier periods: economic health, including the financial strains affecting the fund

• Countries were now prepared to tendency for protectionist pres-

interests of long-term stability,

throughout the world."

long-term financing

BY MAX WILKINSON, ECONOMICS CORRESPONDENT, IN WASHINGTON

the international Monetary Fund Mr Regan, however, was buoy-(IMF) but warned that it must reantly optimistic about the prospects

member its original character as a for world recovery, which he said

provider only of short-term funds.

In his formal address to the He said: We are in the midst of

ington, he said: "Some believe that and it is by no means over. We are

tions. Nothing could be further tional cycle of recession to recovery. I think we are witnessing a

underscore the need for the IMF to forgo short-term expediency in the

reaffirm the IMF's traditional role Growth at present was not acas a source of temporary balance of companied by a resurgence of infla-

His remarks reflected growing Many countries, particularly in anxiety among some factions in the Third World, were prepared to Congress and within the Administration make substantial adjustments to

Bank issues at this meeting reflect ly lower interest rates.

course in the past three years and "the crux of the matter is the Tai-"It is important to enhance con-

tacts and increase mutual underlargely because of a series of dis-standing, but it is more important utes between the two countries. to remove fundamental obstacles Relations improved markedly af- and solve substantive matters," he

exports, and the U.S. decision to al- talks with China on the sale of U.S. It is a measure of that change But he ended his three-day visit to Peking yesterday without specifying how much military equipment the U.S. was prepared to sell, or how much China was interested in presidential election, a move likely to be interpreted as Chinese en-

> discussions among officials on the Continued on Page 18

Mr Regan acknowledged the

earlier in this recovery than is his-

He added: "If we were to reduce

would indeed stifle the recovery."

Mr Regan warned of several

sures to increase, temptation to

pursue lax monetary policies for short-term reasons, and the loom-

ing uncertainty of international

"British recovery under way,", Page 5; a suggestion on world

their peak levels in 1981.

torically normal."

debt problems.

ences between the present recovery threats to the world's renewed

Republic Steel for \$600m

By Terry Dodsworth and Paul Taylor in New York

LTV, the third largest U.S. steel company, is to take over Republic Steel in an agreed bid worth about

The combination of the two con panies, which have both been big loss makers over the last 18 months will create a new giant to be called LTV Steel ranking just behind U.S. Steel, the biggest in the U.S. industry, in terms of shipments.

The announcement of the merger came late yesterday after board meetings of both companies which ended 24 hours of speculation

Armoo, the leading U.S. steel and energy company, announced a major corporate restructuring involving the sale of coal properties to Peabody Holding and its oil and gas offshoot to Strata Energy; substantial changes are also planned in Armeo's steel operations. Page 19

caused by the suspension of LTV's and Republic Steel's share trading on the New York stock exchange on Monday.

Under the terms of the planned acquisition, Republic Steel's share-holders will receive 1.5 LTV shares and 0.3 shares of a newly created cumulative convertible preferred stock for each one Republic Steel share. The 5 per cent preferred stock will be convertible into 1.22 LTV shares. Republic Steel has

17.8m shares outstanding.
Republic's reported book value
was \$81.28 a share at the end of June, but the shares have traded as low as \$13% in the past twelve months. When the shares were suspended LTV's share price was \$18 and Republic's share price was

MR DONALD REGAN, the U.S. tration that the fund was providing the problems of low commodity Mr Raymond Hay, LTV chairman and chief executive, announcing the Treasury Secretary, yesterday af-firmed his support for the work of the international Monetary Fund for the long-term capital needs of debtor countries.

Mr Regan, however, was buoy

Mr Regan acknowledged the gendeal yesterday said that he did not believe Federal anti-trust laws

eral anxiety about the high U.S. would pose a threat to the deal. budget deficit and its effect on in-He added: "While there are signiterest rates, but pointed out that inficant opportunities to optimise faterest rates were now at only half cilities, the two companies had no He said there was recent evibusiness. However Wall Street analysts believe the merger of the two companies will be followed by some dence that, despite high nominal and real interest rates, "private inrationalisation of overlapping facilivestment growth will be coming on

> While the two companies have a fairly complimentary product range in sheet, speciality steels and pipe, LTV also has a significant oil field

> > Lex, Page 18; Creusot-Loire breakup, Page 19

LTV buys Airbus likely to suffer twin setback

BY OUR FOREIGN STAFF

A-300s it has ordered "because of try had already been delivered. Eastern's financial difficulties," Mr JAL has said that commercial Bernard Lathière, Airbus's chief ex-Eastern's financial difficulties." Mr ecutive, said yesterday.

Eastern this week threatened to rely on one supplier, eek the protection of courts under The airline's initial order may be seek the protection of courts under
Chapter 11 of U.S. bankruptcy laws
if its 37,500 employees refuse to aircraft. The 767 and the two Airbus take a 15 per cent pay cut. Under models are valued at about \$60-Chapter 11 companies continue to s65m each, according to prospective operate but are given court protection from their creditors while they will order additional 747s – it is al-

to announce today which new genven more to be delivered in the next eration of aircraft will replace its 18 months. ageing fleet of McDonnell Douglas DC-8 aircraft. The announcement British Prime Minister, and Presi-

JAL would only say yesterday ficials visiting Europe. that the decision awaited the signature of the company's president, but quisitions of U.S. aircraft have aviation officials in Tokyo believe

BOEING of the U.S. appears set to ed battle between Airbus, offering win important new orders from Ja-the A-300 or the A-310, Boeing the pan Air Lines (JAL) at the expense 767, and McDonnell Douglas the

of the European Airbus Industrie
of the European Airbus Industrie
of the European Airbus Industrie
of MD100, McDonnell Douglas the
M

its decision and that it intended to

estructure. ready the world's largest operator
The Japanese airline is expected of 747s, with a fleet of 42, with se-

Both Mrs Margaret Thatcher, the might points to orders worth sever-al hundred million dollars, with fur-ther orders to follow. dent François Mitterrand of France have pressed the Airbus case per-sonally on Japanese government of-

At the same time, Japanese acemerged as a quick way of reducing the decision will favour Boeing.

It will put to rest a hotly contest
U.S.

TWA parent may hive off airline

BY TERRY DODSWORTH IN NEW YORK

Banking Group.

The decision results from intenpany by Odyssey Partners, a Wall Street investment group earlier in the year. Odyssey claimed that Trans World, which also owns Hilton International and a mixture of food and real estate, would be more valuable to shareholders as sepa-

ceived the support of about 23 per 1983.

TRANS WORLD, the U.S. airline cent of eligible votes, but the Trans and hotel group, is to give "detailed World board, which had vehementexamination to proposals to hive ly opposed the split-up, claimed vic-off its TWA airline in a separately tory. Goldman Sachs, however, was quoted company after a report by asked to look at options for enhanc-the Goldman Sachs Investment ing the group's value to sharehold-Banking Group. this month. The Trans World board proceed with a separation plan, the group would seek shareholder ap-

this year or early next. The group holds 81 per cent of TWA, which recorded a \$108.9m year. Last year, TWA ran up pre-tax losses of \$44.5m, but the rest of the At a shareholders' meeting in Trans World group has been con-May, Odyssey's suggestions for the sistently profitable, making \$45.6m emberment of Trans World re- before tax in the first six months of

Sainsbury buys \$20m stake in U.S. food store chain

BY CARLA RAPOPORT IN LONDON

cated in New England.

Shaw's, a privately owned compa-ny, has 41 food stores in the states of Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Maine. Last year, the company recorded sales of \$640m and pre-tax profits of \$17m. Over the past four. years, sales and earnings per share have grown by more than 20 per cent per year.

We might have been happies with buying a stake in a larger U.S. company," said Mr Sainsbury yes-terday, "but this is a particularly well run regional group. In general regional chains do extremely well The agreement between the two

companies calls for a minimum pur-chase of 20 per cent of the outstanding stock of the family-owned com-

Sainsbury has been expanding rapidly in recent years in the UK,

opening new supermarkets at the rate of 15 to 17 a year. The company emphasised yesterday that its main investment strategy would remain focused on the UK

The company has also been among Britain's most profitable. In 1977, the group reported pre-tax profits of £26m on sales of £363.7m. Last year, those figures reached in profits and £1.95bn in

in Shaw's, a U.S. food store chain lo- from the small company's exper-

Mr David Sainsbury, finance director, said yesterday that the purchase had grown out of the company for \$20.1m in cash. The company's continuing interest in the U.S. stake to 25 per cent and may buy stake to 25 per cent and may stake to 25 per cent and may

J. SAINSBURY, Britain's biggest food retailing business. Shaw's is further shares if they become availfood retailer, is making its first for-ay into foreign markets with the \$20m purchase of a minority stake and Sainsbury hopes to benefit Sainsbury has been expanding

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THERE IS THE **GREATEST DEAL** IN READING FOR 23,750 sq.ft. 12,400 sq.ft. 8,200 sq.ft. 7,100 sq.ft. ON RENTED **OFFICES** James Smith John Turner <u>Campbell</u> Pearson Williams Gordon READING (0734) 599918 0734/597555

E. Germany lowers its border guard

WEST GERMAN border police army engineers are continuing the weapons which were first installed in the early 1970s to stop East Germans escaping. have been removed from a total of 54,000 such devices along weapons might be scheduled weapons might be scheduled

September 29, 1983

WEST GERMAN border police ment has received indications saecker, said he was told earlier did not mention the elimination that all the automatic weapons this month by President Erich yesterday of the border example engineers are continuing are to be removed along the Honecker, that they would be change fee for children up to 14 1.346 km border. This will not to dismantle the automatic shrapnel weapons mounted on the final metal border fence to West Germany. Some 1,500 of wound escapers in the legs with the control of the contr a shower of shrapnel — have been removed along 10 kms of

the border, according to the for replacement with newer West German Interior Ministry. ones. However, West Berlin's A spokesman said the Govern- mayor, Herr Richard von Weiz-

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

To the Holders of

ENTE NAZIONALE IDROCARBURI

(National Hydrocarbons Authority)

63/4 % Sinking Fund Debentures due November 1, 1988

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, pursuant to the provisions of the Sinking Fund for the Debentures of the above-described issue, Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as Fiscal Agent, has selected by lot for redemption on November 1, 1983 at the principal amount thereof \$500,000 principal amount of said Debentures, as follows:

Outstanding Debentures of U.S. \$1,000 Each of Prefix "M" Bearing Serial Num Ending in the Following Two Digits:

Also Debentures of U.S. \$1,000 Each of Prefix "M" Bearing the Following Serial Numbers:

On November 1, 1983, there will become and he due and payable upon each Dehenture the principal amount thereof, in such coin or currency of the United States of America as on said date is legal tender for the payment therein of public and private debts, at the option of the holder, either (a) at the corporate trust office of Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 30 West Broadway, New York, N.Y. 10015, or (b) subject to any laws and regulations applicable thereto with respect to the payment, currency of payment or otherwise in the country of any of the following offices, at the principal office of Banca Nazionale del Lavoro in Rome or the principal office of Banca Commerciale Italiana in Milan or the main office of Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York in London, Brussels, Paris or Frankfurt or the main office of Algemene Bank Nederland N.V. in Amsterdam or the main office of Krediethank S.A. Lavembourgeoise in Luxembourg-Ville.

Debentures surrendered for redemption should have attached all manuatured coupons appurtenant thereto. Coupons due November 1, 1983 should be detached and collected in the usual manner.

From and after November 1, 1983 interest shall cease to accrue on the Debentures herein designated for redemption.

NOTICE

The following Debentures previously called for redemption have not as yet been presented for

DEBENTURES OF U.S. \$1,000 EACH

7688

ENTE NAZIONALE IDROCARBURI

By: MORGAN GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY

OF NEW YORK, Fiscal Agent

13 43

East European officials in East Berlin say that persistent rumours are circulating in the western border areas of East Germany that border guards have been given orders not to fire on people escaping but to shoot over their heads. Such rumours, even if untrue, quickly gained credence because of the lack of information from East German media.

Newspapers in East Germany

years of age entering from the West. The East Europeans said this was because the West German spokesman had previously said that East Berlin would inform Bonn in a note about the humanitarian measure

They point out that East Germany is extremely sensitive to any suggestion that it must inform West Cermany about measures it takes, and decided not to publish the move in the

Sparks fly in **Poland** over Marxism row By Christopher Bobinski In Warsaw

A FIERCE ROW among Poland's Markists over the Eurocommunist views of Pro-fessor Adam Schaff, one of the country's leading philosophers, could spill over into a forthcoming Communist Party central committee meeting and lead to hard-line attacks on the policies of Gen Wojciech Jaruzelski, the country's mili-

tary leader.
Professor Schaff, an executive committee member of the Club of Rome, has published this year several articles questioning fundamental tenets of orthodox Marxist thought. These are sure to raise eyebrows in Mos-cow. They have also caused fury among doctrinaire thinkers here, who responded with a wave of critical articles, many of them implicitly critical of the Polish leadership for per-mitting the professor to air his views in public.

views in public.

With the next central committee meeting devoted to ideology fixed for October 14, the party theoretical journal, Nowe Drogi, has criticised Professor Schaff's views in an article designed to dampen the debate and deflect further hardline criticism from the leadership.

Nevertheless, the professor has already managed to voice in print the view that the Russian Revolution in 1917 was premature, if Marxist predic-tions were to be taken seriously, and that the attempt to build socialism in under-industrialised countries remained at the root of many problems in Eastern

Party member since 1932. He spent the Stalinist period as a stern arbiter of Marxist orthodoxy and is still bitterly remembered for this by many

W. German union pressure for shorter work week

By John Davies in Frankfurt

THE BATTLE over union demands for a 35-hour working week is building up in West Germany. After months of warnings, IG Metall, the biggest union, is giving three months' notice that it will cancel contracts laying down a 40-hour week in the steel and metal manufacturing indus-

This places some 4m workers on a collision course with employers and with the Bonn Government. But while union has warned that strikes are possible, its leaders are aware that the climate of spinion and mie elreumstances may limit the scope for militant

Employers claim that a 35week would raise industry's costs by about 18 per cent, undermining efforts to recover from recession and regain export markets.

IG Metall is clearly leaving room for manoeuvre, as it has been vague about next year's wage demands. This has raised speculation that it may contemplate a reduction in real wages to obtain a shorter

More jobs

Herr Hans Janssen, the IG Metall official in charge of metall outcial in charge of wage policy, has estimated that a 35-hour week would help ent unemployment by creating more than 250,000 jobs in metal industries. If workers in all industries won a 35-hour week, it would a 35-hour week, it would

intensify early next month when IG Metall holds its annual conference. First negotiations with employers are expected in mid-A breakthrough to

shorter working week was made earlier this year when IG Chemie won the progressive introduction of a 36-hour

Three plans to cure UK payments malady

EEC scientists concoct new budget formulae

IN THE early spring, the 12th floor of the European Commis-sion's headquarters in Brussels sion's headquarters in Brissess
echoed to a cry of "Eureka,"
heralding the discovery of
"modulated VAT." In London
and Copenhagen bureaucrats
celebrated the invention of
respectively the "safety net"
and the "convergence fund."

What should be the basis for All three formulae claim to be the cure for the malady which has soured Britain's rela-

tions with the Community for the past eight years. All aim to provide a more durable and less politically inflammatory means of cutting down Britain's net payments to the EEC budget than the agreement which has operated since 1980. All three operated since 1980. All three have now been cast into the negotiating pot from which EEC foreign and finance ministers hope to extract an acceptable brew to put before the Community heads of government summit in December.

The EEC's member states now acknowledge that a solu-tion to the British budget probmust be a key element in any Package of Agreements. Without such a solution, to-gether with some economies in farm spending, there is no chance of Mrs Thatcher, the British Prime Minister, agreeing to raise the ceiling on the Community's budget revenues, no matter hew close it may be to healt-matter.

formula the bureaucrats normula the ourseascrass were handicapped by the need to work backwards. To have some chance of being accepted the formula needed an element of intellectual respectability and hence they had to lean heavily upon relative Gross National Product figures and EEC

There are four basic questions which these formulae have to answer to provide the basis for a final deal. By how much sho

Britain's net payments to the EEC budget be reduced? Commission officials have estimated that the modulated VAT formula might reduce the UK's net payments — which were 2.038bn European Currency Units before adjustment last year-by between a third and a half. The British doubt and a fair. The British count this, however, and say the reduction in 1982 under this formula would have been around a quarter, or just under 500m ECU—compared with the 1,100 ECU rebate the UK has secured.

 What should be the basis for fixing Britain's payments?
Since 1980 the UK's net payments to the EEC have been reduced through political nego-tiation by about two thirds.

For eight years European Community relations have been soured by the dispute over British budget payments John Wyles in Brussels explains the three different plans and assesses whether they are likely to please

But the cuts have been arbitrary in the sense that no real criteria have been employed fix an appropriate

Mrs Thatcher

The principle behind modu-lated VAT is that Britain pays more to the EEC than she should because agriculture takes a huge slice of total Com-munity spending—between 65 per cent and 70 per cent. Britain pays around 20 per cent. of these farm costs but receives only around 11 per cent of

farm spending.
The Commission's approach seems to reduce the amount Britain has to pay to finance the Common Agricultural Policy by bringing its contribution more in line with the relative

wealth created by British agri-culture and the overall prosperity of the country.

The convergence fund draws its name from its alteged purpose of contributing to con-vergence in accountry developvergence in economic develop-ment in the Community, although it is solely directed at although it is solely directed at the UK budget problem. A confusing idea, it does not act directly on Britain's contribu-tions to Brussels but tries to reduce the budget borden through special payments like those of the past three years.

Denmark's convergence fund These would attempt to bring according to Copenhagen would the UK's share of budget spendmare yielded a net reduction in 1982 of around 600m ECU.

These would attempt to bring the UK's share of budget spendmore into line with the proportion of GNP the Community spends through its budget. through its budget.

The safety net takes a very firm stand on equity and ability to pay. All member states whose GDP is below the EEC average should, in principle, be guaranthe. teed to receive more from the budget than they pay in. This would take care of Portugal which otherwise will be a net contributor to Brussels. Those with above average wealth—the UK. Germany, France, the Senelux countries and Denmark should have precise limits put on their liability to the EEC

The limit would depend on how much wealthier than average the country is. The British have suggested that where any member state proved where any member state proven to be 40 per cent above average, then its net payments should not be greater than 0.3 to 0.4 per cent of GDP.

Should any budget changes be made to help West Ger-

Yes, says the Commission, whose plan would make a slight reduction in German payments. The UK plan offers a great deal to stabilise West German pay-ments, which are the largest in the EEC. The Danes, however, are strongly opposed to putting any cap on West German budget

payments.
Should there be any time limit on a budget deal?
Yes, say the Danes, who propose a five year life for the convergence fund. The Commission's modulated VAT would cease to apply once farm spending fell to 33 per cent of the total EEC budget while the British safety net would apply British safety net would apply

in perpetuity. in perpetuity.

In the early Ministerial discussions, most interest has been shown in the Danish plan because it is shortlived and relatively cheap. The UK rejects it for both reasons and also because it will continue the annual wranging with the annual wrangling with the European Parliament over special spending on the UK The final agreement, when-ever it is reached, could embody elements of all three.

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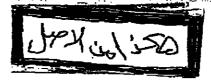
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Fall of French franc adds to pressure for tighter price curbs

BY DAVID HOUSEGO IN PARIS

again yesterday, putting fresh pressure on the Government to tighten price controls in order to hold down the inflation rate.

The franc slipped marginally posinst the D-Mark to touch a slippage in the target is bound to add to the pressure on the franc.

It will make it more difficult for the Government to prevent additional wage claims this year and to lower the level of settle.

slide began. It is still a good way from its pivot point of FFr 3.086 within the EMS, how-

The renewed weakening has been mainly due to the decline in the dollar which has in turn pushed up the D-Mark. It comes at a time when the concomes at a time when the confirmed August price figures
have shown that the government's 8 per cent inflation
target by the end of the year
target by the end of the year
additional measures. Prices
rose 0.6 per cent last month
implying an inflation rate of
A per cent ar over per cent or over

With the gap between statistics institute yesterday France's inflation rate and that shows that industrialists expect

against the D-Mark to touch a record low of FFr 3.038. It has record low of FFr 3.038. It has make it harder to reduce the D-Mark since September interest rates and hence the cost of servicing the Govern-ment's domestic debt.

For these reasons, the administration has been considering tightening price controls. One step in this direction was the recent decision to freeze until the end of the year the dollar/franc parity used to calculate petrol prices.

A survey of industrial opinion published by the official of its main trading partners production to continue to fall running at 4-5 per cent, any in the coming months.

New U.S. hope over talks on non-nuclear forces

BY BRIDGET BLOOM, DEFENCE CORRESPONDENT

Nato and Warsaw Pact conventional forces in Europe open again in Vienna today amid U.S. hopes of an improved dialogue between the two sides.

Mr Morton Abramowitz, There have also been major discrepancy on perifection. tional forces in Europe open again in Vienna today amid U.S. hopes of an improved dialogue between the two sides.

Mr Morton Abramowitz, leader of the U.S. delegation to the Mutual and Balanced Force Reduction (MBFR) talks, told the U.S. Congress earlier this week that formidable obstacles to an agreement in Vienna

However, he noted that shifts in the positions of both East and West at the talks over the last year had enlarged the areas of possible agreement. In particular there were now new opportunities for probing and for much improved distance. for much improved dialogue between the sides" on what verification measures should accompany future European

troop reductions.
The MBFR talks which opened in October 1973, involve 12 Nato and seven Warsaw Pact countries. Their aim is to reduce the numbers of nonnuclear forces in the Benelux countries and West Germany and in East Garman Translation and in East Garman Translation and in East Garmany and in East Garman Translation and in East Garman Translation and in East Garmany and in East Garman Translation and in East Garman Translat and in East Germany, Poland and Czechoslovakia.

THE 10-year-old talks to reduce over two key issues. While both

disagreements on verification. Mr Abramowitz told the Senate Foreign Relations Com-mittee that he saw little pro-gress on the data issues but considerably more flexibility from the East on verification, although the West remained uncertain whether the East was "willing to accept the kind of verification measures we con-

sider necessary." Mr Abramowitz said he thought there were irreconcilable differences in the approach of East and West to MBFR, although these need not pre-clude an agreement. "The West seeks to develop an agreement very strictly, attempting to regulate in every detail in order to reduce uncertainty.

- "The East on the other hand willing to go along with a degree of uncertainty and a lack of clarity which we find unaccept-

French union group backs nuclear disarmament

BY OUR PARIS STAFF

labour confederation has decided to back the European campaign for nuclear disarmament and oppose the deployment of U.S. missiles in Europe. But the large French union sought immediately to keep its

distances from the French Com-munist Party which together with the pro-Communist CGT labour confederation has been the only French political party to campaign actively against

FRANCE'S pro-Socialist CFDT among the labour rank and file labour confederation has as the champion of the peace

At the same time, the CFDT is anxious to ally itself to the European pacifist and French Christian movements to avoid the risk of being accused of endorsing the Communist inspired peace movement in

The deployment of U.S. misthis year in the event of the collapse of the current Geneva negotiations is a key issue dividing the French Socialists and the Communists, both partners in the current Left-wing French coalition Government. siles in Europe at the end of this year in the event of the col-

Unions challenge Spanish plan for steel cutbacks

UNIONS and management of the troubled state-owned integrated steel plant, Altos Hornos del Mediterraneo (AHM), yes-terday gave sharply divergent views at a Madrid meeting on the future of the plant which located at Sagunto, near

D

The Sagunto plant, which the Government has earmarked for closure, is seen as a test case for Spain's controversial indusfor Spain's controversial indus-trial reorganisation programme. About half of AHM's 4,000 labour force is shortly due to be redundant under the plans. The Communist-led Comi-siones Obreras Union, which is the dominant force at the plant, called for a Pta 16bn (\$70m)

investment to improve port facilities at Sagunto. This was a direct challenge to the Government's decision last July not to make any further major investments in the plant.
Industry Minister Sr Carlos Solchaga had earlier claimed that 1,100 jobs could be created in the Sagunto area by new industries by mid-1985. These industries are believed to involve a fertiliser plant and an automobile component

factory.

An AHM union leader, however, said that such alternative jobs were unacceptable and that new employment opportunities in the area should aim to ease existing unemployment.

'No vote' call by **Turkish** party

By Our Ankara Correspondent TURKEY'S main centreright party, the Correct Way, which is barred from entering November's general election, has urged followers not to vote for the three

parties allowed to run.
All three had served the present Turkish Government, it said, and "should take responsibility for making life intolerable" for ordinary

Turks. The party said it had been deprived of its constitutional and legal right to enter the election but blamed the electeral council rather than the ruling generals.

"The CWP believes that the grave problems facing Turkey can only be solved by the appearance of a Turkish grand national (sembly elected on free and equal terms in the contest between political parties which are the indispensable elements of democracy," it said in a statement from party head-

affront to President Kenan Evren as even the merest hint of criticism of the Government is prohibited. The party leader, Mr Yildirim Avel, appears to have chosen his words adroitly, however, avoiding even an indirect allusion to the military's role.

By Andriana lerodiaconou în

Athens and Ankara.

socialists nave refused to participate in exercises excluding Limnos.

Greece, meanwhile, has again refused to allow U.S.

eouvres in West Germany last week, AP reports.

Sindona bank

By James Buxton in Rome

yesterday of those accused over the crash in 1974 of Michele Sindona's Italian bank. Sindona, however, is not being tried as he is serv-

The 25 men are accused of fraud in connection with the bankruptcy of Banca Privata Italiana. Fourteen were in court yesterday, others are on the run.

Lisbon readies public sector law

BY DIANA SMITH IN LISBON

THE PORTUGUESE Government has begun work on the law which will reopen banking, insurance, and cement and fertiliser manufacturing to private capital.

The Socialist-Social Democrat coalition is determined to reduce the public sector created

comprehensive banking law to the Finance Minister. This law, only about half have declared which will replace 25-year-old legislation, will establish the establish full operations. basic rules for nationalised and private banks, including their minimum capital requirements.
Details are not yet clear but the
minimum capital provision

There are signs that the degree to which foreign banks have participated in losus to Portugal will weigh on the auth-orities' decision to authorise a handful of new foreign banks. reduce the public sector created by the nationalisations of the 1978 revolution, and plans to have the law on the statute book by the end of November.

The hank of Portugal, meanwhile, has sent its drait of a minimum capital provision orities' decision to authoric handful of new foreign by the will join the long-stant operations of the Bank of long-stant operations of the Bank of long-stant operations. More than 20 international banks have represented by the revolution. These will join the long-standing operations of the Bank of London and South America, Credit Franco-Portugais and the Banco of Persil which were un-

UK recovery holds lessons for world, says Lawson

they are wrong on all counts."

Mr Lawson told the assembled

representatives of 146 nations that he was confident the British recov-

ery would change gear after the in-

itial acceleration provided by con-sumer spending and stock changes

capital investment. This should be

helped by the "very substantial in-

crease" in company profits last

He added: "As for the critics' con-

cern that UK inflation would rise

with economic recovery, the fact is that there is no sign so far of re-

emerging inflationary pressure,

into a second phase of increas

BY MAX WILKINSON, ECONOMICS CORRESPONDENT, IN WASHINGTON

policies to bring inflation down

Mr Lawson said: "The long up-

ward trend of rising inflation rates

He added: "Some observers in the

the UK can now be seen to have

started in the immediate wake of

financing should reflect the progress that Mexico has made

ability to repay \$560m in private sector interest arrears

year as evidence of the coun-

try's improved position.
"If any demonstration is needed of the success of the

be paid this week, and the balance before December 15.

Previously they had been expected to be rolled up into

a new loan for the Mexican

from one cycle to another has been

around 5 per cent.

MR NIGEL LAWSON, the UK And unemployment, although still Chancellor of the Exchequer, yes-terday told the world's financial off, Mr Lawson claimed. leaders that Britain was experien-This growth had been achieved, cing an economic recovery, the inspite of the fact that world trade strength of which had confounded had been depressed and Britain critics of the conservative Govern-needed a four-year period of tight ment's strategy.

He told the annual meeting of the from around 15 per cent in the International Monetary Fund (IMF) 1970s to the present annual rate of in Washington that the lessons of the British achievement should be noted worldwide.

It showed that "powerful forces" anleashed by lower inflation, lower decisively broken." interest rates and lower labour costs could regenerate activity with- UK used to argue that such a recovout the need for government stimu-lus. ery was impossible without govern-ment stimulus. So far from that be-

Britain's economy has been grow- ing the case, economic recovery in ing at an annual rate of 2½ to 3 per cent, since the bottom of the receson in the first half of 1981. my predecessor's courageously "This compares favourably with tough budget of 1981." sion in the first half of 1981.

1984. The talks come amid specu-

annual meeting in Washington that the rapid turn-round in

that the rapid intri-round in the country's financial position since last year's acute payments crisis could lead to an improvement in the terms it will receive from the banks.

Last winter Mexico raised a

Mr William Rhodes, the Citi-

ment on the likely margins but Government.

bank senior vice-president who heads the banks' negotiating

committee, declined to com-

over U.S. prime.

lation among Bankers at the during the past year," he said.

International Monetary Fund Mr Rhodes cited Mexico's

Last winter Mexico raised a Mexican programme, the ability \$5bn loan over 6 years with a margin of 2½ per cent over Eurodollar rates or 2½ per cent Half of the arrears are to

Mexico starts talks on new loan for next year BY PETER MONTAGNON IN WASHINGTON MEXICO today begins talks did hint that there could be with its commercial bank some reduction.

creditors on a new loan of between \$3.5bn and \$4bn to satisfy its financing needs for year's Mexican Government \$2.500 today begins talks did hint that there could be with its commercial bank some reduction.

"I believe that the spreads between \$3.5bn and \$4bn to satisfy its financing needs for year's Mexican Government \$2.500 today begins talks did hint that there could be with its commercial bank some reduction.

"I believe that the spreads finally agreed upon for next satisfy its financing needs for year's Mexican Government satisfy its financing needs for year's meaning the satisfy its financing needs for year's meaning need

This looks like a calculated

Greece pulls out of Nato manoeuvres

GREECE yesterday pulled out of a big Nato naval and air exercise in the eastern Mediterranean, accusing the alliance of giving way to thrish pressures to exclude the Greek Aegean island of Limnos from the exercise plan. The island is midway between the Greek and Turkish coasts and its militarised status is a matter of bitter controversy between

The part of the exercise involving Limnos was called off this week apparently after Greece claimed a diplomatic victory over Turkey. Since coming to power the Greek Socialists have refused to postlaints have refused to

bases in the country to relay military supplies to Lebanon. A U.S. warship has been demunition for delivery to Beirut from the Souda base Bonns yesterday criticised the U.S. army for rehhearsing mass burials of battlefield casualties during Nato man-

trial opens

THE TRIAL began in Milan ing a jail sentence in the U.S.

Sindona himself is serving 25 years in connection with the collapse of his U.S. bank, Franklin National. The Italian Ministry of Justice is preparing a new extradi-tion treaty with the U.S. allowing people in jail there to come to Italy temporarily to stand trial, but it is not ready.

Drugs safety call

THE Council of Europe parliamentary assembly urged its 21 member nations yesterday to impose better safety standards on pharma-ceutical products exported to the Third World, AP reports from Strasbourg. Its recom-mendation was based on a report citing numerous instances in which drugs have been sold to developing countries without the warning labels required for the domestic market.

Argentina set to draw on credit

By Peter Montagnon in

ARGENTINA'S Central Bank governor, Sr Julio Gonzales del Solar, has asked the country's bank creditors for a first drawing on October 4 of \$500m (£333m) on Argen-tino's recently arranged tina's recently arranged \$1.5bn credit.

Bankers attending the International Monetary Fund meeting in Washington say that Argentina has fulfilled all the conditions needed for the drawdown except for the final elimination of some interest arrears on its foreign

The drawing on the \$1.5bn redit should be followed on October 17 by a repayment to the banks of \$300m owed on the \$1.1bn bridging loan

covery is not sustainable; that it is government stimulus had in the industry, giving a free rein to marunbalanced, and that inflation is past generated inflationary pres-bound to rise again ... I believe sure because it had been applied on were already powerful.

At a press conference before his address, Mr Lawson said he had found an "astonishingly broad measure of agreement" about economic policy among the Ministers and central bankers attending the meet-

He identified six main conclusions from the UK experience: ■ Tight strategies work and do not stifle growth;

Perseverence is needed;

even though the recovery has alattempted; ready been under way for two • Firm financial strategies help countries to withstand internation-The international lesson which

al shocks: Recovery is helped by liberalising Mr Lawson pointed up was that

arranged for Argentina by its

commercial bank creditors

These payments should not

be affected by a court decision in Argentina earlier this week criticising the recent signing of a \$220m rescheduling

agreement for the state air-lines, Aerolineas Argentinas.

efforts should now be made to find ways of lengthening debt maturi-ties in future years. This was needed to avoid a report of recent

could be politically acceptable.

ket forces, and

rescheduling problems in a few years time when a "very consider-able hump" of debt is due to ma-

• The last UK general election re-

sult showed that tough policies, if clearly explained and understood,

On the future management of the

world debt crisis. Mr Lawson said

In addition, he said poorer coun-A harmonious balance between fiscal and monetary policy must be for attracting more long-term capital from private sources in place of short-term debt.

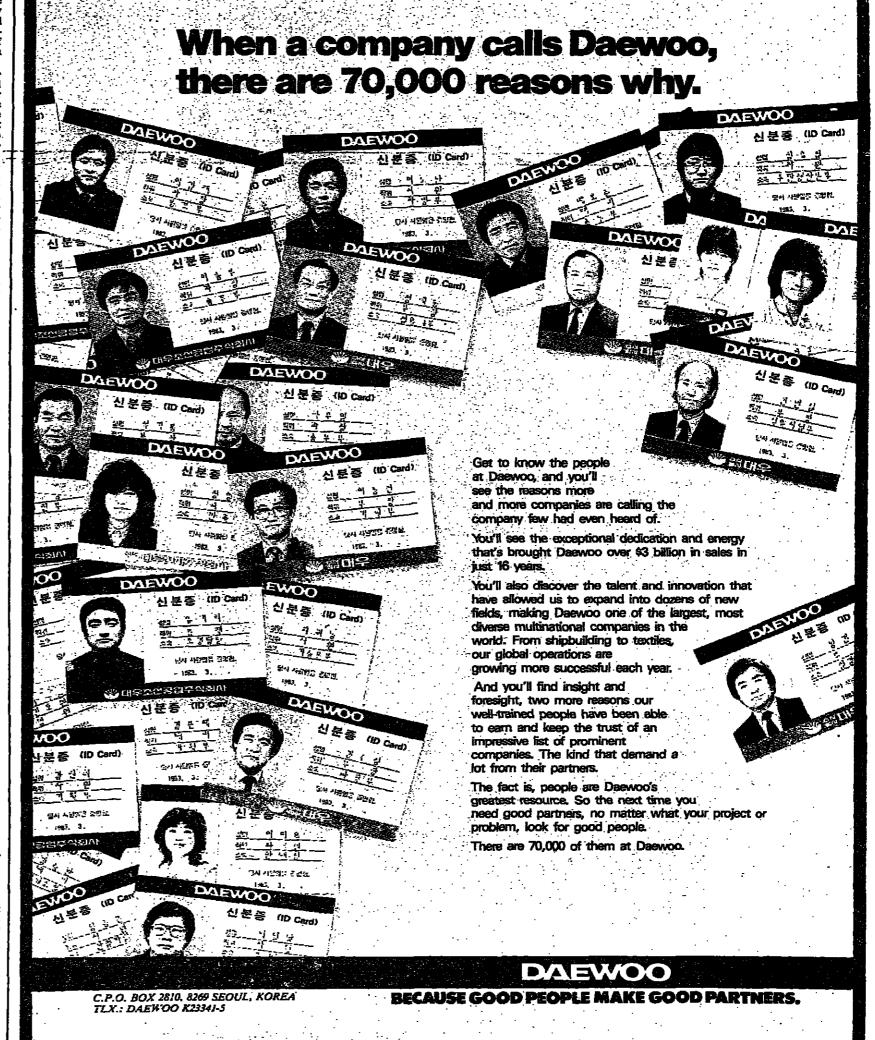
He also suggested that more emphasis would need to be placed on the contribution of the World Bank.



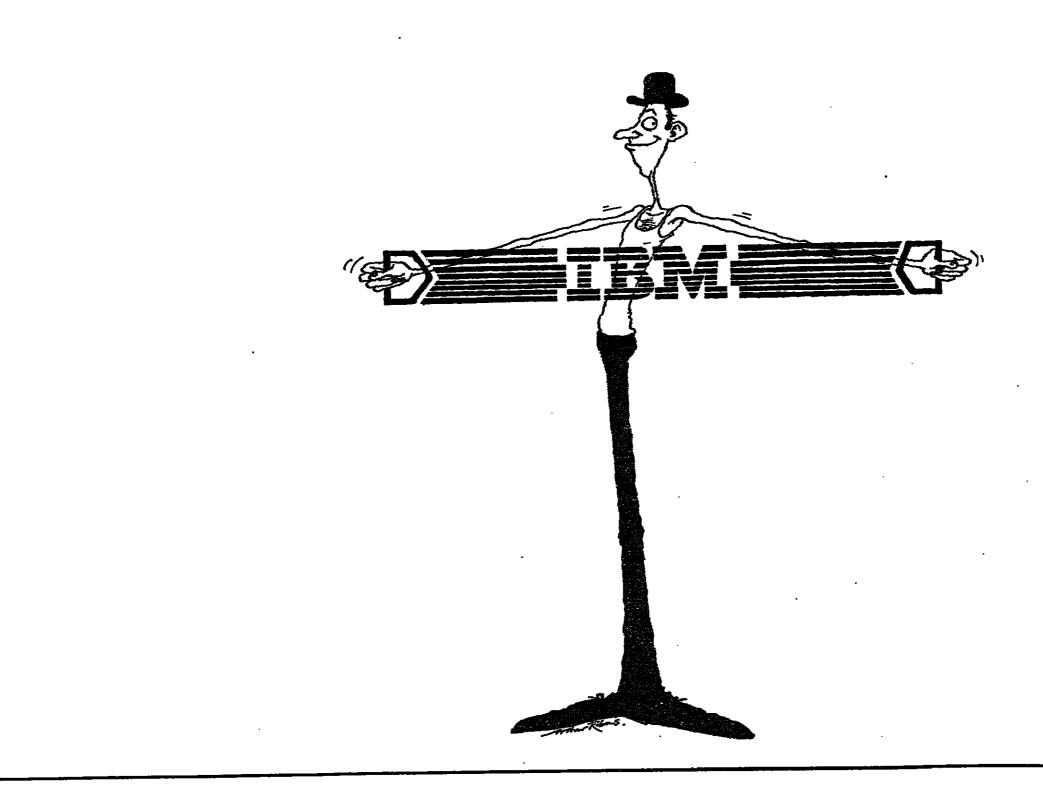
By Max Wilkinson in Washington

Mexico's Finance Miinster Sr Jesus Silva Herzog, yesterday told the International Monetary Fund's annual meeting in Wash-American countries about the resistance of some industrial countries to providing enough money for the Fund.

"We are in a new stage in international financial relations. In the past months we gained time. We have overcome acute liquidity crises, and the poli-cies adopted by the inter-national financial community have been essentially defensive lem would countinue for some time and said it was necessary for all parties to share the responsibility of learning to live



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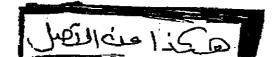
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Economy tops Thatcher-Reagan talks agenda

EAST-WEST relations and the world economy are likely to be at the top of the agenda when Mrs Margaret Thatcher meets President Ronald Reagan for funch at the White House today. Mrs Thatcher was due to arrive in Washington yesterday for a crowded three days of talks with U.S. Government officials.

Mrs Thatcher's recent elec-

Mrs Thatcher's recent elec-tion success, and the rapport she has already established with Mr Reagan has assured her of an enthusiastic welcome from an Administration which draws comfort from the fact that its own tough stance against the Soviet Union is broadly mirrored

In the meeting with President Reagan, but also in the discus-Reserve chairman, and Senate leaders, Mrs Thatcher is expected to raise a number of contentious issues, especially in the economic sphere.

week to defuse the "unitary point. ' issue — under which taxes, levied by some 13 states, are collected from some foreign

on U.S. television last Sunday, are collected from some foreign

Mrs Thatcher left no doubt that multinationals on earnings they make outside the U.S. — will probably not spare him from Mr Reagan, for his particular handless of the probably makes and the pr some stern words on the topic. The issue, while apparently dear to Mrs Thatcher's heart, did not take up much of the President's bedtime reading schedule until the Prime Minis-ter's imminent arrival loomed

up of a working party to study British and European leaders see the question in part as adopted to financing the IMF another example of the extra- and the World Bank. territoriality of some U.S. laws

on the horizon. Last Friday Mr

Reagan announced the setting-



equipment to the Soviet Linion.

The role of the gaping U.S. budget deficit in forcing up U.S. and world interest rates is also President Reagan's efforts last likely to prove a contentious

In a curtain-raising interview she differs sharply from the

Mr Reagan, for his part, has publically backed Mr Donald Regan, Treasury Secretary, who has been maintaining that the

deficit is not currently linked directly with the level of U.S. interest rates.

British officials have also been making it clear during the past few days at the Inter-national Monetary Fund's annual meeting that they do not entirely share the tight-fisted approach which the U.S. has

Mr Reagan's strong support which have long soured relation- for the DAF on Tuesday will ships from time to time, notably have eased some fears.

Venezuela raises oil prices

VENEZUELA has raised the price of its heavy crudes by 69 moderately heavy, to 10.0, or cents to \$21.25 a barrel, officials of the company's office in New York said yesterday, Reuter reports. The price changes will take effect from October 2.

The price changes effect oils raised \$1.25 to \$21.15 a barrel.

Costs row threatens AT&T break-up

By Paul Taylor in New York

THE PLANNED break-up of THE PLANNED break-up or American Telephone and Telegraph's (AT & T) Bell telephone operating companies appears set to become embroiled in a major congressional controversy over the question of local telephone charges.

Explier this week a Senate

Earlier this week a Senate committee tentatively approved legislation which would delay a plan approved by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) and supported by AT & T, to impose telephone "access fees" on residential and busi-

of a process to end the subsi-isation of local telephone calls by long-distance charges. The fee would be paid to local telephone companies to cover the cost of providing access to long distance telephone lines. Under the FCC plan, local residential telephone tomers would face a \$2 a months. Business customers

would begin by paying \$6 a

month. plan—a key part of the AT & T divestiture scheme which T divestiture scheme which will separate AT & T from it 22 local Bell telephone operating companies on January 1—is fiercely opposed by a powerful lobby comprising consumer groups, local authority representatives and others who fear that the others who fear that the imposition of the access charge will make telephones

too expensive for millions of people in rural America. The Senate committee, responding to these concerns, provisionally supported the drafting of a Bill which would impose a two-year mora-torium on the introduction of

ss charges. A separate House com-mittee was expected yesterday to begin drafting a separate

However, any delay in approving the access charge scheme could have serious nces for AT & T and the divestiture. AT & T, which rejects accusations that the scheme would make telephones too

expensive for the nation's poor, considers that some of the Bills now before Congress upset the very basis on which the divestiture plan Economic medicine is hard to swallow, reports Andrew Whitley in Rio de Janeiro

Brazilians fear cure is worse than disease

flected throughout society. Marcos, a waiter at a popular downtown restaurant in Rio de Janeiro, says: "We are pre-pared to make sacrifices, but I don't understand where they are going to lead."

Brazil's debt crisis has coincided with a bewildering lack of leadership from its withdrawn and isolated isolated President, General Joso Figueiredo. Brazilians are willing to make allowances for the fact that he is recovering from a second major heart operation, but the contrast between the frequently irritated, uncom-municative man of today and the backslapping populist of the election hustings a year ago is

Gen Figueiredo still sticks by Sr Antonio Delfim Netto, his all powerful Planning Minister, widely regarded as an unneces-sarily severe crisis. Neither Gen Figueiredo nor Sr Delfim Netto are offering any fresh hope to dissipate the gloom Black humour abounds as

Brazil's belt-tightening is felt across the board. A few months ago when the BNH, the state housing bank, announced a 130 per cent increase in monthly payments, it was promptly labelled "Brazil's neutron bomb"—it killed people while

lives, people of my generation attacks on suburban supercannot see the way forward. We have lost our sense of progress and development," commented a senior official in the Brazilian Foreign Ministry.

This sort of uncertainty is reflected throughout speight of the prospect of starving, armed flected throughout speight. mobs descending from the shanty town "favelas" perched on the hills above the city's chic areas on to their unprotected

> The April riots in São Paulo by unemployed industrial workers died away as quickly as they had started and so did the disturbances in this city. But last week's attack by 500 women on a food co-operative in San Miguel in north-eastern Brazil and the continued lootings have not helped settle fears. The unrest might be the tip of an iceberg which will gradually show itself as the IMF medicine is forced down over the coming months, many people feel.

It is this uncertainty which makes the Government and the industrial barons so uneasy. In the past the Brazilian social but the latter, considered a fabric has been able to take the miracle worker a decade ago is strain of temporary recessions now blamed personally for or natural disasters, but in having led Brazil into what is today's climate of participation by all classes, not just the landed and urban elite, popular reactions are much more diffi-cult to predict.

Nor can they be controlled easily without resorting to the repression which the military-led Government says it has left behind. President Figueiredo had personally resisted any real



Delfim . . . blamed for crisis

they were to withdraw to the

When the crunch came in the IMF negotiations in July, the President felt it necessary to convene an unusual meeting of the National Security Council, packed with his top generals, to approve the wage limitation legislation which would break the deadlock with the Fund. The controversial salary pro-

posal, Decree law 2045, has become the main target of criticism for an unprecedented and unlikely seeming coalition of interests.

angustralists feel it will depress demand by mosts:

The programme was well received, but the PMDB, a broad church coalition of discounting the programme was well received, but the PMDB, a broad church coalition of discounting the programme was well received, but the PMDB, a broad church coalition of discounting the programme was well received. saving in their costs: econo-church coalition of disparate, Gen Figueiredo has been going mists argue that it is both often conflicting, opinions, has strong since March. No clearreduction in salary levels—as socially unfair and largely symthe IMF demanded for seven bolic in the fight against inflamonths — believing it would tion; while trade unionists are
jeopardise the relative tranquility he and the rest of the demanded for seven bolic in the fight against inflaimagination over the economic and the unresolved issue is becoming an increasing prepresident demanded for seven bolic in the fight against inflaimagination over the economic and the unresolved issue is becoming an increasing prepresident demanded for seven bolic in the fight against inflaimagination over the public's cut candidate has yet emerged
and the unresolved issue is becoming an increasing prepresident demanded for seven bolic in the fight against inflaimagination over the public's
and the unresolved issue is becoming an increasing prepresident demanded for seven bolic in the fight against inflaimagination over the public's
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and the unresolved issue is becoming an increasing prepresident demanded for seven bolic in the fight against inflaimagination over the public's
and the unresolved issue and the unresolved issue is becoming an increasing prepresident demanded for seven bolic in the fight against inflaimagination over the public

independence of the Figueiredo is currently not a serious threat Government. But while it may to production. The disappointbe slowly recovering its lost ing outcom-prestige, the executive still countrywide holds all the cards.

On paper the combined

On paper the combined opposition parties have a small of mass lay-offs, organised majority in the Chamber of Deputies, but in practice most Congressmen, from both houses, Deputies are the ballow layer.

The only consolation for the are opposed to the salary law and unconvinced on the wider issue of the IMF austerity pro-

Last month the Partido do military regarded as essential if Movimento Democratico Brasiliero, the main opposition party, presented its alternative way out of what is increasingly seen as both an economic and a political crisis.

Masterminded by Two promi-nent Left-wing intellectuals, Sr Fernando Henrique Cardoso and Sr Celso Furtado, the PMDB's programme calls for direct Presidential elections in a year's time, the holding of a constituent assembly to clean up Brazil's heavily amended constitution, a total break with the

judging by the present mood of Government and opposition politicians.

Emasculated by nearly two decades of military rule, the Congress elected at last November's general elections has shown a surprising degree of independence of the Figueiredo Government. But while it may ing outcome of the planned countrywide "day of action" against the IMF in July was

> The only consolation for the opposition parties is that the officially-backed Partido Demoeratico Social is itself in a sorry state, with a large minority in revolt against the party being constantly treated as the poodle of the President. "President Figueiredo is an authoritarian in a democrat's clothes," one well-attuned. Western diplomat observed. clothes." The 65-year-old general dislikes politicians and politicking. But

he has been forced to enter the fray, to try to hold the Government party together behind the DMF programme, and to unite it behind a single candidate to succeed him as President in Although the electoral college which will decide his successo

will not meet for another 16 months, the race to succeed Gen Figueiredo has been going

UN clash dashes hope of early end to Falklands dispute

Argentina exchanged a volley of angry words during the open-ing session of the United Nations General Assembly.

In a wide ranging policy speech yesterday, Sir Geoffrey Howe, the British Foreign Secretary, vigorously defended He said he was only interested Britain's recovery of the islands last year and said that the rights of self-defence, self-determination and constitutional development had been under the two confirms under the two confirms and constitutional development had been under the two confirms and constitutional development had been under the two confirms and constitutional development had been under the two confirms and constitutional development had been under the fall and t tional development had been upheld in line with the UN

He added that in spite of

Buenos Aires "had not been encouraging.'

HOPES OF an early settlement Britain's wish to establish "a helpful contribution to the ture" of militarisation in the motion calling on both sides to of the Falklands dispute remore normal relationship with debate (on the future of the South Atlantic by developing an ceded this week as Britain and Argentina," the response from islands)... by making a lot of air base on the islands and bellicose statements."

Press conference that Britain was not prepared to discuss the transfer of sovereignty over the islands.

Gay, Sr Juan Ramon Agentic threat.

Lanari, the Argentine Foreign threat.

"We have to infer that the true purpose of the UK, a nuclear power and member of nuclear power and member of the matter than the true purpose of the UK.

normalising the links between the two countries.

Sir Geoffrey accused the Argentine authorities of "mak
Sir Geoffrey accused Europe, accused Britain of em
Sir Geoffrey accused the Argentine authorities of "mak
Sir Geoffrey accused Britain of em
Sir Geoffrey accused the Third World and Eastern scheduled to take place at the into the basic wage rate during the incorporation of two speeches as the prelude to a once-only 800 peac (£20) the debate on the Falklands advance on year-end bonuses scheduled to take place at the into the basic wage rate during the incorporation of two speeches as the prelude to a once-only 800 peac (£20) the debate on the Falklands advance on year-end bonuses scheduled to take place at the into the basic wage rate during the incorporation of two speeches as the prelude to a once-only 800 peac (£20) the two countries. ing a very depressing and un-barking on a "dangerous adven-

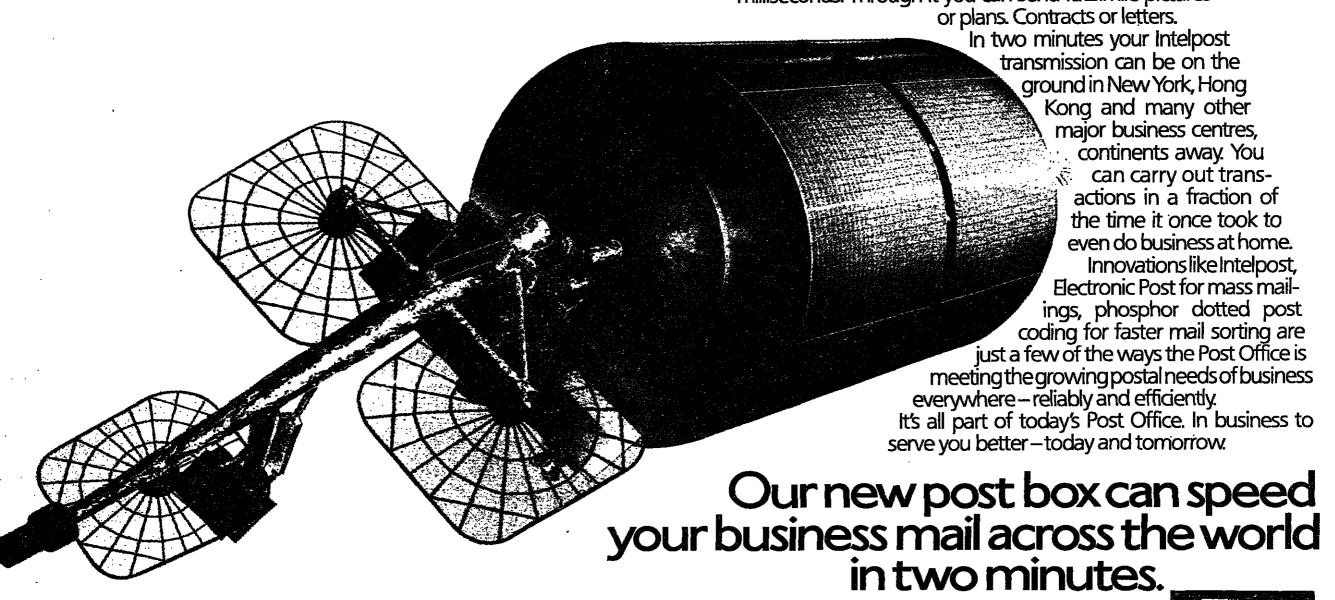
maintaining an exclusion zone encouraging."

In a major speech on Mon-which, he said, was "dispropor-Earlier Sir Geoffrey said at a day, Sr Juan Ramon Aguirre tionate" to the Argentine

resume negotiations on sover-eignty under the auspices of the

UN general secretary. Peter Bains in Beunos Aires writes: the two wings of the Argentine General Confederation of Labour (CGT) have agreed to call a 24-hour general strike, after the Government

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LONG-TERM RESEARCH PLANS TO BE DISCUSSED IN NOVEMBER

Wool research seeks closer knit with industry Britain's lukewarm

BY ANTHONY MORETON, TEXTILES CORRESPONDENT

A SPECIAL meeting of the International Wool Secretariat's top research directors is to be held in Melbourne in November to discuss the route they should take over the next five years.

They will have before them a document called the Strategy Plan for Global Research and Development for Wool, which has evolved from discussions over the past two years. The document suggests, and it is likely to be accepted, that if the IWS is to meet the chal-lenges of the next decade, its Technical Centre at Ilkley, the front-line interface with indus-try, must make a radical shift in malica and strengthen its links with industry.

Interests

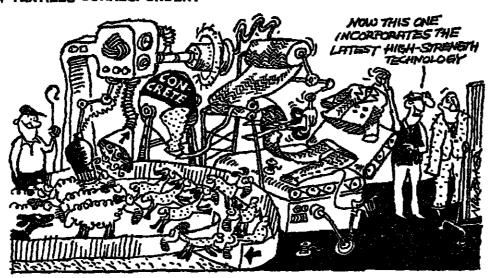
The TWS was set up in 1937 to further the interests of the woollen farmers in Australia, New Zealand and South Africa (Uruguay joined later). Each has traditionally had its own research centre or centres— Australia, by far the world's largest wool producer, has three but the founder members also cstablished a central Technical Centre in 1968 at likley, outside Bradford, traditional home of the world's wool users.

Ilkley has always concentrated heavily on process-based developments, that is work with a high scientific content and based on fundamental research and development. One of its first investigations concerned shrinkresistance and su-sequent work has been done on scouring and effluent treatment, dyeing, printing and bleaching and on the refinement of Sirospun, a process developed in Australia to improve spinning.

Product and technological developments were not ignored developments were not ignored and in fact grew to the point where they accounted for the larger share of Ilkley's resources. But there was a certain amount of overlap between the work at Ilkley and research centres in Australia, New Zealand and South Africa were at one time simultaneously working on seouring processes working on scouring processes —and a feeling arose that the centres were getting rather too far from industry and its needs.

The November meeting, and the global plan, is all about reversing this trend. Resources are to be switched increasingly

In a sense, this is taking developing new clothes such as into product and technical likely back to its basics. It was thermal underwear, carpet work, and away from process set up to be a link with industry yarns and home taxtiles. It will studies. Such a change of but Mr Graham admits that also exploit new technologies



emphasis will have enormous over the years it has rather such as flame-resistant cloth implications, not least because meandered into pure develop- (for aircraft seats, for example) likely is full of highly-trained ments.

Some intimation of the way Ikley ought to go might have been gleaned two years ago when Mr Ian Graham took over as director of research, a title which hides his role as head of the 260-strong organisation.

Previous heads of Ilkley had all been scientists. Mr Graham, a Borders Scot from Hawick, is a textile technologist rather than a scientist.

"The global plan," he says, "looks at what we should be doing over the next five years. Its core is that we should be going to our branches (IWS has branches in over 30 countries), to industry and to the marketing people to see what their requirements are.

Hard push

"We have in the past pushed very hard at the spinning and machinery level and while this undoubtedly helps sell wool in due course we now think we should be much more closely involved with the market's needs for wool as a fibre.

"IWS is now marketing wool as a fibre, showing what it can do, in a campaign called Cool Wool and to link with this we must show how you can sell the fibre, not the machinery."

For a closer look at the world of Alfa-Laval, please write to:

Public Affairs Group Staff, Alfa-Laval AB, PO Box 500, S-147 00 Tumba, Sweden.

" We feel now that likley has the same chance to provide a service to industry, its original intention, without being too encumbered with new processes. We are going to be much more concerned with what can be done with wool"

Two years ago process

"The global plan postulates that the whole research and development undertaking must be co-ordinated "

and develops sation, the Wool Research Organisation of New Zealand and the South African Wool and Textile Research Institute.

about 20 per cent of likley's resources, with another 20 per cent going towards product development and 40 per cent towards technology transfer. This year, process development will get about 13 per cent of the resources and if the global plan is accepted it will be down to 7 per cent in 1988.

This major shift will take Ilkley increasingly into areas such as methods of producing fancy yarns, developing apparel fabrics, embellishing knitwear,

up a team, which might have members from several labora-

consuming element and then set

factor in the thinking behind the global plan, though it is a factor which has had to be taken into account. "Financial strin-gency is not really the driving force. The sponsors have always been keen on R and D and will ing to support our work in the knowledge that it would help sell more of their wool and the money we have is adequate for

Even so, financial stringene even so, manual surgency has played a pant. The IWS is carefully watching the pennies following the New Zeakand decision, the second most important paymaster, to cut its contribution to IWS. contribution to IWS,

Research activities are allocated a budget of about A\$20m, of which likley receives about A\$7m (around \$4.1m), and Geelong the next major share. But that A\$20m is not likely to rise and so in real terms there must be fewer resources available as inflation takes its

the switch has been a big change in consumer demand over the past decade. The standard wool clothes, men's suits and women's coats, can no longer be taken for granted as everyday nurchases.

Co-ordinate

In a word, the buyer of the finished item will become much

more important than its

Mr Graham admits that this

switch could not have been set in train at a more difficult time.

In the depth of the recession industry is highly unwilling to

commit itself, or to think, five

eliminate unnecessary overlap

"The global plan postulates that the whole research and de-

velopment undertaking must be co-ordinated and that likley can

can take over.

The switch at Ilkley will not

Men are increasingly wearing casual clothes even on relatively formal occasions, and women are into separates and, they are increasingly wearing them made from other fibres. There is They will pick up the process-development work previously undertaken at likley and they will also attempt to specialise rather more in order to pressure on wool as a fibre despite its acceptability and its share of the fibre market is likely to decline.

likley therefore has to undertake work that will prepare it, and wool, for the '90s and the next century.

"We shall continue to keep a finger in the process pie," Mr Graham says, "but we want industry to know we are acutely get out of some areas in the knowledge that the other three conscious of their needs.

"We want people to get away "What we shall then do is agree with the branches what is necessary, decide which laboratory should take on the them to see initial study, a very time-hard technological study." from looking at us as a bunch of pure scientists. We want them to see us as a bunch of

INDUSTRY IN SPACE

response to Shuttle

BY GEOFFREY CHARLISH

THE ABSENCE of gravity. which results in the disappearance of such normally accepted phenomena as hydrostatic result in enhanced production processes which many scientists and engineers are not aware of at the moment.

A Nasa/McDonnell Douglas/ British Aerospace team was in London recently, complete with astronaut Dr Sally Rider, to drum up some interest in the idea. According to Peter Con-chie, Director of Business Development at British Aero-space, very few British companies have taken any notice, the general feeling being that cost simply rules it out. However, although it can cost

some \$35m to use Shuttle exclusively, fixed cannisters of 5 cubic feet volume can be flown for \$10,000 and some 300 of these "Getaway Specials" are already planned.
One of the first larger scale

projects to achieve satisfactory results has been the McDonnell Douglas/Johnson and Johnson experiment in which an undis losed hormone is being made by electrophoresis, a process in which substances can be substances can be separated by applying an electric field.

proved on the ground in 1981. Shuttle flights four and six pressure, buoyancy and convector carried the apparatus and it was tion—or of air pressure, and shown that the process could all that that entails—might produce over 460 times as much result in enhanced production material as it could on earth. Now the trials are moving on

This work has been going on

since 1977 and the process was

Now the trials are moving on through animal tests and on to clinical tests of the material produced aloft; full scale production is planned for 1987. Ultimately, the aim is to transfer the production to a fixed space station and it is believed that some 15 new products could be added in the next 10 years. Commercial quantities would clearly be needed to achieve market penetration of any new market penetration of any new

In fact, it is possible that Fairchild Industries will be first Fairchild Industries will be first off the mark. In the last few days it has announced its intention to put a \$200m satellite into orbit from the Shuttle in 1987 which "could provide the first factories in space for pharmaceutical and high technology manufacturers." manufacturers."

The idea is to use the Shuttle at six month intervals to bring back the products made in the automated production unit on the satellite.

and government, so the craft's name has been aptly chosen-Leasecraft.

OVERSEAS

MOVING BY MICHAEL

GERSON

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Some industriai scientists resent at the London meeting felt that all the benefits would go to those first in the field, who would have exclusivity. However, in its case, McDonneil Douglas pointed out that only the specific substance is confidential to Johnson and Johnson. Similar apparatus could be used by others since it has been developed with McDonneil Douglas private

So in the U.S. at any rate, there appears to be growing interest. Over here, British Aerospace believes that UK industry should be looking at what might be marketable products in five years' time

Both aerospace companies are looking at other phenomena such as the effects on basic atomic and molecular structure, internal structure at the micro mix, and external structure (body and surface geometry).

Areas with some commercial promise include the production of "beta cells" for example, which can be injected and will produce insulin inside the body. Fairchild expects a big leas- and the production of alloys of ing demand from both industry otherwise immiscible materials.

LOW COST INSECTICIDE IS ECOLOGY CONSCIOUS Saving the honey bees

BY CARLA RAPOPORT

THE PLIGHT of the honey bee further," says Mr Neville Craig, has excercised the scientific project co-ordinator for the new minds at one of the world's leading manufacturers of insections as Fastac when it reaches cides. Shell Chemical this week European markets early next launches a new insecticide which it claims kills only nasty bugs and doesn't cost more than the ones which send honey bees

to early graves. The new insecticide, with the chemical name alphamethrin, is a descendant of the successful synthetic pyrethroid family of insecticides. These account for the bulk of Europe's \$600m a year insecticide market.

"To maintain our lead in the extremely competitive insecti-cides market—where in some countries spraying costs per hec-tare have been halved in real terms over the last five years—

year. Mr Craig says that Fastac has the two most desirable qualities for an insecticide—high chemical activity and an ability to kill the broadest range of pests. It is better, he says, because it also causes minimal effects on the environ-

physical properties which make Fastac less volatile than other

The list of pests which Fastac does kill includes the usual criminals such as stalk borers, bollworms, weevils and beetles, Shell says Fastac kills these pests at a 20 to 100 times lower dose rate than widely-used com-modity agrochemicals. As a result, its cost is comparable with methyl parathon, which is a bee-killer.

Not a company known for its bravado, Shell is already claiming that Fastac is the "best film on ecological tests to back tup its claims. While Fastac is to toxic to fish, bees and other animals in laboratory tests, its effects in the field are insignificant. This is because of the very low dose rates required and the unusually stable to bees should be heeded.

How to drive a car on sugarcane.



Take ordinary baker's yeast, add it to extracted sugar juice, and leave it to ferment. The result is ethyl alcohol. The residue fibre, left after sugar extraction, is used to raise energy for the entire process.

100 years ago Henry Ford designed his first car to run on ethyl alcohol. However, since gasoline was cheap and easy to produce, alcohol was "forgotten" as an automobile fuel.

Alfa-Laval, leaders in biotechnology, have found a new way to produce ethyl alcohol. Known as Biostil, it is a closed process -

energy saving and easy on the environment. It's being put to work in Brazil, a country which has quickly established itself as the world's leading producer of "green gas" -

automobile fuel made from agricultural products. In fact, by 1985 Brazil will have a million cars running on green gas - produced primarily from the country's gigantic sugarcane

Crucial to this programme are Alfa-Laval's yeast separators and heat exchangers. And not just in Brazil, but in plants throughout the world where ethyl alcohol is being produced.

Green gas is an environmentally acceptable substitute for oil: today, a decade after the onset of the oil crisis, cars in the United States are beginning to run on "gasohol" - nine parts gasoline and one

Devising a way to drive a car on sugarcane is typical of our innovative way of solving problems: all over the world we are finding

The Growing World of Alfa-Laval Alfa-Laval employs 18,000 people in 35 countries and its annual turnover of USS1,100 million (a 13% increase over 1981) represents 10 consecutive years of growth. 87% of this turnover was derived from sales outside Sweden. Over the past five years, dividend growth rate has averaged 11.1%. Today Alfa-Laval's products and processes are solving problems in 125 countries and in over 170 industries - from energy production, environmental control and food processing to resource recovery, agriculture and chemical

new applications for well-proven Alfa-Laval product lines. Ultimately, our aim is this: to

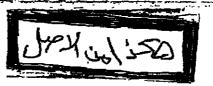
find environmentally safe and cost effective ways of supplying the world's food and energy needs. This, we feel, is potentially the world's next major growth area.

In other words, we are creating new markets from great

O ALFA-LAVAL

1983 1983 1983 1983 1983 1983 1983 1983

Creating new markets from great ideas.



WORLD TRADE NEWS

U.S. body attacks unitary tax

THE AMERICAN Chamber of Commerce has thrown its weight behind foreign governments pressing for an end to unitary

tax legislation applied by 13 states in the U.S.

Mr Edwin Dodd, chamber chairman, told a luncheon audience that he believed a Supreme Court decision to uphold the legislation was unwise. He said the organisation, which now represents 220,000 businesses compared with 40,000 a few years ago has endorsed and will lobby for congressional legislation to eliminate the tax system.

The effects of the tax on foreign companies with sub-sidiaries in the U.S., is expected to be discussed when Mrs 63 countries at a major trade defended by Mr Richard Burke, Margaret Thatcher, the British fair opened here yesterday that Ireland's EEC Commissioner Prime Minister, meets with a large proportion of the goods responsible for administration. Prime Minister, meets with President Ronald Reagan in Washington today.

Mr Dodd acknowledged that

high imports and large budget deficits were causing great conthe dollar, boosting imports and impeding exports of U.S. goods. that exporting tended to be dominated by big multinational

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Call for EEC to end protectionism against Third World

THE WORLD's troubled developing countries are finding it increasingly difficult to sell their goods to the EEC, a leading West German businessman claimed here.

Dr Michael Otto, chairman the unfinanceable European against agricultural policy. A regulation of the countries of the chairman against agricultural against agricultural policy. A regulation of the countries of the coun ston in Brussels was now raising
barriers against agricultural
exporters as a way of financing
"the unfinanceable European
agricultural policy." A regulation designed to protect European industry from unfair
business practices in third
countries now being discussed
in Brussels could prove another
protectionist and unnecessary

of one of Europe's biggest mail order houses, Otto-Versand Hamburg, accused the EEC of "administrative protectionism, a restrictive external trade policy and punitive treatment in Brussels could prove another of Third World agricultural protectionist and unnecessary exports."

He warned an audience of officials and businessmen from developing world was however. a large proportion of the goods they were displaying "cannot be freely imported into the

(Community The EEC's system of pref-erences for developing councern in the U.S.

The budget deficit was contributing to the high value of the dollar, boosting imports and Community rules of origin were a further handicap for the

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CENTRAL ELECTRICITY

GENERATING BUARD Tariff for Use of the System

1 October 1983 to 31 March 1984 Fixed by the Central Electricity Generating Board (CEGB) pursuant to Section 8(1) of the Energy Act 1983 for the year coding 31 March 1984. 1. Private producers of electricity supplying their own

consumers via the CEGB grid system shall pay in respect of each private consumer so supplied:—

(i) 41.9 pence per month, per kilowatt of Maximum

(ii) 0.22 pence per month, per kilometre of the Distance Conveyed multiplied by the kilowatts

(a) Maximum Power Required shall mean the relevant demand in kilowatts of each private consumer as determined by the Area Board

(b) Distance Conveyed shall mean the distance in

Where the arrangement for the use of the system is made by and through an Area Board, that Board shall be responsible for payment of these charges on behalf of the private producer.

The CEGB reserves the right to replace this Tariff

with Special Terms where unusually large loads are concerned or where technical difficulties are foreseen.

kilometres of the shortest practical grid con-nection existing between the private generator

Power Required, and

and the consumer.

2. In the above:--

of Maximum Power Required.

141 New Bond Street, London W.I. Tel. 01-493 7262. Prestel: 3441580.

poorest countries.

There was "total dirigisme" on textiles and clothing from

Rudolf Sprung, parliamentary secretary of the federal Economics Ministry. Pointing to what he called he contradiction between the contradiction between solemn declarations and actual policy in the EEC, he promised the ministers that West Germany would resist other member nations' attempts to obstruct agricultural trade.

device. Dr Otto said.

Europe's treatment of the

He said that despite the com-plaints and a less-than-perfect record, the EEC had been the

first to set up a system of

generalised preferences. The Community took 34 per cent of Third World exports to developed countries, more than Japan or the U.S.

West Germany's own commit-

ment to fighting protectionism in Europe was reaffirmed by Dr

The "Partners for Progress' Overseas Import Fair, which runs until Sunday, has attracted 760 exhibitors and 400 other companies. Subsidised by the German Government, it is an annual showcase of developing countries' products attended by West European and Scandinavian buyers and

This year, the fair's 21st, a group of retailers has been set up to advise exhibitors who have failed so far to translate their promotional work into more exports to Europe.

Freeway contract

Paris—Citra Construction, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Batignolles Construction of France, has been awarded a ontract worth FFr 400m to huild a freeway in the Australian city of Melbourne. AP-DJ

Japan-Iran project may be resumed next year

Khomeini petrochemical project in southerin Iran could be resumed early next year, according to Mitsui and Com-pany, one of the main Japanese participants in the troubled

Mitsui said yesterday that two Japanese engineering con-struction companies. Chiyoda Chemical Engineering and Construction and Toyo Construction had agreed to act as managing contractors of the project.

A letter of understanding is being drafted by the Iran Japan Petroleum Company setting out the terms under which the two companies will act. If this and subsequent formalities are com-pleted smoothly "Japanese

pleted smoothly Japanese engineers could be in Iran by early next year Mitsui says. Work on the 85 per cent com-plete Bandar-Khomeini project was suspended for the second time when the Iran/Iraq war broke out in late 1980. In 1981 a lengthy series of negotiations cal Development Company (the Japanese consortium responsi-ble for the project) and Iran's National Petrochemical Com-pany on the terms under which

work might eventually resume The negotiations achieved a breakthrough in the summer of 1983 when the Iranian side agreed to shoulder all future costs and Japan, in turn, undertook to be responsible for com-pleting the construction work and and for technical transfers.

Action urged on counterfeiting

PARIS-Governments worldwide yesterday were urged to take tougher action against an alarming increase in counterfeit goods by delegates to an Inter national Chamber of Commerce (ICC) meeting. Estimated losses by companies

whose trade-marks and products are imitated by commercial counterfeiters accounted for 2 per cent of world trade in 1982, according to M Jean-Jacques Guerlain who chaired the twoday ICC conference.

Examples of fake goods range

from blue jeans, perfumes, watches, records and lape cassettes, to motor parts, electrical components, fertilisers and air-

U.S PLANS TO RELAX STRATEGIC CONTROLS

Allies split on sales to China

BY DAVID BUCHAN, EAST EUROPE CORRESPONDENT

THE NEW U.S. proposals to re-

Mr Malcolm Baldrige, the U.S. Commerce Secretary, this week announced guidelines which would speed up—and broaden the scope of—licences for the sale of U.S. technology to China. This came in the context of protections. text of yesterday's announce-ment that President Reagan would visit Peking next spring and of the talks which Mr Caspar Weinberger, the U.S. defence secretary, is holding this week in the Chinese capital.

The U.S. Government, Mr UK technology with U.S. comlax western strategic controls on sales to China have met a mixed response from U.S. allies, with Britain openly favouring the metal open by sales to China into three new categories — a broad in detail next month, with the control of the control the move in the context of its would get routine clearance an of CoCom. the Paris-based delicate negotiations with "intermediate" category where organisation of virtually all Peking over Hong Kong's sales would be reviewed case by Nato countries plus Japan

> The U.S. Commerce Secretary policy, sales of U.S. electronics Union.
>
> In the recent past some allies against special and telecommunications equipment might rise to \$1-200, compared with total exports requiring U.S. licences of \$800m last such as France arguing it would lead to inconsistency as against lead to would now be easier to get U.S. expressing concern that relagovernment permission to sell tions with a western-armed trade to the Soviet bloc.

But the new U.S. policy, which will be presented to allies in detail next month, will have to be meshed in with the rules of Communications.

delicate negotiations with
Peking over Hong Kong's
future, but other countries
being more hesitant.
Mr Malcolm Baldrige, the
U.S. Commerce Secretary, this

"Intermediate" category where
sales would be reviewed case by
case with allies' approval in the
multilateral CoCom organisation
and a "red" zone where Washington would forbid sale for
security reasons.

"Intermediate" category where
which veits sensitive sales to the
Communist world including
China. This will entail a formal
set of separate rules on trade
with China for the first time
since the early 1950s when ironsince the early 1950s when iron-ically CoCom set stricter curbs on China than on the Soviet



Mr Malcolm Baldrige

China might not always be so good as at present. The U.S. itself wants to ensure policy changes towards China do not set precedents in policy towards

Pan Am to replace 60-strong jet fleet

BY MICHAEL DONNE, AEROSPACE CORRESPONDENT

PAN AMERICAN is now considering a major re-equip-ment programme, designed to replace during the mid-1980s its existing fleet of close to 60 twin-engined short-to-medium range jets in service in Westera Europe and inside the U.S. Mr Martin Shugrue, Jr,

senior vice-president, marketing, for the airline, said in London yesterday that Pan Am was looking at everything available, but had not yet made up its mind on any air-

The Pan Am order, when it comes, will be a big one, however, worth over \$2bn, and is thus being keenly contested by Boeing and McDonnell Douglas of the U.S., and Airbus Industrie in Europe. The Pan Am operation cur-

rently involves extensive short to medium range services inside Western Europe, including West Germany, and internally in the U.S., as well as long-hand international.

For its long-haul and medium-to-long international

routes. Pan American will concentrate on the Boring 747 Jumbo jet, of which it already has 43 in service, "with no replacement even in sight." The airline plans to sell off its 16 McDonnell Douglas DC-10s and 12 Lockheed TriStars, as soon as it can find buyers.

On its short-to-mediumhaul routes in Western to 17 Boeing 727s, while it has another 40 of those aircraft on routes inside the "We are looking at a new wide-bodied twin-engined air-craft for the U.S. domestic operations," said Mr Shugrue, either the Booing 767 or the Airbus A-300/A-310.
"In Western Europe, we

see a need for a new narrow-bodied twin-engined aircraft, like the Boeing 737-300. (he McDonnell Douglas MD-80 series or even the Airbus A-320."

He stressed that no deci-sions had been taken but that some action would be needed during 1984.

Arabs ready to back 18 Pakistan ventures

BY MOHAMMED AFTAB IN ISLAMABAD

ARAB AND Middle East investment cover food process-

investors say they are willing ing, citric acid, poultry, investors for several reasons. By turn of the century, rather than to finance 18 industrial projects tanning, footwear, farm imple- far the most important factor is modern industry and business in Pakistan.

This is the outcome of a conference called Investment of Dabiotan which conference called Investment of Dabiotan which conference called Investment of Dabiotan which conference called Investment conference ended yesterday. The meeting was jointly sponsored by the

The 18 projects which have been identified for potential

was Jointy sponsored by the Middle East and Gulf, including Federation of Pakistan Chambers of Commerce and Industry
(FPCCI), the government's in Karachi, Pakistan's biggest invand industrial centre.
Pakistan (IACP) and Viennabased United Nations Industrial Development Organisation.
The Invitable which have

Nearly 100 investors from the Middle East and Gulf, including Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and the Company of the Compa

m Asrach, Paristan's biggest scarce infrastructural facilities produce heavy machinery parts was stressed by several potential in Paristan, import more stressed by several potential investors. The problem is sophisticated ones from China, and sell the assembled equipotencesing have been ordered by bureaucracy which was trained investors.

Pakistan is attractive to Arab ment as it was conceived at the

ventures such as one Islamabad Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and Abu ment processing of investment nical collaboration and Arab Dhabi attended the conference proposals and allocation of money. The proposed plant will proposals and allocation of money. The proposed plant will scarce infrastructural facilities produce heavy machinery parts

BUSINESS LAW

EEC exemption may be a curse in disguise

BY A. H. HERMANN, LEGAL CORRESPONDENT, IN LONDON

the legal activities of the EEC Commission in this column. Thus corrected, I have decided to put on kid gloves to avoid bruising the Com-mission's sensitive skin any more.

However, even the Commission's most devoted admirers would find it difficult to praise its absurd decision concerning the joint venture between Rockwell, the leading U.S. automotive components manufacturer, and Iveco of the Fiat group.

To appreciate the full significance of the Rockwell/Iveco decision," one must bear in mind that it was taken against the background of member governments' dissatisfaction with a competition policy which appears to take little account of the needs of high technology industries. Both the UK and France agree that EEC competition policy should be applied to facilitate European joint ventures in industries using advanced technology and de-pendent upon very high research, design and development costs.

The Rockwell/Iveco decision reveals a different policy: to keep the EEC competition department control of those ventures of which it approves - producing so many un-certainties for the partners that many would be deterred from attempting this sort of co-operation.

Rockwell, the most important supplier on the U.S. market, with eight subsidiaries in Europe, is a leader in the field of rear-drive axles for trucks. It sells about £1bn (\$1.5bn) worth of them yearly. In recent years the company has developed a new series of single-reduction axles for fuel-saving and noise-less truck engines which operate at a lower speed. These axles achieve transmission in direct drive at the point of maximum efficiency, and can drive fully laden trucks at an efficient cruising speed.

European truck manufacturers account for 95 per cent of European axle production. The remaining 5 per cent is divided between four competitors, Rockwell-Maudslay, Eaton, SOMA and GKN. Because of the high cost of design, smaller truck manufacturers are likely to be forced to purchase advanceddesign axles from specialised pro-

pand the production of advanced does not foreclose any competition. of 17 August 1983

"EXCORIATING" is the word used axles - now supplied to the Euro-by Professor Roy Goode, of Queen pean market from the U.S., and by Mary College, London, when re-viewing the treatment meted out to in the U.K. To construct a new factovolved great costs.

Even the Commission's most devoted admirers would find it difficult to praise its absurd decision on the joint venture between Rockwell and Iveco. Its decision to exempt rather than approve the venture is sleight of hand to enable it to impose its own conditions.

formed a joint company in which Rockwell will ultimately have 60 per cent and Iveco 40 per cent.

in the first place know-how concerning design, selection of materials and manufacturing processes. The two companies concluded agreements on technology, trademarks, supply and distribution in Italy, the EEC, the Middle East, and several African countries, as well as the Communist countries of Eu-

In its legal assessment the EEC Commission said that the joint venture was "a new and efficient competitor." Through it "Iveco gains access to Rockwell's axle technology and can dispense with expensive new developments" which "should contribute to increased technical progress in the goods concerned."

The additional distribution of Magirus-Deutz and Rockwell-Maudslay axles by the joint venture, said the Commission, would provide other truck manufacturers with "an interesting alternative," and the joint venture "can, conse-quently, become an effective stimulus to the free axle market."

Commenting on this decision in the September issue of the FT European Law Letter, Dr Valentine Korah, of University College Lon-don, writes that there should be no

each parent to license the other Rockwell and Fiat, through its necessary to manufacture indepenoperated for a few years, must have deterred many holders of technology from entering into joint ventures that would have added to competition and not restricted it."

> the two parties were "potential competitors," and saved its commendations to justify an exemption under Article 85/3. This enabled the Commission to impose its conditions: the parties must make provisions for the dissolution of the joint venture so that each can continue production separately using all the know-how acquired without any re-striction. Moreover, the exemption runs only to March 1, 1993.

the time when the Commission should direct all its energy to supvanced European industries which have a future. It should not put spokes in the wheels of such ventures, unless they represent a real

To put it as gently as I can, this is

Instead, in a case where it ex-pressly admits that the venture will playground.

OVERSEAS NEWS

Top Hong Kong officials set for London talks next week

BY ROBERT COTTRELL IN HONG KONG

SIR EDWARD YOUDE, Britain's Prime Minister. Governor of Hong Kong, and The visit was announced by negotiations. members of Hong Kong's executive Council, the territory's Office Minister responsible for British talks senior policy-making body. are Hong Kong, week, and a fift to visit London next week to Talking about Sino-British on October 19.

"unofficial" members—prominent business and professional
making about the negotiations. that has been built up so
figures from Hong Kong's
private sector. They last visited
London in July, when they
met Mrs Margaret Thatcher,

built continents which he said
and in legiciating as father for
the Chinese Government was Hong Kong is to "preserve all
making about the negotiations. that has been built up so
successfully, and try to build
further on that success so that
Hong Kong can flourish still
met Mrs Margaret Thatcher,

aspects of the Sino-British The fourth round of Sino-British talks took place last week, and a fifth is due to begin

discuss the colony's future with
the British Government.
The executive councillors garded as "unhelpful and sad"
making the trip are the body's public comments which he said aim in negotiating a future for

Opposition leaders held in Sudan

AT LEAST 11 prominent opposition leaders in Sudan, includ-ing Sadiq al-Mahdi, the former Prime Minister, have been some £3m-worth arrested and detained in Khar- the river Nile. toum, according to reports reaching London.

The detainees all belong to the Moslem Ansar movement led by Sadiq, a long-time oppo-nent of President Qaafar Nimeiri, although in recent years the two have agreed on a public reconciliation.
Ironically, the arrest of the

Ansar leaders follows the sur-prise announcement by Presi-dent Nimeiri that the Islamic Sharia code, for which they had been campaigning, is to be introduced in the country.

some £3m-worth of alcohol into The reports from Khartoum an attempt to reconcile funda-

Last week Sadiq al-Mahdi made a major speech at a prayer meeting coinciding with the ceremony of Eid al-Adah, at which he welcomed the introduction of Islamia the man and the strengthening bilateral relations. duction of Islamic law, but tions.

As a result, he has released warned it must be a code of prisoners from detention, and justice as well as a penal code, held a public ceremony to pour NN 1Q epupou unu unia penal code. President Nimeiri's decision to adopt this code is seen as

after his house had been cordoned off by tanks. Others detained with him include Dromar Nur al-Daim, a former Minister of Agriculture, and Abdul Rahman al-Nur, a Supreme Court judge.

Last Was arrested mentalist Moslem opposition to his rule, but it could also alienate many Christians in the south of the country. Sadio's speech suggests that it may equally fail to win over many Moslems.

AP adds

Poll blow for many Kenya MPs

BY MICHAEL HOLMAN IN NAIROBI

ABOUT 40 per cent of Kenya's 158 MPs lost their seats in Monday's general election, including five Ministers and 12 deputy Ministers. Voting turn-out was 48 per cent of the electorate. iWth all but a handful of results from the 153 contested seats to come, it seems that the high turnover of MPs which has characterised past elections has again taken place. The disappointing turnout was the lowest since independence, well below the 68 per cent recorded at the last election in 1979.

Although the results puts some new faces into parliament, there are few obvious constitutions are for obvious constitutions. The disappointing turnout was the lowest since independence, albeit would seem that he continues to have some influence, albeit due to Dr Waiyaki's public state of the continues to have some influence, albeit due to Dr Waiyaki's public state of the continues to have some influence, albeit due to Dr Waiyaki's public state of the continues to have some influence, albeit distancing from Mr Njonjo. ABOUT 40 per cent of Kenya's arap Moi(names his new Cab- to Mr Njonjo, had no difficulty

some new faces into parliament, limited, in the Kenyan political distancing from Mr Njonjo.

there are few obvious conscience.

But the predominent feature tenders for ministerial posts

Mr Arthur Magagu, Minister of the election remains voter outside the ranks of the old of Finance in the former Cabapathy notwithstanding a guard when President Daniel inet and thought to be close lengthy campaign.

BASE LENDING RATES

Bank napositis Bat ... 94%
BCCI ... 94%
Bank of Ireland ... 91%
Bank Leumi (UK) plc 91%
Bank of Cyprus ... 91%
Bank of Scotland ... 91%
Banque Beige Lid. ... 91%
Banque Beige Lid. ... 91%
Banque Beige Lid. ... 91% National Westminster 9
Norwich Gen. Tst. 9
R. Raphael & Sons ... 9
P. S. Refson & Co. ... 9
Rozburghe Guarantee 10
Royal Trust Co. Canada 9
Standard Chartered ... 9
Trando Dew Rank 9 Charterhouse Japhet. 10 % Westpac Banking Corp. 10 % Whiteaway Laidlaw ... 10 % Williams & Glyn's ... The Cyprus Popular Bk. 9475
Dunbar & Co. Ltd. ... 9495
Duncan Lawric 9495
E. T. Trust 10 95
Exeter Trust Ltd. ... 10455
First Nat. Fin. Corp. 11475
First Nat. Secs. Ltd. 11475
Grindlays Bank 19495
Guinness Mahon 9475
Hambros Bank 9475

Hambros Bank 9475

ry in Europe to supply this growing its exemption, as it normally does, market would have cost Rockwell the party whose bargaining power at least \$200m. The Fiat group had has increased can renegotiate by free capacity available, but to de-sign an advanced new axle would mission's terms. The possibility have taken a long time and in- that the Commission will require

Dutch subsidiary, Iveco, therefore, dently after the joint venture has agreed on a joint venture and

Rockwell's contribution includes

Anyone reading what I have just quoted might infer that the venture will promote and not impede competition. The logical conclusion would be that the joint venture is not prohibited by Article 85/1 of the EEC Treaty, but the Commission chose not to be logical.

It declared the joint venture pro-hibited under Article 85/1 because

port the emergence of these adand substantial danger to competi-

improve competition, the Commis-sion uses a sleight-of-hand to declare it prohibited, only to be able to impose its conditions by way of an exemption. It seem that sometimes. instead of serving the Community. the Commission regards it as its

Commission Decision IV/ 30.437 of July 13, 1983 relating don, writes that there should be no to a proceeding under Article
Thus, an opportunity arose to exneed to exempt an agreement if it 85 of the EEC Treaty - OJ L224

UK NEWS

CDC Life Sciences Inc.

a wholly-owned subsidiary of Canada Development Corporation has sold one of its subsidiaries

> A/S Dumex (a Danish corporation)

A/S Apothekernes Laboratorium for Specialpræparater

(a Norwegian corporation)

We acted as advisor to CDC Life Sciences Inc. in this transaction.

Merrill Lynch Capital Markets

September 29, 1983

Laker name for holidays

SAGA HOLIDAYS has abandoned its costly excursion into mass package tourism. It has dropped the Laker name for holidays, bought for £500,000 in the wake of the Laker Airlines collapse 20 months ago, and reverted to its traditional base of providing holidays for retired

people.
Saga lost a further £2.21m on its Laker operations in the year to June 1982. Figures for the current year will be out in a matter of weeks but Saga managing director Mr Roger de Haan, says that the Laker impact will not be signifi-

The laker name will be contin ued in a vestigial form by Saga for a programme of cheap flights, without hotels or other holiday facilities. In July the number of visitors from North America to the UK was than 50 per cent up on July

About 410,000 visitors from the U.S. and Canada came to the UK in that month. Overall, according to figures from the Department of Trade and British Tourist Authorily, 1.7m visitors from overseas came to Britain in July. This was 16

Saga drops Interest rate stays up as borrowing increases

BY ROBIN PAULEY

THERE ARE still no signs of the Bank of England lowering its inter-vention rates and thefeby signalling to the clearing banks that a modest cut in bank base rates from .9½ per cent to 9 per cent is timely. .

There are several reasons behind the Bank's firm resistance to market expectations and they are compounded by this week's ligures showing bank lending to the private sector accelerating again in the three months to mid-August.

Although the Bank has recently been able to offset the expansion in the money supply growth by adopting an aggressive funding policy, it will not be clear whether the growth in money supply aggregates has been pulled back within the Government's target range of 7 to 11 per cent until next week's September money supply figures are

By then it will also be clear whether U.S. Federal Reserve has indeed relaxed its credit policies.

By the end of next week nearly all of the most important bilateral discussions should be completed between spending ministers and Mr Peter Rees, Treasury Chief Secre-tary, about cuts in bids for public spending next year.

As brokers Phillips and Drew note, the authorities may prefer not to demonstrate outwardly an easing in their monetary stance just when

September is likely to be the best month this year for building societies, which lend money for inflow of lunds is expected to be around £860m, well above the previous best high reached in Ju-ly when interest rates were increased. The September receipts should be the second highest level ever, and October's are expect-

ed to be even higher. The higher interest rate weas a hig factor this month but the societies were also helped by new two-year term shares. The five leading societies and several oth-

spending ministers are being asked to exercise further fiscal restraint. The latest Bank of England fig-ures show a modest rise of 1% per second quarter of 1981. However, cent in lending to manufacturing in-the pattern of people spending rathdustry in the three months to mid- er than saving their money, which August, after two successive quarbecame apparent during the reces-terly falls. The new level, however, sion and led to the sustained recovis still about 4 per cent below that in mid-August last year.

Demand for personal credit re-mains behind the high levels recorded last year. Nevertheless it rose by £1.77bn or 7% per cent in the three month period to account for more than half of the rise in lending to UK residents, before taking account of seasonal adjust-

Within the modest rise in demand for credit from industry the decline in lending to the food, drink and tobacco sector, down £363m, was the second largest fall in that group since 1975. Lending to agriculture and construction advanced strongly. Bank lending to the public sector continued to fall.

disposable income put into savings has fallen to its lowest level for more than 10 years.

Yesterday's figures from the Central Statistical Office show that real personal disposable income in the second quarter of 1963 remained close to the level of the first quarter

Enichimica SpA

EniChem. A statement of diversified strengths.

EniChem is the new identification for Enichimica SpA, a major enterprise consolidating over 30,000 people and operate production the various businesses formerly grouped under Anic and Enoxy

EniChem is a member of Eni, the Italian state energy group. With an initial capital of \$1.1 billion and sales approaching \$5 billion, EniChem is one of Europe's largest and most diversified chemical companies.

Its products range from basic chemicals, through bulk plastics, synthetic rubber and latices, to engineering polymers, fine chemicals, detergents, pharmaceuticals, synthetic fibres and agricultural chemicals.

Together, EniChem subsidiaries employ plants throughout Italy and in the United Kingdom, backed by over 1,200 in research and

development. EniChem's focus for international marketing and soles is Eni Chemical SA, based in Zurich, Switzerland with sales offices across

EniChem is not only a new identity, but also a renewed commitment to the European chemical industry and its customers.



Enichimica SpA, 20097 San Donato Milanese, Italy. International sales & marketing: Eni Chemical SA, Seestrasse 42, 8802 Kilchberg, Switzerland. Enichimica SpA: EniChem Polimeri SpA, Anic SpA, Anic Agricoltura SpA, Anicfibre SpA, Chímica Augusta SpA, Eni Chimica Secondaria SpA, Sdavo SpA.

Enfield India bids £½m for Triumph

BY ALAN WRAIGHT

ENFIELD INDIA, the Indian com-pany that makes motorcycles based motorcycles centred in the Mid-on the former British Royal En-lands and it was studying the viabil-Triumph, the Meriden-based coop- duction unit. erative now in liquidation.

tors, Peat, Marwick, Mitchell, to delay a decision on the sale of Triumph while it seeks ways to se-

cure Triumph's long-term future." Harley-Davidson's scheme in-Under Enfield's plans, all 173 jobs volved a Japanese producer's arat Triumph would be lost, as it is ranging loan guarantees from Japroposed to ship the machinery for building the motorcycles to India. If Cagiva succeeds, however, Triumph The West Midlands County County A statement by the Italian group for Triumph's spare parts busines said the management was particu-but that plan has been dropped.

field, has put in a £550,000 bid for ity of the Triumph factory as a pro-

Earlier this month, Harley-However, Cagiva, the Italian mo-torcycle producer, has asked the li-ufacturer, held exploratory talks with the liquidator on the poty of reopening Triumph at Merid-

Cagiva succeeds, however, Triumph production will remain in the UK.

The West Midlands County Council also proposed to offer £340,000 for Triumph's snare parts business

Gallaher to restructure **UK** tobacco operations

BY BRENDAN KEENAN IN BELFAST

GALLAHER is to rationalise its UK Hedges, and Senior Service brands. cigarette and cigar manufacturing operations by closing one factory pear Manchester and transferring from Ballymena to its plants at Carsome production from its plant in diff and Port Talbot. It is adapting Ballymena, Northern Ireland, to Ballymena to make roll-your-own

The company said yesterday that the changes would be carried out in 1985, and, with the use of manpower transfer, would probably involve no more than about 150 job losses and in Northern Ireland are expectable to the company to be considered by the company to be about the company to the company to be about the company the company to be about the company the compan

tobacco, and will raise cigarette out-

ed by the company to be about the The Middleton plant of Gallaher's same. The restructuring reflects a Senior Service subsidiary will be need to improve overall operating shut. Production will be increased efficiency in the face of a declining

at the subsidiary's Hyde plant, also
near Manchester, which currently
employs 1,300. The majority of the
subsidiary's Hyde plant, also
UK market.
Gallaher has increased its share
of the cigarette market to 32 per
340 employees at Middleton will be
offered jobs at Hyde, which manufactures Silk Cut, Benson & Silk Cut, the leading low-tar seller.

Talks on Irish gas

BY BRENDAN KEENAN

A DECISION on the purchase of na- Belfast gas system could cost up to tural gas from the Irish Republic for use in Northern Ireland is expected within the next two weeks. The proposals are believed to be be-fore the Cabinet for final approval.

The proposals are the result of months of negotiation between offi-cials from Belfast and Dublin and the two ministers involved, Mr. Adam Butler MP, and Mr John Bruton, the Irish Minister for Industry and Energy. Northern Ireland officials have been divided on the plan, which many regard as risting the plan of th

The gas would have to be priced competitively to attract new customers, leaving margins tight. Complications over how to adjust

prices over the expected 20-year life of the project appear to have been eased by Irish agreement to relate future prices to the cost of fuel oil,

the Kinsale Head field at around the Approval of Mr Butler and the Kinsale Head field at around had the approval of Mr Butler and 25p a therm, but building a pipeline from Dublin and converting the Prior.

Ulster mission's 'success'

BY BRENDAN KEENAN

RIVAL POLITICAL leaders in Nor- much larger benefits which would day mission to the U.S. and Canada stances. to attract investment to the prov-

Paisley, the loyalist leader, and Mr John Hume, the nationalist leader, were both on the trip. The delegation discovered the scale of Nortical discovered the scale of Nortical discovered the scale of Nortical discovered to have been an offer by the U.S. thern Ireland's problem with its Department of Commerce to make public image. Several senior busi-nessmen compared Belfast with

pact of a few days' co-operation has many leading businessmen have persuaded the politicians that the Northern Ireland origins.

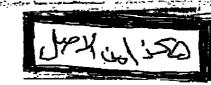
thern Ireland joined forces yester- flow from wider agreement are day to claim success for their eight- worth changing their political

The visit also reopened an old aru.S. media reaction to the visit

U.S. media reaction to the visit

This is carried out through the conmade it plain that the main attraction was the fact that the Rev lan that it should be undertaken independently by the Industrial Devel-

its records on 300,000 U.S. companies available to the IDB. The delegation also made a particularly There is little sign that the im- successful visit to Toronto, where



British Caledonian have just taken delivery of a Concorde from British Airways.

It may be smaller in size than the average Concorde, but it's with great pride that we receive it.

Carrier to the Cari Central and South American that we receive it.

Best of all, the people who vo

It's the "Airline of the Year" trophy awarded by Executive Travel magazine from a survey of its readers.

This year, British Caledonian have taken the title from British Airways, beating all the major airlines of the world.

Two other aviation "Oscars" flew our way in the competition as well: Best Carrier to Africa. Best Carrier to the Caribbean,
Central and South America.
Best of all, the people who voted for
us, and our Caledonian Girls, were not a
panel of "experts" but ordinary fare paying business
travellers.

Which just confirms something we've always believed. Before you can win awards, you've got to win over your passengers and your travel agents.

We never forget you have a choice.

Airline of the Year 1983.

British Caledonian.



Kingdom of Denmark

U.S.\$ 100,000,000 Floating Rate Notes due 1988

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes. notice is hereby given that for the interest period from September 22.1983 to March 22.1984 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 10 % % per annum.

The interest payable on the relevant interest payment date, March 22, 1984 against Coupon no 7 will be US\$ 13,033.85 per Note.



Agent Bank KREDIETBANK S.A. LUXEMBOURGEOISE

LEGAL NOTICES

S. K. SINGLA, F.C.A., Liquidator.

A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the above Society will be held at the Resisterer Office on Tureday, 78th October 198; at 10.30 a.m. Office on Tuesday, 10th at 10 30 am. ACENDA
1. To Amend Tables ORHW1 & ORHW5.
2. To close Table OR2 and approve new Table OL1 with appropriate amendment to Rule 911)
3. To Amend Rule 9(1).
(Signed) D. R. REES. Secretary.

PUBLIC NOTICES

COUNTY OF CLEVELAND VARIABLE RATE REDEEMABLE STOCK 1984

The Council of the County of Cleveland announces that the half-yearly payment of interest due on 25th March 1984 on the shows stock will be at the rate of £5.4375 (less income tax) per £100 stock.

CORPORATION LIMITED (incorporated in Bermuda)
NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF SHARE
WARRANTS TO BEARER
PAYMENT OF COUPON NO 96

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE MATTER OF
HOBWELL LIMITED
AND IN THE MATTER OF
SPORTISPACE LIMITED
AND IN THE MATTER OF
WIMBELISA LIMITED
AND IN THE MATTER OF
THE COMPANIES ACT 1948
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the
creditors of the above-named Companies, which are being voluntarily
wound up, are required, on or before
the 21st day of December, 1993 to send
in their full Christian and summers,
their addresses and descriptions, full
particulars of their debts or claims, and
the names and addresses of their Solicitors (if any), to the undersigned Surit
Kumar Singlo, F.C.A., of Single & Co.
Chartered Accountants of 423 Alexandra
Avenue, Harrow, Middlesex, HA2 988,
the Liquidator of the said Companies,
and, if so required by notice in writing
from the said Liquidator, are, personally or by their Solicitors, to come in
and prove their debts or claims at such
time and place as shall be specified
in such notice, or in default thereof
they will be excluded from the benefit
of any distribution made before such
debts are proved. distribution made before such

CONTRACTS AND TENDERS

DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC BEVELOPMENT FOR NORTHERN IRELAND

BOREHOLE DRILLING CONTRACT Tenders are invited on a fixed price basis from competent and experienced drilling contractors for the drilling of up to 12 boreholes in east Tyrone and north Armagh.

Tender documents may be obtained from the offices of the Geological Survey of Northern Ireland, 20 College Gardens, Belfast B79 6BS, on production of a written application accom-

panied by a deposit of 20 which will be returned on receipt of a bona fide tender not subsequently withdrawn. Deposit ques should be made payable to the Department of Economic

Tenders should be returned to the Department of Economic Development, Minerals Branch, Netherleigh, Massey Avenue, Belfast BT4 2IP, in the envelope provided, by not later than 3.00 pm on Thursday, 13 October 1983. Tenders submitted by post should be registered or sent by recorded delivery. An official receipt must be obtained for

each tender delivered by hand.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted and the department will not be responsible for any costs incurred by firms in preparing tenders. MINERALS AND RESOURCES

With reference to the notice of declaration of final dividend advertised in the Press on September 21, 1983 following information is published for the guidance of holders of share warrants to bearer. The dividend of 16 cents was declared in United States currency. The dividend on bearer shares will be hald on an after November 8, 1964 spained surrender of coupon No. 96 detached from thate warrants to bearer studied.

swerness swremer or cospon No. 95 detached from share warrants to Bedere 13 under:

(a) at the office of the Corporation's continental paying agents Credit du Nord,

6 & 8 Boulevard Nausmahn,

75009 Part.

(b) at the London Bearer Recontion of the Corporation's consolidated plants of Charlet Consolidated plants of the London Bearer Recontinent of the Corporation of the Co

Coppors must be left for at least four clear days for examination feeght days if payment in United States currency has been requested) and may be presented any weekday (Saturday excepted) between the hours of 10.00 a.m. and 3.00 p.m.
United Kingdom income tax will be deducted from payments to any person in the composition of the compo

For and on behalf of CHARTER CONSOLIDATED F.L.C.
U.K. Transfer Agents
J. C. Greensmith

URQUIJO INTERNATIONAL N.V. SUS 30 MILLION FLOATING RATE NOTES DUE IN 1986

For the six months September 23th, 1983 to March 22th, 1984. the notes will carry an interest rate of 10,25 % per annum.

The interest due on March 23th. will be SUS 51,82 and has been computed on the actual number of days elapsed (182) divided by 360.

The principal paying agent SOCIETE GENERALE ALSACIENNE **DE BANQUE**

15, rue Emile Reuter LUXEMBOURG

Scargill at war on two fronts

BY JOHN LLOYD, INDUSTRIAL EDITOR

Mr Arthur Scaroill

lines as centres of resistance over

the past year - Cardowan in Scot-land, Tymawr Merthyr Lewis and

Brinlliw in South Wales - none re-

main: all are either closed or are

near to it. Now, the order of the day

is for closures to go through rela-tively unheralded on the national

scene - and to go through more

quickly than at any time since the

On the day Mr Scargill told cheering miners lobbying the pay

talks at the Board's Belgravia head-

quarters that they were to be led to

battle again, area officials in the

north-east were faced with yet an-

other closure, that of Herrington

Colliery, where geological condi-

tions were reported by the board to

have declined to such an extent that

the sulphurous coal could not be

sold by anyone. Its 680 miners will

tirement by the middle of next year.

widespread closures of the 1960s.

MR Arthur Scargill, the National Union of Mineworkers' president, is conducting a war on two fronts. The first is pay, where the miners traditionally stage the dramatic set-

THE MINERS - CLAIMS AND CLOSURES

piece of the bargaining round. He has lodged a "substantia!" claim and talked of rises varying between 17 and 23 per cent as necessary to restore purchasing power, the National Coal Board's reply will be delivered tomorrow.

The second is pit closures. Mr Scargill announced a special delegates' conference for October 21, marking another attempt on his part and that of his vice-president, Mr Mick McGahey, to use their for-midable oratorical powers to whip up resistance to closures. They have failed in the past, in two nationwide campaigns: but they do not give up easily.

The mineworkers' president trusts that his two fronts can be consolidated, as resentment over what is likely to be a very low offer boils over to stimulate militancy in defence of pits. It is, however, this fusion which has consistently eluded him, both as leader of the Left before he became president and since assuming his post.

In large part, this is because, as well as fighting on two fronts, he is also fighting on two levels. He needs to get national industrial action in order to pose any kind of threat to the NCB (though 55m tonnes of stockpiled coal makes that option far from attractive to him); but pit closures happen at local, area level where they are often agreed by area officials.

appeal against - and of Fishburn Coke Works, whose appeal is still lodged with the Board.

In Leicestershire, two of the rapidly shrinking area's six pits - Snibston (300 men) and Desford (340 men) are to close by Christmas and next February respectively: neither are being contested by the area union, which has accepted sadly that the centuries old mining tradition in Leicestershire will be dead in a decade.

In North Derbyshire, the Pleasley pit will close by the end of the year and in South Wales, the Britannia pit, the aged Wyndham Western pit, and the Coedely coke works face

Only at Monktonhall, in Scotland, is serious opposition being shown. The 1500 men are on strike against the board's attempts to persuade 300 men over 50 to take early retirement, and that strike was made official earlier in the week.

Mr Scargill and his colleagues on the NUM executive have not shirked from demonstrating the militant leadership which they promised they would give when they won control

Much has been made of Mr Scargill's growing unpopularity among rank and file mineworkers because of his style, his pro-Soviet stance and his attack, later retracted, on the Polish Solidarity union. Nevertheless the fact remains that he is without a challenger for his post be redeployed, or offered early re- and remains popular among his own militants.

For all that he has significantly The north-east officials were already reeling from the announced moderated his head-on charge of those pits which made head
870 men - which they are likely to ment.

Civil Service accused of incompetence

AN INCOMPETENT Civil Service thought and acted was more releand Ministers of generally low cali-bre have contributed to 30 years of civil servants, academics and compolicy failure in Britain, Sir John Hoskyns, former head of the Prime Minister's Policy Unit, said last time lobbying for special irentment

In a stinging attack on both the political and administrative branches of the policy machine, Sir John said in the Institute of Directors' annual lecture last night that four changes were needed to break out of "these antique conventions, culture and machinery which failed us between 1950 and 1980."

• The Prime Minister should not be restricted to the small pool of career politicians in Westminster hen forming a government.

 Whitehall must be organised for strategy and innovation as well as for day-to-day political survival. It must be possible to bring adequate numbers of high quality outsiders into the Civil Service. • The workload on ministers must

"Over the past 30 years we have suffered the consequences of a massive failure of intelligence and nerve on the part of the inbred po-litical establishment," Sir John said. He added that change would

ister is not at present persuaded of

mentators.

Businessmen should spend less in a sinking economy. Instead they should ask, as disputranchised shareholders, that government squipped uself with whatever politi-cal arrangements and technical competence it needed to stop the economy sinking. They should offer help in developing that competence. Sir John said

Sir John was as scathing about ministers as their administrators. The general calibre of ministers was normally low and they had irrelevant experience coupled with impossible burdens of office. The Civil Service had been left with the job of damage limitation, "of making ministers look better than they really are." in the process, the quality of Whitehall had declined, producing a general intellectual slack-

"With confidence and competence so much lower than they should be. it it not surprising that Whitehall liercely defends its tradition of se-

crecy," he said. never emerge from within that esta-blishment and that "the Prime Min-30-year rule (on confidentiality of government papers), by hiding peacetime fiascos as though they The people who would have to were military disasters, protect stimulate change and offer fresh ministers and officials from embarthinking would therefore have to be rassment. They also ensure that businessmen. The way they there is no learning curve."

Battle starts over Channel 4 funds

BY RAYMOND SNODDY

next year's level of funds for Chan-

The independent television (ITV) companies wish to hold down the of net revenue. cost of the channel from April 1984 as they prepare for competition from cable television.

Many would like the increase on this year's £124m total cost for year to January 1984, net of agency get more than £140m.

AN INTENSIVE lobbying campaign commission, is likely to top \$200m - The lobbying, however, seems to be becoming increasingly entangled

band ranging from 14 to 18 per cent of at least some senior figures in ture is in its early days investment ming and scheduling.

should continue next year as close to 18 per cent as possible.

Earlier this month Mr Hugh Dundas, chairman of Thames Televi-

Although no decision will be tak- sion, said in his annual statement Channel 4 to be no more than the en until next year, senior IBA offi- that his board believed "there increase in the retail price index, cials are sympathetic to this arguwould have to be some radical even though ITV revenue for the ment and Channel 4 seems likely to changes in its (Channel 4's) modus

The ITV subscription for Channel with larger questions of the relanel 4 the second independent tele-vision channel.

4 is set by the Independent Broad-casting Authority (IBA) within a nies and Channel 4 and the desire the industry to get a greater degree Channel 4 argues that as the ven- of control over Channel 4 program-

operandi and control."

present recession is affecting the pace at which workers want im-

Dated: September 29, 1983

provements to be made."

Consolidated Copper Mines Limited

Incorporated in the the Republic of Zambia

Zambia

Incorporated in the the Republic of Zambia

Extracts from a statement by the Chairman and Chief Executive,
Mr. F. H. Kaunda

The Company and its subsidiaries showed an after-tax loss of K127 million for the financial year ended 31 March 1983. This was an improvement on the previous year and several factors contributed to this. As a unified entity the Company was able to take unprecedented measures to reduce cash outflow and despite lower than forecast metal prices the total cash saving of K356 million exceeded the forecast by K57 million. The Kwacha was devalued by 20 per cent on 7 January 1983 against the SDR and this boosted receipts from metal sales by K45 million in the last quarter, but the Company's indebtedness rose by about K117 million. The price of copper was very low for most of 1982 and the recovery

The price of copper was very low for most of 1982 and the recovery was largely due to speculative and currency factors. Demand remains depressed and LME stocks have risen. The price of cobalt declined substantially in the first half of the year, and although the price has since recovered somewhat, world stocks will continue to have prices they are all the prices they are sent as the prices they are they are

keep prices depressed.
The metal pipeline was reduced from about 88 200 tonnes in March 1982 to 50 000 tonnes at the end of October but serious operational difficulties on the Tanzania Zambia Railway in the fourth quarter increased copper stocks to 75 315 tonnes by 31 March 1983 and the Company has had to maximise despatches on the southern route. For more than a decade capital expenditure has been restricted initially by generous dividend policies and latterly by financial constraints. The Company now has a considerable backlop of constraints. expenditure and profit retentions must be maximised. Undue reliance on loan finance has contributed to the Company's problems. The Company's 15-year production plan shows copper production declining from 1984-5 without the Tailings Leach Stage III Project. If this is taken into account, annual production will be raised by about 50 000 tonnes of cheap copper from 1986-7 until 1998.

Tonnage of copper ore treated was higher than in the previous year, but poorer in grade and finished production was down 2.8 per cent. Two other factors were responsible for copper production being significantly below forecast. The fire at Nkana Division power station in November 1982 immobilised the smelter and other surface facilities and affected hydrometallurgical operations elsewhere. The foreign exchange situation deteriorated further and the procurement of spares and consumables was at a virtual standstill. Stocks of many items are exhausted or at critically low levels. Industrial relations were maintained at a satisfactory level and the

company continued with its internal and external training and development and a number of senior appointments of Zambians, particularly in the technical disciplines, have been made.

The immediate problem is how best to survive the current economic The immediate problem is how best to survive the current economic hardships without impairing productive capacity. This entails continuing with cost-cutting, the need to devote more resources to capital expenditure accompanied by self-denial by shareholders in order to build for the future. The Group should be allowed increased foreign exchange. I welcome wholeheartedly the forth-coming discussions between the "A" and "B" shareholders which will, hopefully, lead to a fresh injection of capital. I am hopeful

economy.

Copies of the full text of this statement are available from Zambia
Appointments Limited, 16-28 Tabernacle Street, London EC2A 4BN.

Fears for progress on With our GMP work health and safety BY DAVID GOODHART, LABOUR STAFF contract, you take the credit for - defined as accidents resulting in Writing in the commission's re-admission to hospital for more than port for 1982-83 he states: "Already, 24 hours - fell from 435,000 in 1981 in the recent recession, there are to 388,000 in 1982. signs that many good intentions are But Mr Simpson, who next week melting like snowflakes in the makes way for a new chairman, Dr warm chimney of competitive and John Cullen, warns: "Although subfinancial pressures." stantial progress has been made in Reviewing the Commisson's work reducing fatalities and probably since 1974 - when it was establish- lost time accidents, complacency is ed as part of the Health and Safety unforgivable." He adds: "Economics do come in-



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RECENT PROGRESS in health and tor, accounting for 102 of the 1982 safety at work will not last the re-cession in many workplaces accord-second with 73, and Transport and ing to the retiring chairman of the Communication third with 50. Health and Safety Commission, Mr The number of serious accidents

at Work Act - Mr Simpson says that there has been a general reduction to health and safety decisions, and

in "lost time" accidents and an imit is therefore inevitable that the provement in the reporting of acci-The number of fatal accidents per

year has fallen by 30 per cent since
1975 – although the 1982 figure of
468 was a slight increase on the
1981 figure of 451. Construction is
still by far the most dangerous sec-

New torpedoes start Navy and **RAF** service

By Bridget Bloom,

A KEY STAGE in the Government's £2bn programme to equip British forces with new torpedoes will be reached today when the first Sting Ray torpedoes are formally accept ed into service by the Royal Navy and the Royal Air Force.

The new lightweight anti-submarine weapons, manufactured by Marconi Underwater Systems, will equip the Navy's Sea King and Lynx helicopters as well as surface ships such as the Type 22 frigate. They will be carried in the RAF's

The two weapons to be handed over today are part of an initial pro-duction batch of 254, about 90 of which are believed to have been already delivered for trials. Marconi is already negotiating with the Min-istry of Defence for the next batch

The company ultimately hopes to export up to 4,000 torpedoes but faces strong competition from the

The Sting Ray has had a che quered history and its precise cost to the Government is still not clear, The House of Commons Defence Committee estimated in May 1981 that the total cost of the project from the beginning of its development to completion was £920m at 1980 prices.

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION To the Holders of

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to the provisions of the above mentioned Indenture, \$1.226,000 principal amount of the above described Bonds has been selected for redemption on November 1, 1983, through operation of the Sinking Fund, at the principal amount thereof, together with accrued interest to said date, as follows:

Outstanding Bonds of \$1,000 each of prefix "M" bearing the distinctive numbers ending in any of the following two digits:

18 37 44 45 47 50 51 GO 63 Also Bonds of \$1,000 each of prefix "M" bearing

the following serial numbers:

On November 1, 1983, the Bonds designated above will become due and payable as aforesaid in such coin or currency of the United States of America as at the time of payment shall be legal tender for public and private debts. Said Bonds will be paid, upon presentation and surrender thereof with all coupons appertaining thereof maturing after the redemption date, at the option of the holder either (a) at the Corporate Trust Office of Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 30 West Broadway, New York, New York 10015, or (b) subject to applicable laws and regulations, at the main offices of Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York in Brussels, Frankfurt (Main), London, Paris or Zurich, or Credito Romangnolo S.p.A. in Milan, or Banque Générale du Luxembourg, S.A. in Luxembourg, or European-American Bank & Trust Company in New York City, or Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft in Frankfurt (Main). Payments at the offices referred to in (b) above will be made by a check drawn on, or by a transfer to, a United States dollar account maintained with a bank in the Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York.

New York.

Coupons due November 1, 1983 should be detached and collected in the usual manner.

On and after November 1, 1983 interest shall cease to accrue on the Bonds herein designated for redemption. Following the aforesaid redemption, \$5,000,000 principal amount of the Bonds will remain outstanding

COMALCO INVESTMENTS EUROPE S.A.

NOTICE

The following Bonds previously called for redemption have not as yet been presented for payment: 191 192 2359 3048 3045 4185 4591 5149 5239 5906 7192 7785

MICROCOMPUTER

GOVERNMENT approval for North Sea oil and gas projects involving an investment of about £4bn should be given by the end of this year as a result of an intensified effort by the Department of Energy to accelerate

Mr Alick Buchanan-Smith, Minister of State for Energy, says he intends over the next three months to decide on all 10 plans that were on his desk when he took up office in

Some big issues still remain to be resolved: in particular, differences over the method of exploiting British Petroleum's South-East corner of Forties Field; and whether Amoco's Arbroath structure should be considered for tax purposes as an extension of South Montrose, But the impression given in Whitehall is that most of the decisions should be cleared this year.

Of the 10 plans referred to by Mr Buchanan-Smith, the two so far approved in mid-summer, have both been gas developments in the southern basin of the North Sea the Victor Field by Conoco, and the eastern extension of the Leman structure (under exploration by Shell-Esso in block 49/26) by Amoco in its adjoining licence areas.

Probably the front-runner for authorisation, which also accounts for the greater part of the total investment in prospect at an estimated £1.7bn, is Marathon's North Brae field, which will be the first in the North Sea to produce mainly condensates, or ultra-light oil.

Other approvals expected in the near future are Sun Oil's Balmoral field (with an estimated capital expenditure of £500m), Texaco's oil discovery in block 14/20 (£100m) Esmond, Forbes and Gordon - for which Hamilton Brothers has already reached a price deal with British Gas.

Discussions are also understood to be advanced on Shell's south-east Indefatigable gas discovery (£500m-£800m) and Hamilton Brothers' Duncan oil prospect (£100m-£130m). In addition, approval for Britoil's small, unmanned structure to recover oil from the south-west corner of the Beatrice field is expected.

Mr Buchanan-Smith said that the Department of Energy was continuing its discussions on the development of the south-east corner of Forties and expressed hopes of an

The two parties are undertaking a joint study of potential reserves to decide whether a steel platform would be justified, as the department has maintained, or whether a sub-sea system would be sufficient. as BP has so far insisted.

Meanwhile, Amoco is still claiming that Arbroath should be treated as a separate structure from Montrose for tax purposes, and thus benefit from the tax concessions in this year's budget including abolition of proportion of available man-hours royalties on future developments.

STRIKE THREAT HANGS OVER VAUXHALL RECOVERY

Car boom fuels conflict

no general upsurge in militancy

Vauxhall, the UK subsidiary of

General Motors of the U.S, faces

an all-out strike over pay by its 14,500 manual workers. Thou-

and Dunstable plants in Bed-fordshire voted yesterday to

strike from tomorrow night.

Union shop stewards at the third

UK plant, Ellesmere Port, Merseyside, said they would recommend their members to join

Most BL executives attribute the

Cowley dispute to over-rapid

change - introduction of the Ac-claim and the Maestro, replacing

the Princess with the Ambassador,

moving the Ambassador to another

part of the plant, all done while re-

quiring higher efficiency from workers. Unions believe it had

more to do with aggressive manage-

nds of workers at the Luton

THE GHOST of hot wage autum past was abroad in a tree-lined park beside Vauxhall's Luton car plant yesterday morning, when nearly 7,000 workers voted by about three o one to strike from tomorrow night over a 7.7 per cent, 14-month pay offer.

Even if last-minute peace efforts delay or avert a national strike by the General Motors subsidiary's 14.500 manual workers, they have clearly regained their bargaining strength. Vauxhall's surge to a 14.5 per cent UK car market share from 11.7 last year (8.5 in 1981) has given the workers even more muscle pow-

The offer like last year's 8 per cent deal, is among the industry's highest. A strike would not only set back Vauxhall's recovery - it would also severely dent its record of putes. These have been negligible for the past two years, compared with 1979 when 27 per cent of them

A strike, however, would not sig-nal a general return to the bad old days of frequent stoppages, low pro-ductivity and poor quality, whether in industry at large, in most motor companies or in Vauxhall itself.

The strike threat at Vauxhall has, ironically, been made possible by the eradication of these symptoms of the so-called British disease. The workers are not trying to revert to outdated working practices. They want a reward for their year-round improved performance, which had made Vauxhall's productivity and quality comparable with that of Eu-

The pattern is similar at BL Cars. the state-owned motor group. Its disputes has fallen from 7 per cent dustrial relations systems have con-

in 1977 to 0.5 per cent in 1982. This tributed to this. year's figure is still expected to be Much of the motor industry's milrelatively good, in spite of the daitancy has disappeared because of redundancies, which have cut the maging "washing-up" strike at Cownumbers of people employed in British motor vehicle manufactur Although the Cowley strike coincided with the Maestro launch making from 457,500 in June 1979 to ing BL vulnerable, there has been 289,300 in June 1983.

The Vauxhall and BL experiences so far suggest that when stability returns, those strikes which accompany it are of a different kind from before.

The exception to all the trends is Ford, which is watching the Vaux-hall situation nervously. Its pay talks start tomorrow, and it has the same problem of persuading the workforce that despite aggressive marketing, high sales are not being reflected in high profits.

Ford of Britain makes money and has not had its back to the wall like other companies. Consequently, the old problem of frequent disputes throughout Austin Rover plants to has persisted, notably at the troumatch the company's return to tradbled Halewood plant on Mersey

The company lost output of 35,500 vehicles in 1982 - well down on the national strike year of 1978 when 168,800 were lost, but higher than the losses in 1980 and 1981. It is also not making productivity improve-ments as fast as it would like, even though labour and overhead effi-

Last year Ford reached an 8.2 per cent pay deal after Vauxhall's 8 per The same is true at Talbot, where cent. Its unions this year will dedisputes have almost evaporated in mand a flat-rate pay rise, shorter tandem with the fall in the workhours, and better pensions and sick force from 25,000 to 30,000 in the pay. BL Cars workers will receive a mid-1970s to nearly 6,000 now. A 5.6 per cent pay rise on November 1 combination of poor trading condi- as the second stage of a two-year

Company profits rise 25% over first half

and commercial companies improved by about 25 per cent in the first balf of this year compared with official estimates published yester-

The effects on company profits of the sharp drop into recession coupled with a fairly steep climb back on to a recovery path has made quarterly estimates of profitability increasingly erratic and unreliable. The Central Statistical Office is therefore concentrating on halfyearly estimates which indicate a strong surge of profitability this

The gross trading profits, after alowing for stock appreciation, of companies operating in the North Sea was £7.3bn in the first half of 1983, a 30 per cent increase on the same period of 1982. The gross trading profits of other commercial and industrial companies, on the same basis, were £13.4bn, up by a quarter on the first half of last year.

This exceptionally strong surge
The increases went on taxes, maining profitability may be difficult to be petroleum revenue tax (2800m),

THE PROFITS of British industrial sector, as it has been helped along by strong domestic demand, static unit labour costs and relatively low prices for commodities and raw ma-

Commodity prices are now picking up and the level of demand may slacken, with slowly rising inflation producing a similar upturn in the level of pay settlements, all exerting a dampening effect on company profits, particularly if further advances on productivity are not

The total income, including rent, non-trading income, income from abroad and stock appreciation of all industrial companies rose by C4.8bn to C26.5bn between the first half of 1982 and the first half of 1983. This cent from £2,147bn to £2,362bn.

Allocations from this income increased by £1.2bn to £15.5bn, but. significantly, there was no change in dividend and interest payments. sustain particularly in the non-oil and profits due abroad (£400m).

Directors criticise NEDC

BY JOHN LLOYD, INDUSTRIAL EDITOR

main tripartite forum, the National broadening of the council - which Economic Development Council. It contains representatives of the Govdescribes it as a major disappoint- ernment, the Trades Union Conment, even to its committed adher-

THE INSTITUTE of Directors has launched an attack on the country's Secretary, the IoD called for a gress and the Confederation of Brit-ish Industry - to include other eco-

In talks yesterday with Mr Cecil

BR woos lost customers with faster trains

By Hazel Duffy, Transport

BRITISH RAIL (BR) aims to win back business passengers on Inter-City routes with faster and more comfortable services.

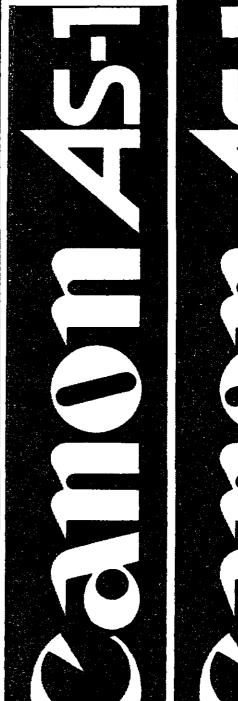
A network of 58 executive-style services for first-class passen will operate from next Monday There will be improved catering with drinks served from a trolley at the passenger's seat, easier telephone bookings, a ticket package incorporating guaranteed seats and meal vouchers, and free parking at most provincial stations.

BR is also test-marketing two new style High Speed Trains on services from Paddington, and two Pullman trains on the Euston to Manchester route. These trains will also include new seating derived

Another attraction with which BR hopes to regain passengers will be the availability of telephones on trains. A prototype car telephone is being tested on the London - Bristol - South Wales route, but wider coverage must wait for the development of cellular radio systems pe

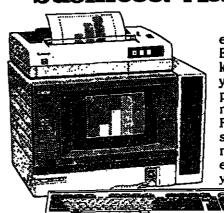
mitting call-boxes to be installed BR's plans to beat off competition from express coaches in the predominantly leisure market will concentrate on discounted fares tail-

ored to certain routes





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UK NEWS

Ian Rodger outlines how an aluminium company has recovered

Alcan prepares for next recession

Mr George Russell, managing director of British Alcan Aluminium.

"If there is to be a UK aluminium industry at all after the next recession, we are going to have to be a lot better prepared than we were for the last one," he said after this week's publication of the group's dramatically improved half-year

The UK industry's two leading companies, Alcan and British Aluminium, nearly disappeared because of recession. Both suffered from excess capacity, high costs and a misplaced focus on each other rather than on strong foreign competitors eroding their markets.

Neither company could cope as world prices fell to their lowest lev-els since 1976. They lost 548m be-tween them in 1981, and Baco had to close its main smelter at Inver-gordon in Scotland because of high electric power costs. Last year, the two recorded another £90m in

uminium of Canada made a big mis- at Rogerstone in Wales, and Alcan's

ise which is:

Manchester 061-653 9911

work.

the industry Today, Mr David Culver, Alcan's president, says the decision was simply a vote of confidence in Britain. He said: "I've worked in the UK, and I just think that the state of mind of the people there is so different from anything we have seen for a long time."

Mr Russell attributes much of the progress so far to unusually favourable conditions. There were, he points out, three weeks between the announcement of the deal and its conclusion, giving managers on the two sides time to work out their senior staffing plans.

Study groups were quickly commissioned to assess the technological and commercial value of the various plants. They reported back at the end of January, and the main rationalisation programme was announced in the second week of Feb-

The Baco hot mill at Falkirk in Many analysts thought Alcan Al- Scotland, Alcan's extrusion presse

closed with the loss of 1,200 jobs.

Mr Russell said the group's cost base has been cut by about £40m tices and underused capacity. per year, or about 8 per cent. "I must admit surprise at how well it is working, but we really

have to wait another five or six months to see how or if the jigsaw fits," he said,
Mr Russell acknowledged that some customers, whose orders have been transferred from one plant to

another, are not yet satisfied with

the company's performance, but he was confident that problems would be solved. British Alean had budgeted for a decline in market share on the assumption that some customers formerly bought from both Alean and

Baco and would now seek another second supplier. This, however, has not occurred, leading directors to believe that most customers dealt with only one of the predecessor companies, and

THE NEXT recession is worrying take in paying C30m late last year foil rolling operation at Kitts Green mill complex. Mr Russell said this Mr George Russell, managing di- to take over Baco and try to rescue in the West Midlands were all was the biggest single drain on either company before the merger. because of inefficient work prac

There were 350 redundancies from Rogerstone's 1,500 workforce eurly this year, and loading of the mills has improved since the Falkirk hot mill was closed at the end

Mr Russell said the dramatic improvement in aluminium prices was having very little effect on the small fabricating plants that might have closed, have been kept open, but capital spending is still being kept to a minimum £6m per year for what he called body alive

Although the group was now suf-fering small shortages of metal, it was definitely not interested in investing heavily in expanding its smelter capacity, either through reopening the Invergordon smelter or by other means. Its investment pri-The group's major remaining ority was to refurbish existing headache is the Rogerstone rolling plants.

Dragon shareholders near to bank accord

BY CHARLES BATCHELOR

who stepped in earlier this month with a £2.5m rescue package for the South Wales microcomputer maker, hope to reach agreement with its bankers later this week guaranteeing continued bank support.

Dragon, which was launched by Mettoy, the Corgi toy-making group, ran into cash flow problems resulting from disappointing sum-mer sales levels and a price war among computer manufacturers. Its shareholders, led by Prutec,

the venture capital arm of the Pru-

dential Assurance group, had to agree the £2.5m package of loans and guarantees on September 2 af-Mettoy that Dragon was in trouble. Dragon's shareholders reached rapid agreement on support for the

company, but talks with its two banks, Midland and Hill Samuel, on their continued support have taken longer than expected.

The banks are understood to

have been concerned that Dragon

SHAREHOLDERS of Dragon Data, had not provided them with full in formation about its financial position. At one stage, Dragon's backers contemplated seeking other bank-ing backers. But the differences have since been resolved and the finishing touches are now being put to the agreement.

> Mr Brian Moore, deputy manage of Satchwell Controls, part of General Electric, has been appointed as chief executive at Dragon. He replaces Mr Tony Clarke, a Mettoy appointee, who stepped down when the company's problems were an-

Dragon's shareholders are Prutec, with 42 per cent; the Welsh Development Agency with 23 per cent; Mettoy with 15.5 per cent; and the National Water Council, Fountain Development Capital Fund, F & C Enterprise Trust and Dragon execu-

tives with a combined 19.5 per cent. Since the announcement of the rescue package, Dragon has reported an upturn in demand and has in-

creased its workforce by 10 to 216.

Port of London seeks no-strike agreement

BY BRIAN GROOM, LABOUR STAFF

(PLA) is seeking a no-strike agree—if the PLA's finances collapse and ment linked to a two-year pay deal with its dockers and ship's clerks in

The Government is refusing to an attempt to recapture trade and stave off serious financial difficult-

its trade as a result of two disputes involving dockers and clerks this year. It believes the reputation for unreliability which it has acquired is the major barrier to winning new

Mr John Black, chief executive, told managers and union representatives after a recent visit to Canada: There is so much antagonism by shippers, receivers and some shipping companies that unless we have something new to sell we are

month to discuss the authority's problems. The Government is deep-

THE PORT of London Authority other ports of a national dock strike

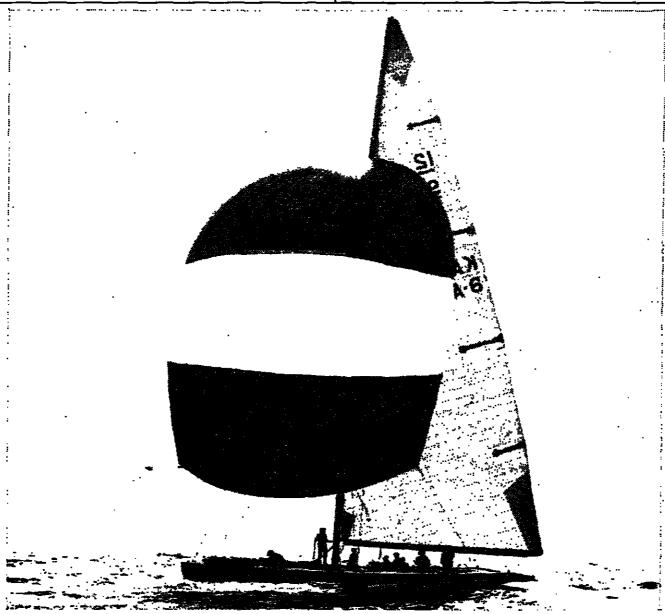
The Government is refusing to meet any more operating losses by the PLA. The com cost of the eight week dockers' strike, the roughly 13m annual cost of paying dockers for whom it has no work, and the lost traffic make the authority's position dire. It is making ends meet by negotiating the sale of the dis-used Royal Victoria dock to the London Docklands Development

The PLA would like to have the two-year pay deal and no-strike agreement in place by January 1 1984. It has approached the Transport and General Workers' Union informally, and the union is awaiting the response from its branches.

Mr Black is due to meet Mr Tom

The port employers – mainly the King, the Transport Secretary, next

PLA – would like to shed 429 registered dock workers from the 4,000-strong London register, but y worried about the situation, and the response to a redundancy



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APPOINTMENTS

Racal Research director

RESEARCH bas appointed Professor Henry Beker as director of research. He was as director of research. He was formerly with Racal-Comsec at Salisbury. As head of the digital signal processing group for which he has a special responsibility, he will oversee the development of this technique. At Racal-Comsec Prof. Beker developed the department that eventually became responsible for the cryptographic design of communications security devices. He is visiting professor in information technology at Westfield College, London University.

Mr Paul H. Boschma has been mer Paul H. Boschma has been elected international executive of KMG, a trans-national organisation which provides auditing, accounting, taxation and management consultancy services. He succeeds Mr Jan Uiterlinden on October 1. Mr Uiterlinden, who served as international executive served as international executive since the formation of KMG in 1979, will continue as a partner in the KMG Netherlands member firm, KKC, of which Mr Boschma is also a partner. Thomson McLintock and Co is the British member of the group. Three regional executives have been named. Mr Kenneth S. Gruning has become chairman of Region II (North America). Mr Thomas S. Leonard takes over as chairman of Region III (Central and South America) and Mr Anthony H. E. served as international executive

May June

Kewin is the new chairman of Region IV (Asia and Australa-sia). Together with Mr Guenther Schultz from Switzerland, all become members of the central management committee of KMG.

ICARUS COMPUTER SYSTEMS has appointed Mr Brian R. Jones as director of marketing and sales after 12 months with the company; and Mr James M. Reilly becomes Icarus's new financial director, moving on to the board following 14 months in charge of the company's financial interests.

Following acquisition of Sarco Company Inc in the Understanding appointments have been made by SPIRAX-SARCO ENGINEER-ING. Mr C. J. Tappin has become deputy group managing director in addition to managing director of the main operating company, Spirax-Sarco. Mr T. B. Fortane has become group manufacturing director (Spirax Sarco products) in addition to manufacturing director of Spirax-Sarco. Mr S. J. D. Gegg has become group sales director (Spirax Sarco products) in addition to sales director of Spirax-Sarco. Mr S. J. Harris has become group financial director and continues as secretary.

Mr Peter Wakefield has been appointed a director of N. M. Rothschild's fund management subsidiary, N. M. ROTHSCHILD

CONTRACTS

Over £10m for Pochin's

A £2m factory to be built by POCHIN'S at Wrexham, North Wales, in a joint venture with the local borough council. The 80,000 sq ft factory and offices on the Gresford Industrial Estate is to be leased by Metal-Box on completion and will eventually provide 200 new jobs in the area. Other contracts awarded to Pochin's include an army camp redevelopment for the Property Services Agency at Chester (£8.8m); an office development in Chester (£800,000); refuelling facilities at RAF Valley on Anglesey (£330,000); a cold store for Sealink at Holyhead £100,000) and a boilerbouse at Riskey Remand Centre in Cheshire (£750,000). ASSET MANAGEMENT. He joins as deputy head of the pension fund department. He was previously investment manager at Clerical Medical and General

Prof. Henry Beker, directors of research, Racal Research

Mr David Gordon, former managing director of Key Markets, has been appointed to the board of SINGLO GROUP, as an executive director.

Assurance Society.

tCL has won a £625,000 contract with the Sembawang Group, Singapore. The order is for a 2957 mainframe computer and 25 distributed resource systems. The Sembawang Group is a conglomerate engaged in ship repairing, owning and management, tug services, engineering, oil industry fabrication, diesel engine manufacturing and financial investment.

Mr Brian E. Hayden has been appointed to the board of HENRY WIGFALL AND SON, Sheffield, as system and administration director. He was director of credit development and head of group planning and administration with Allders Department. tration with Aliders Department

be complete within 12 months
in Ministry of Defence requirements for the cranes are that
they are capable of being used
for brige building; can handle
heavy assemblies on army fighting vehicles; can be handled
from the base forward; and can
run in convoy at high road
speeds and still be immediately
available for off-highway work.
The crane can lift 15 tonnes and
has an undertook height of 12.7
metres. It has three on-wheel
capabilities up to nine tonnes.

KALDAIR has been awarded a contract to supply a nitrogen generation unit in the Buchan Field of the North Sea. The order is expected to be worth almost £500,000. The generation unit will be used to supply nitrogen for gas lifting wells into production when no natural gas is available. The overall canacity of this system, which gas is available. The overall capacity of this system, which will also be used to meet the platform's purging requirements, means that the pressure swing absorbtion unit which will be used, is the largest of its kind to be installed officere.

The TOWCO GROUP has wor COLES CRANES has won a multi-million pound order with the British army for 80 of its cranes. The order is for the model \$15M all-terrain truck Combernere, Windsor; and crane. The cranes will be built in Sunderland and delivery will at Hounslow.

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UK ECONOMIC INDICATORS

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY-Indices of industrial production, manufacturing output (1980=100); engineering orders (1980=100); retail sales volume (1978=100); retail sales volume (1978=100); retail sales value (1978=100); registered unemployment (excluding school leavers) and unfilled vacancies (000s). All seasonally adjusted.

Indi. Mfg. Eng. Retail Retail Unemprod. output order vol. value* ployed Vacs 98.8 98.3 93.6 92.9 111 115 1st qtr. 94.2 95.6 94.2 93.6 94.3 94.7 99.6 99.5 100.1 99.0 99.7 113.6 110.1 111.1 158.7 154.7 148.9 2,987 2,983 3,001 3,026 3,021 2,970 2,968 2,957 2nd otr. January February March

OUTPUT—By market sector; consumer goods, investment goods, intermediate goods (materials and fuels); engineering output, metal manufacture, textiles, leather and clothing (1980=100); housing starts (000s, monthly average).

Consumer Invst. Intmd. Eng. Metal Textile Housg, goods goods output mnfg. etc. starts*

112.9

113.7 114.0 113.9

157.8

15.1 1st qtr. 87.0 88.0 87.0 19.6 15.6 18.2 2nd qtr. 91.0 104.9 106.0 94.0 94.0 92.0 93.0 93.0 100.0 100.0 108.0 105.0 104.0 111.0 February March April May 91.0 91.0 92.0 195.0 106.0 107.9 195.0 107.0 88.0 87.0 87.0

EXTERNAL TRADE—Indices of export and import volume (1980=100); visible balance; current balance (£m); oil balance (£m); terms of trade (1980=100); exchange reserves.

Export Import Visible Current Oil Terms Resv.

volume volume balance balance balance trade US\$bn*

196.6 107.7 109.0 107.5 103.3 106.6 110.2 106.5 108.1

FINANCIAL—Money supply M1 and sterling M3, bank advances in sterling to the private sector (three months' growth at annual rate); domestic credit expansion (£m); building societies' net inflow; HP, new credit; all seasonally adjusted. Clearing Bank

2,499 2,498 857 792 850 783 847 868 783

INFLATION—Indices of earnings (Jan 1975=100); basic materials and fuels, wholesale prices of manufactured products (1980=100); retail prices and food prices (1974=100); FT commodity index (July 1952=100); trade weighted value of sterling (1975=100).

Earn—Basic Whsale—FT*
ings* matls.* mnfg.* RPI* Foods* comdity. Strig.

302.1 306.3 301.8 302.1 302.4 304.6 305.6 308.8 308.7 309.4 235.9 240.8 232.4 281.1 238.2 237.7 241.1 243.8 247.6 124.6 123.7 124.1 125.4 124.2 123.1 123.8 124.0 123.2 124.2 121.8 124.2 121.2 121.7 122.4 123.6 124.3 124.6 134.7 125.0 327.0 333.7 325.9 327.3 327.9 332.6 333.9 334.7 336.5 338.0 Not seasonally adjusted.

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In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the Interest Period 29th September, 1983 to 29th Merch, 1984 the Notes will bear interest at the rate of 10 in 29th Merch, 1984 the Notes will bear interest at the rate of 10 in 29th Merch, 1984 the Notes will bear interest, 5100,000 Note will be per annum. The Coupon Amount per U.S. 5100,000 Note

est Payment Date will be 29th March, 1984. Agent Bank Samuel Montagu & Co. Limited

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THE REAL TRAVELLER'S WAY.

IN THE beginning, of course, there was Habitat. Then came Next, the Hepworth womenswear chain, followed by the Mothercare takeover, with Heals in its wake. Now there's

So the Conran machine marches on up the high street. The man to whom a new door is always opening, this week unlocks five more as he aims to plug yet another gap in the market with his newest venture—this time in the teenage clothing field. For Sir Terence, living up to his role as an innovator in the UK retail trade, it notches up another first.

Hardly surprising, you say, from the retailer whose nose for marketing chances and for marketing chances and flair for design have been pushing back the frontiers of high street shopping for the past 19 years. Ever since he unleashed his first Habitat shop in London's Fulham Road in 1964 he's been raisting standards by example and ing standards by example and turning the business of buy-ing from a chore into a

pleasure.
From Saturday, boys and girls aged between 10 and 16 years will be specially eatered

for in five new shops aimed exclusively at them.

No UK retailer has attempted to tackle this tricky and fragmented market so singlemindedly—as many a foot-weary mother knows after slogging round the specialist departments of large chain-stores. Neither child nor adult, the young teenager has been starved of choice.

Other retailers' experience suggests that Conran should find a receptive audience.

C & A, which has run
a successful childrens-wear
department for years which includes young teenager sizes, finds young giris especially do not like shop-lying in childrenswear, pre-ferring a boutique arrange-

ment. ' Laura Ashley's decision two years ago to extend its sizing downwards to include a size 8 -though just a token gesture —has been enthusiastically received. And Marks and Spencer, while its only venture into this specialist market so far was short lived, regards teenagers as an important target for the future. Three years ago it opened a special teenage department in its flagship Marble Arch store — but integrated it back into the main store when it didn't

pay its way. Now, of course, is a much more ambitious concept but why should Conran's bold have only dipped a toe in the

Feona McEwan on the latest in UK retailing...

Now is the time to plug a gap



"He understands the importance of strong identity," according to a City stores analyst. "It's a key factor in retailing now. So many retailers have extended their product ranges that they are now blurred at the edges. Now stands out on its own and is therefore likely to achieve a strong consumer

How risky is the venture? Not very, says Conran pre-dictably. "Does anyone think we can fail?" he asked his staff in one shop with an amused twinkle. Many City analysts would agree. " Pretty sure it'll do well" is a general opinion. "We think the tightshop that teenagers will like and yet that parents will feel is sufficiently respectable," says Conran.

'We're not attempting to cater for high teenage fashion. cater for high teenage fashion. That really is a dicey business best left to the owner-occupiers of boutiques. What we're offering is a range of clothes reasonably priced and of good quality bought by the Mothercare team, yet not dreary like school uniforms."

If individually the expensive If individually the garments

don't strike you as exceptional — indeed it might be possible to find similar items by scour-ing other stores — it is the overall collection and the way it's presented that gives the He knows well that it's

not just what you sell but the way you sell it. As a well-presented meal stimu-lates the appetite so display and packaging play a leading role in the buying process. Rows of colour co-ordinated garments stacked in columns

of chic grey mesh strike the eye handsomely as you enter the shop. Also the central counter, on which Conran places much faith (selling keyrings, earrings, peucil sharpeners) is positioned next to the till to tempt the But a pretty face in itself

isn't enough to fill the coffers, as the demise of Biba, the fashionable London store, illustrates. Conran philosophy backs quality over price every time. He knows the and sticks to it. Everything must pass muster; fabric swatches pass across his deak,

IMAGINE running a chain of markets in a country where the law has effectively frozen the number of larger shops at about where it stood in the early 1970s, and in which the supposed economies of scale enjoyed by large stores count for little when many of the small shops with which they are competing are operating in or near the Black Economy.

has hardly affected Italy.
 Modern Italy still has 920,000

like La Rinascente is how to find a profitable—and expandable—niche in this welter of competition. "The big U.S. stores can measure themselves against each other," says Rafaele Miraglia, the company's description of the competition of the comp deputy commercial manager. "We have to compete with the mass of shops in the immediate

The Rinascente group—born way back in 1917 out of the ruins of another company—now has 14 department stores bearing its name. The two in Rome are, by London standards, extremely small. There are also about 200 variety stores called Upim, which sell food as well as clothes and other goods. about 50 supermarkets named SMA (concentrating on food), seven hypermarkets (all in the more advanced North) and seven cash and carries (four of them in the South). One or two stores are opened a year and others closed—the group's sales promote the sale of fresh food floor area stands at 548,000 sq are going well, with a 10 per metres—but there is little cent increase in customers and chance while the law stays the a 30 per cent rise in what they same, of any major expansion.

These are the problems faced by La Rinascente, one of the country's biggest and certainly its most prestigious stores group They add up to a market-ing nightmare. The retailing revolution which has rest most of Europe and North America—large stores, shopping centres, powerful retail chains

shops of less than 5,050 square metres, the number of shops per capita is twice what it is in West Germany and there is the further hazard of 250,000 registered street traders — not to mention many thousands more who are politely described as not registered."
The challenge facing groups

Despite all these handicaps, however, La Rinascente's latest to show that the skilful use of almost any amount of space, however limited, can pay off. Rinascente's net profits rose from L11.7bn (£5m) in 1979 on sales of L909bn (£380m) to

fleetingly,

Couran's design flair is re

Couran's design flair is re-mowned. Now thanks to the 1981 merger with Mothercare he has the back-up of that company's sophisticated com-puterised management sys-tems. It is this combination that has enabled him to put Now on the streets after just coven months, operation

seven months' gestation.

"It shows a further increase in the role of the specialist retailer," one City stores analyst says. Certainly the retail world will be monitoring its progress with

the retail world will be monitoring its progress with keen interest. "It's a good thing," says C & A. "It highlights the need. It'll be interesting to see what a specialist shop can do." "We look forward to Now," says Marks and Spencer. "It can only generate new interest and attract new shoppers into areas where the outlets are."

reas where the outlets are."

If Now is a success—and

according to the Mothercare team it will know in the first

six weeks—what began as an experiment could become a

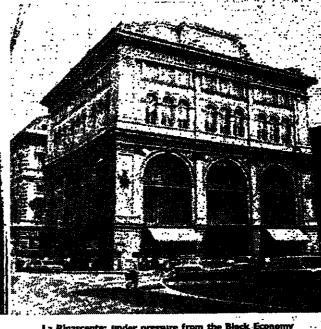
fixture in our high streets with another 20 branches

appearing next year. There is a chance, then, that Now

could indeed last forever.

L32bn last year on sales of L1,572bn. But those are still modest profits and the current recession is biting hard, making ever more crucial the question of how it markets itself in a James Buxton on a major Italian stores group

The challenge of a hostile environment



In the 1970s the supermarkets and food departments of Upim faced the disadvantage

that many shoppers associated them with selling prepacked food, tins and frozen goods, rather than fresh food. It was hard to break the average Italian housewife's habit of buying fresh food daily at a number of little shop, taking on the gossip from one to the next and even haggling over However, the recession which

began in Italy in 1981 helped the supermarkets. As family budgets became righter. shops in search of cheaper packaged cheese, meat, vege

so far been reconstructed to

shopper away from the habit of going to the supermarket. The Upin stores saw their only once a week and get her sales rise by only 9 per cent last

The effect is already beginning to show up in Rina-scente's results. In 1982 the group's seles rose by 17.6 per cent compared with an infla-tion rate of 16.5 per cent. Within that growth the fastest growing sector was food, sales of which grew by almost 29 per cent, while the supermarket chain's sales rose 28 per cent on the basis of unchanged floor

The Upim variety stores and the department stores have more intractable marketing problems. They face competition on two fronts: first, from the specialised clothing and household equipment stores which, while retaining their traditional sales methods (the customer has to tell the shop assistant what he wants and can often obtain a discount), in smart premises. For those who are impatient

is the second form of competi-

tion, from shops in the Benet-ton chain and its imitators,

knitwear and jeans they wish

Rinasscente can match the Benetton type of store only by providing more choice under one roof. In competition with the traditional clothes shop it can stress the advantages of letting the customer roam freely and of offering fixed.

displayed prices. The Rinascente department stores and Upims present a con-trast to the often rather formal and intimidating traditional and intimidating traditional shops. The atmosphere in the Piazza Colomis store in Rome has a somewhat downmarket atmosphere aimed at younger shoppers with rock music playing and interpensive clothes, most of them bearing the Rinascente label. The company's flagship store next to Milan cothedral is smarter and has cathedral is smarter and has recently been refurbished. Perhaps as a consequence its sales rose 13 per cent last year, while those of the department stores as a whole rose only 3 per cent—a substantial decline in real terms, which the company attributes to recession.

for a sector that accounts for almost half total group turnover. "The variety store is declining everywhere," says Miragiia. "The trend is towards specialist stores, but bigger and better than before. As generalists we can only compete with specialist -- shops specialising more ourselves."

As a result departments are being cut out, such as those selling home electrical equipment-"we can't offer the discounts that specialist dealers give, and so the floor space such equipment takes up doesn't justify itself."

Rinascente is opening up the first of a chain of do-it-yourself equipment shops in Turin, and venture—fast food. Rinascente will have to overcome a national suspicion of anything that is not cooked as mother did but other Italian entrepreneurs believe Italy may now be ready

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<u>and the first of the first section of the property of the first section of the first section</u>

THE ARTS

The Country Girl/Apollo

Michael Coveney

blooded backstage comedy as Winter Journey, performed in 1952 by Michael Redgrave, Sam Wanamaker and Googie Withers.
Robin Lefèvre's revival, which
takes a good while to catch
fire, reverts to the original title
of a play in which Clifford Odets, according to Brooks
Atkinson, "absented himself
from the cosmos . . . and wrote
a touching sentimental drama."

A little word I feel to broke A little passe, I feel, to insist with his detractors that Odets sold out in the twilight of his career. A Watford Palace revival of The Big Knije last year was a revelation, with Ian McShane as the cardboard Hollywood star. If the model for that role was John Garfield, there is more than a touch of John Barrymore about Frank Elgin, the alcoholic has-been lion given a final chance on the boards by a child fan newly grown to method-influenced director.

The fine poise and balance of the play resides in the character of Frank's wife, Georgie, the country giri. Bernie the direc-tor gets to Frank through her good offices and, indeed, attrac-tion for him. Will Frank make it through the opening night on Broadway, will be learn his it through the opening night on Broadway, will he learn his caught in the playwright of lines, will he keep off the bottle? And will his marriage of Michael Percival and the survive this sudden jolt to his

London knows this full-falling out with Wanamaker, looded backstage comedy as and you feel that a little of inter Journey, performed in their animated loathing would not go amiss in the early scenes of this production. John Stride as Frank goes suitably wild and daemonic in the latter stages, but he hardly suggests a ruined thespian down on his luck to start with. The tone of Hannah Gordon's Georgie is similarly awry, reeking for most of the evening of matronly charm rather than innocent despair. Until the interval, I was secretly yearning for the admittedly bizarre readings of Laurence Payne and Eleanor Bron in a touring version I caught in Croydon four years

> But the show gathers pace quite magnificently, mainly due to Martin Shaw as the director. know with bags under his cheel bones. He presents, with style and flair, the figure of an ambitious, fast-talking instinctive director with whom Odets was several times familiar in the Group Theatre days. The sight of Mr Stride find-ing his rhythm on the road, back in harness and "winging like a lark" is a splendid one, craven producer of the aptly surnamed Simon Merrick



John Stride and Hannah Gordon

herbal cigarettes, a sign that a black surround and finally

neither male lead is a real yielding a sleek walnut art-deco smoker. No, rs'lud, I don't think it's marijuana.

The dispiriting chill of the shocking in context. It seals asiling career?

In his upcoming autobiography, Redgrave reserves two fascinating pages for his such that the sickly sweet stench of the apity surramed Simon Merrick.

The dispiriting chill of the Boston try-out theatre is well is filled for most of the night with the sickly sweet stench of using drapes and solid pieces on less satisfactory earlier on.

Record Review

A cause for cautious celebration

Alceste is the title of two Gluck operas—closely related common musical material verv different in style and format. Of the first opera-the so-called second "Reform opera," written to Calzabigi's Italian libretto for Vienna in 1767—there has lasted long in the catalogue a respectable Decca recording led by Kirsten Flagstad. But of the second—the reworking, to a out in the very region where French text, for Paris nine years Gluck places his most demand-later, the form in which Alceste ing climaxes). French text, for Paris nine years is always found today—a worth-while complete recording has long been one of the gramophone's most aching lacunae. But now at last, from a little-known German label there comes an all-but-complete (only a handful of repeats and the final dance suite missing)
Munich issue of the Paris Alceste; and its very existence, in tolerable sound, would be cause enough for celebration

the recording business, still much to be prized. Alceste, in either version, constitute's Gluck's grandest operatic conception. That conception was imperfectly realised for the theatre because of builtin constrictions in the plot, and in consequence of the difficulty composer and respective libreteither version to a fully effective ending. But if the dramatic range is narrow, the musical is broad; Alceste is filled with music that sounds monumental singing on record have been set Alceste. and dull only when it is thus played and sung—and radiantly upliftingly beautiful when, as

even were the performance sub-

stantially less good. It is not

ideal, but it was made with care, seriousness, and a very evident love of the work-virtues, both

in Gluck interpretation and in

is comprehendingly delivered. The occupant of the title role and the conductor are the opera's all-important columnar cither imperils the whole edi-

lime but cruelly taxing dramathe drama, in limpid, graceful fitness of that accomplishment tic soprano roles in the rendition. One misses the to what is arguably Handel's repertory. It shows. The singing warmth (which need not premost profoundly serious and lambent, long of line, at its most womanly and tender in the third and final act. But it is not heroic singing, owing at least partly to the thinning out of the unadorned wind solos. Gedda's singer's ton three or few parts. singer's top three or four notes relative to the rest of her sumptuous instrument (a thinning

And it is not fully dramatic singing. Miss Norman pro-nounces the French language with some refinement but with-out the naturalness born of either native inheritance or hard theatrical grounding. (Hercules), Weikl (Apollo)— are all vigorous, slightly thick, Hercules, an unsatisfactory late addition to Gluck's Paris Act 3, is in Handel's "musical

Gluck: Alceste. Jessye Norman, Nicolai Gedda, Tom Krause. Ginck: Alceste. Jessye Norman, Nicolai Gedna, Tom Krause. Siegmund Nimsgern, Bernd Weikl, Robert Gambill etc./Bavarian Radio Chorus and SO/Serge Baudo. Orfeo SO3482F (3 records). Handel: Hercules. John Tomlinson, Sarah Walker, Jennifer Smith, Anthony Rolfe Johnson etc./Monteverdi Choir, English Baroque Soloists/John Eliot Gardiner, DG Archiv 2742 004 (3 records). Plea on Cassatta.

records), also on cassette.

Mozart: Così fan tutte. Margaret Marshall, Agnes Baltsa. Vienna State Opera Chorus and PO/Riccardo Muti. EMI HMV SLS 1435163 (3 records), also on cassette.

perceptive dramatisation, have little of the controlled fire that Dame Janet brought to them; arias expressive of passionate emotion sound oddly extern-alised. Miss Norman's Alcestis is in many respects an exquisite by such supremely eloquent sopranos as Frida Leider, Suzanne Balguerie, and the great Callas, and it is by them that this fine and noble performer deserves to be measured. and the conductor are the Baudo obtains clear, wellopera's all-important columnar ordered execution, lacking only
supports; serious weakness in French forwardness of timbre, from orchestra and chorus. He fice. By Jessye Norman and understands the secret of keep-

Recitatives, those vehicles for drama" of three decades or so Gluck's most psychologically earlier a typically full and rounded characterisation — heroic but also pompous, a bit of a blusterer and a braggart. His performance, by John Tomlinson, is one of the good things about the highly accomplished new Archiv set, which makes portrayal, and comment of this Hercules available on records kind will seem stingy; but the after a gap almost as long and classical standards of Gluck as distressing as that left by

(High Priest). Nimsger (Hercules), Weikl (Apollo)

The high accomplishment is familiar from Eliot Gardiner's London concert performances: an excellent small chorus in sharp definition at all times, the fresh, unencumbered sound of well-played period instruments, polish and dramatic sense combined in most of the solo parts (even if it is possible to find Jennifer Smith's Iole a Serge Baudo it is held secure, ing the music moving even at bit cool, and Anthony Rolfe if less than triumphantly so. Miss Norman has not yet tested "beautiful simplicity" is Yet doubts, provoked by on stage one of the most sub-

clude steadiness of unfolding) tragic dramatic creation are that Mackerras realised in it not wholly allayed here. The style wants gravity: even in such passages as the "Jealousy" chorus, attention tends to be unadorned wind solos. Gedda's Admetus, grown less limber in drawn to the nippy attack, the fancy measuring-out of pauses. Admetis, grown less limber in the 22 year since he recorded Alceste excerpts for EMI under Prêtre, has matured into a serious, dignified characterisa-tion. The lower voices—a commanding line-up. Krause (High Priest). Nimsgern At moments like this the execu tive skills interpose themselves listener and the Handel.

of Sarah Walker to sway the balance back towards the music. Dejanira, Hercules's passionate, jealous, finally crazily remorseful wife, holds the centre of the work; Miss Walker's portrayal, of a potable technical virtuosity which is never in the least selfserving, seems to me quite the most powerful of any role on any of these records. She plays the Mad Scene in high drama which is at the same time good, bad and indifferent pro-inwardly directed; the listener ductions with the same hearty is also an eavesdropper on a terrible moment of private self-whistle for excess of any kind). reckoning. Miss Walker is a In that regard, Pula is unique. major artist: the gramophone catching up with her at last. The latest issue of Cost, a much-recorded opera, is

"live" transcription of last year's new production at Salz-burg. There is presence in the sound (and a bearable amount of stage noise) but it is an advantage rather too frequently offset by passing imperfections repeated hearings one would like a correction of the intonation of Araiza's Ferrando in "Fra gli amplessi" and a toning-down of the bouncy style of Baltsa's Dorabella in her second aria. In spite of such flaws this is an elegant account of the work, clean-lined as in the best of Muti (and happily unforced, which is less predictable): it comes with only one weak spot in its casting—a ponderous Guglielmo in James Morris—and a particularly deli-cate Alfonso in the protean Van Dam. But Böhm, Karajan, and Davis have all, in their different Davis have all, in their different ways, probed deeper into the pen of Gordan Mihić (an ways, probed deeper into the work; it is to their recordings that the seeker is directed first max LOPPERT | Babić (the mentor of Yugo-

Pianola and chorus/Purcell Room

Rex Lawson again brought one of his pianolas to the South Bank on Tuesday, and a lot of piano rolls and this time James Wood's new Landon Chamber wood's new London Chamber Choir too. Mr Lawson's waist-length beard provided a focal point for a programme that catered to very different sorts of interest.

It included no reproductions of great pianists' performances: instead there were pieces com-posed directly for the player-piano (which can do things impossible for human fingers), and sections of Petrushka and Rite of Spring transcribed for the instrument by Stravinsky himself, and other transcriptions of music intended originally for piano solo, duet or duo. These last are interesting chiefly to pianolists, who may - as Lawson demonstrated exercise much subtler control over the unrolling music than you might suppose. The most charming item was Szymanowski's Thème Varié on a roll cut Toccai 50 years ago by Frederick carrow Evans with great sensitivity; Ampic the dimmest was a transcription of Ravel's four-band haps.

version of Debussy's Apris-midi d'un faune, which sounded subfuse and ill-balanced. Often the pianola seemed too gentle, making a less exciting noise than a live performer would do perhaps a reflection of Lawson's own taste, perhaps only of the fact that most piano rolls were designed for domestic

Certainly the piano part of Brahms' Liebesliederwaler was too reticent, leaving the

enthusiastic choir under-supported. On their own in Ernst Toch's "Geographical Fugue," a spoken-and-shouted jeu d'esprit on succulent placenames, they were excellent. Stravinsky's quasi-documents were interesting, though one couldn't guess how far Lawson was "interpreting" them.

All the proper pianola music was delightful and inventive: besides Stravinsky's familiar Etude there were clever studies by Toch and a Hindemith by Toch and a Hindemith Toccata. One of Conion Nan-carrow's amazing studies on Ampico rolls would have been welcome. Another time, per-

Tennstedt/Festival Hall

Andrew Clements

Pogorelich not been the soloist, it would have guaranteed a sellout: Rimsky-Korsakov's Night on a Bare Mountain (so far in spirit and sonority from Musorg-sky's original as to qualify as the first movement cadenza a recomposition). Chaikovsky's first piano concerto and Also sproch Zarathustra.

Klaus Tennstedt opened his poem under the most sympa-rst season as the London thetic baton; Tennstedt made it first season as the London thetic baton; Tennstedt made it Philharmonic's principal conseem more than usually short-ductor last week with Beet-breathed. He handled the broad hoven's minth symphony. re-paragraphs of the opening secviewed here with qualified tion with undeserved nobility, praise by Dominic Gill. The gave the "Dance-Song" a rather matching of temperament to earnest Viennese lilt, shaped the repertory is clearly going to be slithering fugue with fastidious-a crucial factor in Tennstedt's ness. But the more frantic trantenure; he has founded his sitions were dangerously over-reputation at least in London heated; little refinement was left on Bruckner and Mahler and for the epilogue.

reputation at least in London on Bruckner and Mahler and has stepped warily through the rest of the 19th century.

On paper, Tuesday night's Festival Hall promised a variably rewarding response, and so it proved. Even had Ivo Pogorelich not been the soloist, the world have a proposed a superlative by some moments of superlative pianism, breathtaking in their textural imagination and control. One day Pogorelich not been the soloist, ing and individual account of ing and individual account of this most abused of concertos. The bones are already there especially), featherlight in passagework and yet always ready to draw a wispy impressprach Zarathustra.
Fiery, excitable Rimsky, with languorous, seductive woodwind playing, was balanced by excitable, ultimately vapid Strauss. It is a treacherously thin tone ready to draw a wispy impressionist gauze across a savoured phrase. But still he is too fond of following where fancy leads and this waywardness jarred against Tennstedt's straighting the straighting of the straighting

Double Bill/Upstream

Martin Hoyle

Andrew Visnevski's Cherub their own stage directions—company is back in Waterloo, resilient, and unbowed as ever. Staggers," exclaims the Queen, doing just that; and "For the Twelfth Night a fascinating box of delights surface fitfully in these two plays by expatriate Americans: vitality, visual imagination, and a company of young unknowns whose crisp that needs the deadpan spare-technique remind one of how technique remind one of how soggily played supporting roles can be in more richly endowed establishments. The nursery style contrasts with the anecdote's sour sub-

Pula's "jubilee festival"-30

years of Yugoslay feature films

in that magnificent second-cen-

tury Vespasian arena-brought more visitors to this Adriatic

resort town than ever before over the past decade. As national festivals go, this is one

of the best liked by critics and

Europe does one find 10,000 enthusiastic film fans greeting

for example. Branko Baletic's Balkon Express portrays the opening shots of World War II through the eyes of a wandering

band of thieves and commen-posing under the guise of night

club musicians ("Balkan Express Band") on occasion.

One of the petty thieves is the John Wayne of Yugoslav

cinema, Bata Zivojinović, whose

national popularity is said to rank second to the currently presiding President of the coun-

try. Another is Tanja Bosković, a comedienne with a finesse for

a comeraenne with a finesse for witty throw-away kines and a shapely figure to match. And a third is Dragan Nikolić, a distinguished stage-and-screen actor whose performances at the Atelier 212 in

Belgrade are legendary. None

of these, including the director,

would have succeeded in making Balkan Express a Pula arena

hit, however, without the magic

September 23-29

ness of a Thurber cartoon.

stance. A superstitious queen seeks the unicorn as a cure for The opening fairy-tale is seeks the unicorn as a cure for archly faux-naif. Kate Vandegrift was a novelist, inter alia, closes with her, clutching its

favourite (who caters on the chance. They are alternately side to his master's more offered for sale and displayed as frenkish fairground targets and its animals are destroyed. ination, and a company of you The mock simplicity even-tually cloys, obscuring the tart of age. "I'd rather be dead comment on male vanity, en-than get old" sums up the discomment on male vanity, en-forced female role-playing and

taining four old people in half-

Ms Shafer has some horrific tasteful hostility of the mature, while the young see Granny The Gold Sarcophagus of Roxanne Shafer's play is a cage wheeled on hy care and play is a cage wheeled on hy care and play is a cage wheeled on hy care and play is a cage wheeled on hy care and play is a cage wheeled on hy care and play is a cage wheeled on hy care and play is a cage wheeled on hy care and play is a cage wheeled on hy care and play is a cage wheeled on hy care and play is a cage wheeled on hy care and play is a cage wheeled on hy care and play is a cage wheeled on hy care and play is a cage wheeled on hy care and play is a cage where the care and play is a cage where a care and play is a cage where the care and play is a cage wh Roxanne Shafer's play is a cage long and ultimately too diswheeled on by a sinister auctioneer-cum-ringmaster con-difference on the conwith Unicorn, the well-drilled griff was a novelist, inter alia, closes with her, clutching its and her pleasure in language would make Unicorn Unchanged a suitable piece for radio. The ance. After the interlocked effect of characters speaking to the pleasure in language would make Unicorn Unchanged a suitable piece for radio. The ance. After the interlocked effect of characters speaking to the plays of the cast. Derek Hutchinson catches symbolist theatre. They con-associated with that protruber fide to us their various hopes: beautifully; and Mary Keegan, in both plays, shows attack, return of youthful beauty. Fat

Pula Film Festival

Ronald Holloway



Caris Corfman and Miki Manojlovic in a scene from "Something In Between"

Both Mihić and Babić were film"-meaning those contemporary portraits sketching the seamy side of Yugoslav life, particularly Serbian transients on the edge of respectable society. Its lower to several the formal transients on the edge of respectable society. Its lower to several the formal transients on the grand Prix (Golden Arena) went to Zivojin Pavthe edge of respectable society. the edge of respectable society.

slavia's New Generation Directors, who founded Art Film in the days when Yugoslav cinema 1980). ebb. Thus, the warming arena prominent a decade ago in the reception at Pula for Balkan movement known as the black Express amounts to a public vin-Express amounts to a public vin-dication for several key figures

the edge of respectable society.

Mihić, in particular, was famous for his collaboration with Ljubisa Kozomara on the screen a tragic rendezvous with a fate plays for Zivojin Pavlović's The Rats Wake Up (1967) (Golden Bear at the Berlinale) and When the festival, together with Zelitwo films that ended up on the shelves in the early 1970s when the so-called "black film" was top billing later in the arena—singled out for critical attack Pavlovic, Zilnik, and Cengic all

appeared on the Yugoslav film scene: Slovenia's Franci Slak, whose Eva recalls Antonioni's women on their lonely gaits across strange landscapes. In this case the female protagonist is a well-paid architect, a widow with two teenaged children and an unresponsive lover on the side. As the lady sinks deeper and deeper into her dreamworld, she seeks a resolution in the acting est half-seeks and believed. in the acting of killing.

Of the 26 films presented at Pula, only one classified as an action-packed, partisan-oriented "Eastern." At prior festivals it was common to spend half of the time staring down gun-barrels at invading Germans. That dry brand of ironic Yugoslav humour was instead in full force once again—particularly in Karpo Godina's Red Boogie, or What's Up, Girl? (Slovenia in the fifties) and Slobodan Sijan's How I Was Systematically Destroyed by an Idiot (Serbia in the late sixties). Chances are better than even, say some, that even Dusan Makavejev will return shortly to work on a new black comedy. The icing on this year's festival cake came with Srdjan Karanovic's intellectually stimulating Something in Between. A parable on East meets West, the film opens in New York and closes in Istanbul—in between, that something is Belgrade and Dubrovnik, outposts for ripe discussions on Socialism vs Capitalism between an Ameri-

Arts Guide

Exhibitions

abroad Ends Oct 9.

The Hayward & Serpentine Galleries: The Sculpture Show – this year the Arts Council's annual review of

some particular aspect of contemporary British art - takes new sculp-ture as its subject, with the personal

selections of three invited jurore covering altogether the work of some 50 artists. But so wide and var-

some 50 artists. But so wide and various is this field, that this is no definitive show: rather it is its very partiality which makes it so useful, bringing to the domestic public the work of a younger and ascendant generation that has already begun to attract considerable attention whereat Fords Ort 9.

The National Gallery, Manet at Work: this year falls the centenary of Man-et's death, which now, in the knowl-edge of the great old age achieved by his Impressionist contempora-ries where he influenced

ries, whom he must be tively, seems so sadly premature. The great retrospective in Paris this summer clarified the nature and significant property of the prop

the National Gallery does not give

the National Callety does no section in anything so comprehensive, but takes eight major works across the range of his career, and by simple scholarly exposition, shows us how he set about his business.

nificance of his achievement. H

his Impressionist contempora-whom he influenced so post-

RALL TO

RAEUS

Arts appears each Friday.

Music/Monday. Opera and Ballet/Tuesday. Theatre/Wednesday. Exhibitions/Thursday. A selective guide to all the

positions from these preliminary but evocative works. Ends Nov 13. antor Sculpture Centre: Set against a

Almost 200 important paintings marking the 100th anniversary of the artist's death are included in the most comprehensive Manet exhibi-

man venue of Art Treasures from Ancient Nigeria with 100 exhibits bearing witness to the oldest Afri-can cultures from 500 BC to 1900 AD, Ends Oct 23. Berlin, Akademie der Künste, 10 Han-

sentenwer: Suprematism, Russian style is documented here with roughly 500 original designs. Mani-festos, photos and paintings from between 1900 and 1917 by the paintperween 1900 and 1917 by the painter Kasimir Malevith. The poet Alexander Krutshenych and the composer Mikhail Matyushin. Ends October 9. Also at the Abadania er Mariani Matyusini. Ents octo-ber 9. Also at the Akademie der Künste: a show of the work of Julio Gonzales (1878-1942), the Spanish sculptor, with 250 exhibits, among them pictures never shown before. Ends October 23.

Hamburg, Kunstverein, Glockengies-serwall: 120 drawings, water colours and gouaches from between 1881 1955 by Fernand Leger, the

ters Platz: more than 100 paintings and coloured sheets from a northern

them Ernst Ludwig Kirchner, Max Pechstein and Erich Heckel. Ends October 16. Düsseldori, Tonhalle, 1 Ehrenhof:

Stadel, 63 Schaumainkai: the exhibi-tion has the sculpture "The King of the Mountain" as well as 57 drawings by Josef Beuys, the German object artist. Ends October 30.

Rome: Musei Capitolini, till end of September an exhibition of the res-tored Roman Empire period doll, including wardrobe and jewellery, "Crepereia Tryphaena" – a 2000-year-old lost treasure. At the Galle-ria Nazionale d'Arte Moderna till end September, Ottone Rosai oneman show. Milan: At the Chiesa delle Grazie

ted previously. Venice, Cantieri Navali alla Giudecca. Works by Burri. Ends Sept 30.

WASHINGTON National Gallery: With the recent death of American art patron, John Hay Whitney, his outstanding col-lection of French impressionists and

October 2. CHECAGO

Art Institute: 237 works from the Vati-Art Institute: 237 works from the Vati-can Collection show the range of re-ligious and secular art that Popes collected as important patrons to both artists and archaeologists. Compared to what can be seen in Rome, the travelling exhibit may seem meagre but at the same time, major works like the Apollo Belve-dere and Caravaggio's The Deposi-tion can be better highlighted in this carefully chosen and well-groomed selection. Ends Oct 16.

F.T. CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 5,229

ACROSS

1 & 4 Many have been detected studying her works (6, 8) 9 Coach loses gold twice! Remark produced (3-3) 10 Very French licence is a sin (8)

12 Grumble when brief contest's rested (8)

13 Sensible about cut lip—get medical solution (6)
15 Flier in the traveller net-

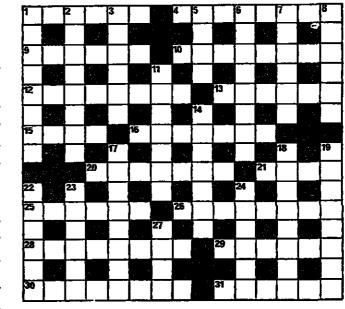
16 Kind of salt-name example put round vermin (7) 20 Singular round of applause
—quietly celebrate it (7)
21 Indifferent appeal for help's getting round (2-2)
25 Initially the engineer's after

smashing coal find (6)
26 Disease giving hesitation, B1 without, repeatedly (8)
28 Plump pudding! (4-4)
29 Against swindle with paintings being backed (6)
30 & 31 Valuable possession hanging around (6, 2, 6)

DOW'N

6 Ants and ts could be ticks 23 Jovial, not starting about the

7 U.S. soldle. in overturned vehicle? Disastrous! (6)
8 & 19 Times off following 27 Singer, totally (Get her?



11 Smallest car for keeping to 1 & 22 Record keepers bound
... to be journalists? (8, 6)
2 A worker, one has tin, losing

oneself (7)
14 Last two sent off—a terrible, inconsistent, referee (7)

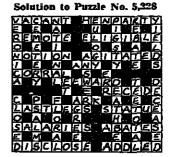
energy (That's an element) 17 Apartments to fix? What a (8) turmoil! (4, 4) (8)

3 Old City in Bible prefix, measured by time (6)

5 He's champion (or he's 19 See 8 down.

22 See 1 down.

eve (6)



Murillo in the Muscums of France. In

one of its excellent didactic exhibi-tions the Louvre has assembled, to mark the 300th anniversary of the arnst's death, his paintings and drawings - among them the Young

tions. Plans, photographs and en-gravings help us to situate the Sevil-lan artist in the context of his times. Closed Tue, ends October 24, Louvre, Pavillon de Flore (2603928). Louvre, Pavillon de Flore (2603928).

Insée Marmottan, 2 rue Louis-Boilly:
an important collection of paintings
and drawings by Claude Monet and
his friends, including the famous oil
"Impression – Sunrise," which gave
the name to the whole movement.
Closed Mon.

Beggar – from French public collec-

Closed Mon.

Musée de Cluny, 6 Place Paul-Painlève: this museum, built originally
by the Abbots of Cluny, now houses
medieval works of art, including
goldsmiths' work, carved altar
pieces, ivories, fabrics, and Limnges
envente. Also a set of the Lady and namels. Also a set of the Lady and the Unicorn mille fleurs tapestries -an allegory of the five senses. Closed Tuesday, and every lunch-

NEW YORK

Metropolitan Museum of Art: 75
works from the 20th century collection of Baron Thyssen-Bornemisza
will include 10 of his latest acquisitions. Featured in the show will be
works by Kandinsky, Picasso, Gris,
Dali, Bacon, Freud and Rothko. The
recent acquisitions are works by
Georgia O'Keeffle, Balthus, Mondrian, Picasso and Natalia Gontcharova Ends Nov 27.
Perpont Morgan Library: Drawings of

Pierpont Morgan Library: Drawings of fourteenth to eighteenth-century Italian masters include a large numltalian masters include a large num-ber of sketches for peintings by Ca-naletto, Piranesi, Titian and Tintor-etto. The drawings show off the draughtsmanship of the painters and the development of their com-

speciacular view of New York atop the World Trade Tower, 35 Rodin sculptures are displayed in the en-largements and reductions carried out by Rodin collaborator and reproducer, Henri Lebosse. One World Trade Center, 105th storev. rade Center, 105th storey. set (Metropolitan Museum of Art):

tion in nearly a century. Ends Nov 27.

WEST GERMANY Hildesheim, Römer- und Pelizaeus-Museum, am Steine: The only Ger-

French master of Cubism. Ends Oc- Florence: Palazzo Pitti: 100 paintings

German private collection by Horst Antes. Ends October 17. Bottrop, Josef Albers Museum, 20 Im Stadtgarten: oil paintings, drawings and graphics by artists from the Brücke School of painting - emong there. Ernst Ludging Kireburg, Mary

"New Glass in German" has 250 col-ourful decorated glasses, vases, bowls and pictures by 59 contempor-ary artists. Ends. November 6. cologna, Kunsthalle, 1 Josef Haubrich Hoft the exhibition focuses on the 27 country by Willers de Vernige.

sculptures by Willem de Kooning, the American painter and sculptor, since 1989. Ends October 30. Frankfurt, Städtische Galerie im

there are 100 pre-Raphaelite and Neogothic paintings for church win-

and colleges from all over the world by Gino Severini on the centenary of his birth. Orzinuovi (a small tow

near Brescia) till Oct 16: exhibition of 170 paintings by Antonio Ligabue,

their successors is on view before dispersal to various museums. Ends

Old Chinese Costumes and Embroid

ery: Müsee Royale d'Art et Histoire. Ends Oct 2. Utrillo Centenary Exhibition; Musée St. George, Liège. Ends Oct 16. James Ensor: Koninklijk Museum, Antwerp. Ends Oct 30.

Telegrams: Finantimo, London PS4. Telex; 8954871 Telephone: 01-248 8000

Thursday September 29 1983

Why Africa needs aid

THE CASH crisis of the Inter- other investors, that IMF orthonational Monetary Fund, coming on top of the simlar shortfall in the resources of the International Development Agency (IDA), the soft loan arm of the World Bank, could not have come at a worse time for the poorest nations, most of them in At the very moment when their needs are greatest, and when they have begun to appreciate the necessity for domestic policy reforms to stabilise their economies, the flows of external aid, loans and direct investment are stagnating, if not actually shrinking.

The past 18 months have seen a whole series of African countries adopting the sort of radical austerity programmes demanded by the IMF in exchange for balance of payments support. Several more, includ-ing Nigeria—the largest and economically by far the most important—are still in the midst of negotiations. The indications are that they will swallow the medicine being offered as a precondition for such assistance: devaluation, or a close equiva-lent, tight credit ceilings and curbs on government spending.

Many of those policies have previously been anathema, par-ticularly the adoption of flexible exchange rates, even where black market trading has greatly undermined a currency's real value. Introduction of an IMF programme has been regarded as a recipe for revolution in the volatile political climate of post - independence Africa.

Nevertheless, a string of countries have complied: Kenya, Malawi, Madagascar, Mauritius, Zambia and Zimbabwe have devalued once or several times; Ghana, Uganda, Sierra Leone, Sudan and Somalia have intro-duced multiple exchange rates, amounting to the same thing in

Key factor

Undoubtedly, those countries have become more receptive to the demands for policy reform— such as the dismantling of chronically inefficient state corporations, the removal of price subsidies for urban consumers, and the raising of agricultural producer prices—because of the extent of their plight. They have seen their agricultural output stagnate, and food imports soar, just as the decline in world commodity prices has drastic-ally reduced their export earnings, whether from cash crops or minerals. Even so, they have not been persuaded without difficulty. A key factor has been the relative unanimity of the relative unanimity of just when their Western aid donors, banks and being listened to

doxy, combined with the World Bank emphasis on agriculture, was a necessary precondition to other forms of assistance. Commercial debt rescheduling has been possible only in the wake of DMF programmes.

of the programmes.

There are, nonetheless, a growing number of African leaders and top officials who have willingly embraced the strategy of promoting agricul-ture, and restricting the role of ture, and restricting the role of the state sector, as advocated by the World Bank's Berg Report on Accelerated Development in sub-Saharan Africa. In its latest progress report, distributed to 146 member nations ahead of this week's annual meeting, the Bank argues that "many African governments are more clearly aware of the need to take major steps to are more clearly aware of the need to take major steps to improve the efficiency of resource use in general, but especially to improve the efficiency of the productive sectors of their economies. In the agricultural sector in particular, resource are being taken to measures are being taken to improve the incentive frame-work and the working of markets."

It is against that background that the cuts in bilateral aid flows, IMF and IDA resources, should be seen. African nations have also been badly hit by the debt crisis of Latin America, to the extent that they have here the extent that they have been tarred with the same debtors' brush, although their indebted-ness is minuscule in comparison. New commercial bank loans to the continent—in addition to what is already outstanding—have dwindled to a trickle.

Population control

That is not to say that African governments have done enough to help themselves. In parti-cular, they have almost univers-ally failed to tackle the problem of population control (Mauritius and Tunisia are about the only exceptions), as a result of which they show an ever-increasing population growth rate. The continent is still plagued by inadequate state bureaucracies, riddled with corruption, attempting to play a far wider

economic role than they are capable of sustaining.

In the words of the Bank's progress report: "The new directions of policy . . . simply represent an important but modest beginning towards what modest beginning towards what is required." But at least they have begun on a path of self-help, which needs encouragement and support. It would be quite wrong for the richer nations to curtail their support, just when their susception to

Bank supervision and change

A BANK supervisor, if at all visors seem to favour this enlightened, must constantly ask how strongly to apply a brake on change in the banking system in the name of prudence. Tac latest Bank of England Quarterly Bulletin provides a timely analysis of this dilemma, coming as it does when banks and other financial institutions are aggressively pursuing financial innovation to the point of destroying the very definition of a bank.
The analysis wisely concludes

that it is futile for supervisors to resist change, because eventually they will be swamped by it. To appreciate the dangers and distortions that result from an inflexible system, one only has to look at the chaotic state of bank regulation in the U.S. where reform has fallen so far behind innovation that regula-tory circumvention has become a highly developed — and

admired—art.

Even in the UK, where bank supervision is administered with greater flexibility, pressures are mounting to reform bank regulation in light of the part of the pa cank regulation in light of the rapid convergence of banks and building societies. Both now compete for funds in the same retail and wholesale markets, and both offer mortgages, cheque books and plastic cards. Ver each is subject to different Yet each is subject to different regulatory constraints which produce competitive inequalities with implications for monetary policy and the alloca-tion of financial resources.

Question

There are essentially two tasks. One is to produce a new definition of a bank that enables bank supervisors to preserve control in the public interest over financial institutions, be they banks or only quasi-banks. The other is to set standards that take account of the vastly different world into which

banking is moving.

The new definitions might be made by replacing the traditional question, "what is this institution?" with "What does it do?" The supervisors would then be able to establish fairly simple criteria that would net all those institutions which, for example, take in deposits and make loans, regardless of whether or not they are banks in the traditional sense. Super- prudence.

approach even though there would be a lot of borderline

The question of new standards needs, however, to be treated with caution. While financial institutions clearly need to be given the greatest possible freedom to use innovation, par-ticularly new technology, to develop their business, there are undoubted risks in allowing change to proceed too fast. There are not only prudential concerns to be taken account of, but others affecting monetary policy too.
Growing competition in the

financial services industry has already produced greater volainterest rates are now higher and change faster as more in-stitutions compete for funds. This demands greater manage-ment skills from bankers and

form of the Stock Exchange, for example, should prompt debate as to whether it is appropriate for banks to enter stockbroking. if it does fall into the fashion-able "financial service" cate-gory in which banks can claim to have a legitimate strategic

Nor should the monetary imbulletin's analysis rightly points out that financial innovation can complicate the conduct of monetary policy by making a bigger change in interest rates the emergence of new financial institutions will lead to new sources of liquidity, and will require redefinition of the money supply of a fundamental kind. Any reform of banking regulations will have to take account of the needs for effective monetary control as well as banking

Volatility

tility in the financial markets:

places extra burdens on the economy at large.

Limits may also need to be placed on how far banks should he allowed to diversify away from their main lines of business. It should not be necessary in the UK to tie the banks down as tightly as is the case in the U.S., but the forthcoming rea highly volatile business, even

plications be overlooked. The ary to achieve the same result. It describes these problems as "transitional." Clearly

Reagan's Chinese overture

PEKING VISIT IN SPRING

By Reginald Dale, U.S. Editor, in Washington



months that both domestic and international considerations have given over-riding priority to a new relationship with Peking. A fact symbolised by Tuesday's announcement that the President plans to visit the Chinese capital.

Chinese capital.

With the 1984 elections just over a year away, Mr Reagan is still without a major foreign policy triumph and looking around the world from Washington, there seems to be little prospect for dramatic break-throughs in either Central America or the Middle East, the two main areas on which U.S. foreign policy has concentrated for the past year and more.

In both of these regions, the Administration is beginning to look as if it has decided that its best bet is to soldier on until the elections and try to avoid a disaster that really would give the Democrats something to get their teeth into next year.

Relations with Moscow have hit the lowest point in years following the shooting down of the Korean airliner—not just because of the incident itself, but also because the Adminis-

tration has decided to use it as



Deng Xiaoping, China's paramount leader, and President Reagan: a warming of Sino-U.S. relations in recent months

Mr Reagan still insists that he is a "man of peace," as he did again at the United Nations on Monday. He is offering what are presented as major U.S. concessions in the arms control negotiations with Moscow. But negotiations with Moscow. But taliation. But in the end they there is little real confidence in Washington that a major arms agreement can be negotiated, and the prime aim now seems to be to pin the blame on Moscow for failure.

The properts for a Reagan. Weinberger.

The properts for a Reagan. The properts and the taliation. But in the end they can be to answer that Mr deflate them—"what do you want me to do—go to war?"

Despite the fact that Mr fairly successful in having it both ways on the issue.

it is to deal with the Russians. Korean airliner incident has shown that the right-wing is not all-powerful. The conservatives howled in anger when Mr Reagan did not even my to take major economic or political sanctions against Moscow in retaliation. But in the end they

Now that a number of other

irritants have been resolvedincluding the dispute over

going for an opening in China. time in the future—but he is surprisingly little has been heard from the Right-wing on Taiwan. time in the future—but he is continuing to supply the arms. Peking responded with uncharacteristic mildness to his plan to sell Taipei \$530m worth of weapons, including surface-to-air missiles, the second biggest ever U.S.-Taiwan arms deal, announced this

July.
But the Chinese have made it and the prime aim now seems to be to pin the blame on Moscow for failure.

The prospects for a Reagan-Andropov summit meeting next year—once reasonably bright—bave receded into the remote distance. At the same time, the last one successfully used to deflate them—"what do you deflate them—"what do you want me to do—go to war?" Despite the fact that "Despite the fact that the fact that the fact that the new warmth in their relations with both ways on the issue.

But the Chinese have made it clear that the Taiwan issue will not go away, and that the new warmth in their relations with Washington falls short of the "strategic partnership" that Mr Vis. President before him in and that it had become increasingly used to deflate them—"what do you want me to do—go to war?"

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Lear that the Chinese have made it clear that the Taiwan issue will both ways on the issue.

He has gone further than any Weinberger has talked of. As washington officials see it.

general Soviet military and naval build-up in the Far East, and about the deployment of SS-20 intermediate range mis-siles in Asia in particular.

Mr Reagan has made it clearer than ever since the airliner inci-dent that one of his main foreign policy goals is to isolate Mos-cow in the eyes of world opinion although a whole range of prac-tical U.S. Soviet links are still

in place. A trip to China can be made A trip to China can be made to fit neatly into that scenario. But Washington also recognises that China's main objective is economic development and that for Peking the trade and economic aspects of closer ties with the U.S. are at least as important as military or strategic links.

The China visit means that Wr

The China visit means that Mr The China visit means that Mr Reagan's attention is going to be heavily concentrated on Asia in the coming months. In November, he is due to spend two weeks visiting Japan, South Korea, the Philippines. Indonesia and Thailand—further confirmation, if it were needed, of the increasingly Pacific orientation of the United States today.

It will also be seen as another strong hint that Mr. Reagan is planning to run again for the Presidency next year. The official White House line remains that he has not yet finally made up his mind and that he will make an announcement in due course, probably before the end

of the year. He has indicaed that he wants to go to Asia in November as a statesman, not as a candidate. But the mechanics of setting up election committees and secur-ing federal matching campaign funds mean that he may have to show his hand soon thereafter. If he is not going to run, he has given absolutely no indi-

Deng learns how to play two cards at once

By Alain Cass, Asia Editor

PRESIDENT planned visit to China next spring illustrates perfectly Deng Xiaoping's famous dictum, now the yardstick of much of Chinese policy: "It does not matter whether the cat is white or black, as long as it catches mice."

After more than three decades of violent changes in direction. Chinese foreign policy under Deng, the country's paramount leader, appears to be settling down to a more presentle approach. to a more pragmatic approach hased upon the need to pur-sue the internal reforms necessary for the country's conomic, social and political advancement as a world

China, Deng has concluded. needs American technology to modernise both its economy and its armed forces. But it also needs to reduce the huge burden of facing up to the

military threat posed by the presence of 70 Soviet divisions along its borders.

It must therefore negotiate

with both at the same time, compromising where necessary and refusing to budge only where absolutely unavoidable.

avoidable.

This eminently practical approach also leaves China in the happy position of being able to use its negotiations with the U.S. to put pressure on the Soviet Union to make concessions and vice-versa.

Deng is playing both the Soviet and the American "card"—to the discomfort of both — with the same consummate skill with which he has twice survived political oblivion. China's newly - evolved

foreign policy has also been characterised by a modera-tion in its relations with both the superpowers which has been lacking in the past... In the case of the U.S., the

Chinese regime now appears to accept that the kind of intimate, strategic relationship envisaged by President Richard Nixon in 1973 is neither practical nor desir-

of the issue of American and, in particular, President Reagan's support for the nationalist regime in Taiwan. Having hammered at this particular door for nearly two years now, China appears to have decided that no further concessions can be expected from the present Administra-

breakdown in relations or the more profitable course of agreeing to differ and getting on with areas of mutual interest, Deng seems to have had no compunction about choosing the latter course. Talwan still remains

relations between the U.S. and China. But because, unlike Hong Kong, China's sovereignty over Taiwan is not disputed, it feels that it can afford to let the matter lie for the time being.

China has also, however, made it clear that it does not regard the U.S. as its only supplier of either economic or military hardware in the

The Chinese, with a healthy \$12hn in foreign exchange reserves tucked away, have been turning increasingly to Europe for advanced tech-

gress in establishing their own strategic deterrent to reinforce their independence. They fired a land-based CSS Intercontinental Ballistic Missile in June 1980, and their first submarine-launched mis-sile on October 12 1982. The last occasion coincided with

the presence in Peking of a high-level Soviet delegation. Although the Chinese have made the Russians sweat with their use of the "U.S. card," they have been restrained in how they have played it. They did not, for example, vote in favour of the UN resolution condemning the shooting down of the Korean airliner.

Instead, the Novem arriver.

Instead, they wainted until Mr Mikhail - Kapitsa, the deputy Soviet Foreign Minister and the most senior Russian envoy to visit Peking in two decades, left China after talks, and then issued a mildly critical statement of the incident.

pleased at repeated Soviet attempts to improve relations. Mr Leonid Brezhney, the late Soviet leader, referred to this desire three times in major foreign policy speeches in 1982. When Mr Yuri Andropov succeeded him the initiative was given new impetus. The warming of Sino-U.S. relations in the past two months will have made the Russians more nervous and, therefore, more eager.

But there too, major obstacles remain. They include: the Soviet presence in Afghanistan, which threatens the stability of Pakistan, a staunch Chinese ally; Russian troops on China's northern border and, most difficult of all to resolve, the problem of Soviet support for Vietnam's occupation of Kampuchea, which challenges Chinese supremacy in south-east Asia.

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In the end China has folcourse open to it. It has pursued areas of self-interest while conveniently ignoring intractable problems. The message seems clear enough: China will never again wed itself to a superpower. Instead, it will try to become

Men & Matters

High society

Gordon Peter Getty, one of the sons of oilman the late John Paul Getty, is the richest person in the United States minimum net worth of \$2.2bn according to Forbes Magazine, which analyses these matters.

Altogether, 15 people — 13 men and two women—are listed as having fortunes of \$1bn or more. Among them are two daughters and two sons of oilman H. L. Hunt, whose home state, Texas, has six billionaires—more than any other state.

—more than any other state.

Getty is 49, married, and lives in San Francisco. The source of his money is described simply as "inheritance". He is the sole trustee and one-third beneficiary of the Sarah C. Getty Trust which includes 32m shares of Getty Oil with an annual dividend of \$83m.

Life at the top is not entirely

dividend of \$85m.

Life at the top is not entirely without its hazards, however. No fewer than 74 of the people who were in the Forbes list a year ago have disappeared from this many's list. this year's list.

Five of them suffered serious

financial setbacks. 13 dled. 15 fortunes were realocated or reevaluated — and 41 of them simply could not keep up with the Jones.

Battle orders

I expect a smell of moth-balls on the commuter trains into London this morning. Brokers, jobbers, insurance men, and merchant bankers, will be searching their wardrobes for long-discarded battle-dress and

similar protective clothing.

For the City is expecting to to the City police, but which say they intend to "Stop the

City."
The Stock Exchange is taking no chances and is preparing ditioning. for a day-long siege.



"I've been trying to pick the right moment to ask for a salary increase all week."

Exchange functionaries—er phasises that intruders should asked "firmly but politely" to leave. The next step if the guerilla action escalates is "minimum force necestry to restrain them." Police assistance should be avoided."

But life will doubtless go on, and fortunes will continue to be made and lost, in the Square Mile today. The Stock Exchange memo ends on a sanguine note: "Hopefully, we should not be unduly troubled."

Gray's aim

Command and control were the pick up whispers at 100 yards. watchwords at London's Savoy hotel yesterday when an audience of British investors and a robust veteran of some famous Wall Street take-over jet engines, and Carrier air con-

be under siege from a loselyconnected collection of protesting organisations which have
not declared their precise plans
to the City police but which
the City police but battles. The group inchines of East Asia, has scored another Elevators, Pratt and Whitney coup in what has been a busy summer.

Gray had less to say about bank in a more ambitious direc-

efence systems. Hongkong and Shanghai Bank-But his own graphic illustra-ing Corporation). tion of command and control was simplicity itself. It happened, he said, during last year's encounter between Syrian and Israeli armoured forces in

was first off the mark ordering all his tank crews to switch off their lights and then fire at any-thing that moved with a light on

Shocking

Is a touch of paramola entering business life? Top executives in the U.S. are now being woodd wifh advertisements for security devices ranging from bullet-proof briefcase liners to convex mirrors to guard their backs.

But my vote for the device we can best do without goes to the alarm attache case with a "shocker handle." For just \$895 the owner of this piece of equipment is protected by a built-in 125 decibel alarm system. Any thief foolish enough to hang on to the case after the alarm has sounded is then, to quote the literature. mirrors to guard their backs. then, to quote the literature, "jolted" with a 4,000 volts electric shock.

The same company is offering a bullet-proof raincoat at \$895.

David K. P. Li, the 42-year-old Cambridge - educated chief executive of Hong Kong's Bank

Li, who has been pushing the A memo to the Walters- financial fights yesterday than tion, has accepted an invitation

<u>and and the state of the electronic or the property of the electronic of the electronic of the electronic or the electronic of the electronic or the electr</u>

command and control means the ability to handle highly mobile firepower. He sees a big European market for his group's defence systems.

But his own grandle and where to be chairman of Hong Kong's Chinese Banks Association. This links all locally based banks, apart from the Hang Seng (61 per cent owned by the mighty Hongkong and Shanghat Banks). battles of the real kind where to be chairman of Hong Kong's

Until now, the association has been dominated by the Communist Bank of China Communist Bank of China which has also traditionally supplied the chairman. The appointment shows some nimble Both sides found themselves diplomatic footwork by Li, who driving in circles one dark night around the same valley. The Israeli commander, however, Bank of East Asia from its

sleepy image.
The bank was founded in the
First World War by ten Chinese families: four are still actively associated with it. But it is the Lis who have come more and already seen the opening by HK governor Sir Edward Youde of the bank's new skyscraper headquarters in the centre of the colony.

Li plans new ventures in both banking and insurance.

banking and insurance. The bank has a merchant banking operation with Warburg called East Asia Warburg, and the colony's financial gyrations are also likely to keep him more than usually busy.

Point taken The IMF may be short on dollars but it is long on

On Tuesday Tom Clausen, head of the World Bank told the gathering in Washington quite solemnly (quoting the American statesman William

Jennings Bryan):
"Destiny is not a matter of chance. It is a matter of choice. It is not a thing to be waited for: it is a thing to be achieved."
Yesterday Donald T. Regan, the U.S. Treasury Secretary, told the same audience: "Destiny is not a matter of chance. It is a matter of choice. It is not a thing to be waited for: it is a thing to be achieved."

Observer



ECONOMIC VIEWPOINT

World debt: a suggestion

By Samuel Brittan

SOME READERS will have in which central banks have noticed that I have avoided discussing the overseas debt problems of the developing problems of the developing countries. My attention has been focused on related issues. been focused on related issues. "Reluctant" because it is based on so coherent scheme or management and the need for analysis and risks simply post-international lender-of-the-last-resort facilities to prevent a chain of bank collapses in the event of major defaults. But I have avoided tackling the debt problem head-on, observing the ment and Bank of England well-known dictum of being silent where one has nothing the British contribution to the

tual camps. On the one hand there are those who see more government-to-government lending. international credit the Chancellor of the creation, debt write-offs and interest rate subsidies as the answer to every problem. It to Brazil when I am having to international credit does not require enormous ingenuity to write out a plan for, say, central banks to "take over" the debts from the commercial banks, or for concessionary interest rate reduction

The problem about these methods of solving difficulties with mirrors, or by writing down numbers on pieces of paper, is that they conceal the cost, both in real resources and in possible future inflation of such bail-outs; and more important, they may in the not-solong run impoverish rather than sustain the world economy.

rather like the rescue of lame duck industries at home. On the other hand, I have been equally repelled by the laisses faire school of thought which maintains—and I hardly exaggerate—that a few country defaults and bank failures

would have a salutary effect. The world economy is too fragile for intellectual experiments of this sort. There have been chain reactions of financial collapse and depression in the inter-war years and in the 19th century. No doubt if it happens again the laissez-faire school will maintain that the free market system was fundamentally sound and that it was all due to government-imposed rigidities or to central banks creating too much or too little money, or The conventional answer is developing countries has been both in succession, or to other that the fall in commodity the steep and unexpected rise technical mistakes visible to prices and high level of real in the dollar. The real value of

pressurised the commercial banks to refinance and put up some "new money," has de-served some reluctant support. "Reluctant" because it is based

silent where one has nothing the British contribution to the of one's swn to say.

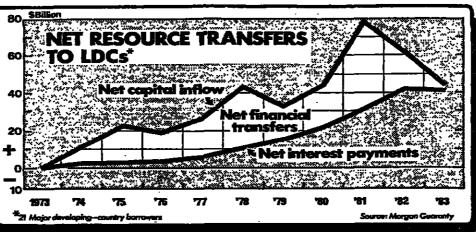
There has been another factor. I have been intensely sceptical of both main intellectual came for the one had been dispute should be resolved.

dispute should be resolved after some haggling. But there remains the nagging question:
"If in some nightmare I were cut down on doctors and been expected to foresee. Cercent higher against a basket of pensate them for all or part of nurses at home? If there is a tainly, their overall borrowing currencies than it was three the increase in the real value case for some extra public ex-penditure or credit creation, should not urgent needs here GNP ratios are lower than dependent on international bor-since some appointed date, say at home come first?" It is this those of countries like the U.S. rowing almost entirely denoming in 1980, when the dollar last question which has caused Congress to hesitate about the DMF quota increase.

The best way into the problem is to make an explicit com-parison with lame duck industries at home. In a recent Hobart Paper, discussed in Monday's Lombard column John Burton pointed out that bankruptcies and liquidations are a normal and healthy part a competitive market. They do not involve the destruction of physical assets, but a change of physical assets, but a change 1980-82 fall has now been to a new owner who may be reversed, although the pace of expected to put them to better

Why then should we hesitate apply this argument to Brazil? In the first place, be-cause it is not possible to put an official receiver into a country to sell its assets to the highest bidder. Governments are not corporations.

But that is not all. We should ask whether there are special circumstances which have come as "acts of God" to the developing countries and weaken their ability to service debt through circumstances outside their control.



does not seem high by histori-cal standards. Their debt to state of development a century comes very nearly under the ago. The real growth of debt category of unexpected "Act of has, moreover, been no higher in the last decade than in the decade up to 1973.

The rise in the ago.

It is however, difficult to put too much emphasis on low commodity prices, in view of the recent recovery. The Economist commodity price index in SDR terms is now 25 to 30 per cent higher than at the low point of last October; and all the recovery has obviously differed from commodity to commodity.

As for real interest rates, it is abundantly clear that they are not high for American or British borrowers who can write

them off against tax. There is a very strong argument that these tax write-offs increase the demand for loanable funds and boost world pre-tax interest rates to the detriment of developing countries. That, however, is a deep-seated prob-lem, which has been building up for years. The really new and unexpected

element that has hit the developing countries has been both in succession, or to other that the fall in commodity technical mistakes visible to academics after the event.

In default of anything better, bolt from heaven, which no the case by case rescheduling, developing country could have the steep and unexpected rise in the dollar, after allowing for the movement of wholesale and the case by case rescheduling, developing country could have the steep and unexpected rise in the dollar. The real value of the dollar, after allowing for the movement of wholesale and the case by case rescheduling, developing country could have the steep and unexpected rise in the dollar. The real value of the proposal, so be it.

Net interest payments by how to separate the wheat developing countries are run developing countries are run developing and almost all the net capital expectations. From him than the case by case rescheduling, developing country could have the steep and unexpected rise in the dollar, after allowing for the the dollar, after allowing for the to make is that developing ning at about \$40bn per annum, doctrines such as "rational expectations" from him than the case by case rescheduling, developing country could have the steep and unexpected rise.

The proposal, so be it.

Net interest payments by how to separate the wheat the fall in commodity. The proposal which I want developing countries are run developing and almost all the net capital expectations. The proposal which I want developing countries are run developing and almost all the net capital expectations.

years ago. This is an obvious blow to countries heavily

not foreseen by any government or international organisation or any school of economic thought; and even those economists who were able to explain it away, expected it to subside well before now. The developing countries have, if you like, had to face a levy of 30 per cent on their debt service charges.

The analogy with domestic industries in trouble can be taken further. If British Leyland or Rolls-Royce or Chrysler had been hit by an entirely unexpected bolt from the blue, there would have been a case for the rest of the community providing them with assistance, via the Government,

in any case be phased out by the end of, say, five years. For if the dollar is still very high in the late 1980s it will surely be something that the rest of the world will have to adjust to; but the developing countries will at least have been given time to make the adjustment.

There is already a precedent for the proposal suggested here in the IMF's Compensatory Financing Facility, which allows countries to make extra drawings (on a rather small aggregate scale) to offset temporary shortfalls in export earnings beyond their control commodity price

There are numerous forms in

going to meet the interest bill leaving a "net financial trans-fer" little better than zero. If a third of the interest payments could be rescinded on the lines of the above prospect, there would, as the chart shows, be once more substantial positive transfers of the magnitude of the late 1970s.

The suggested subsidy should be applied to the interest payment, not to the principal or to the repayment element of the servicing charge. The abnormal feature of LDC debt is not that it is large, but that it is short term. One of the major obstacles which prevents the banks from converting it into long-term form is a doubt about the ability of borrowers to service the interest payments. With this doubt eased, it would make sense to bring out of the drawer all the many schemes for debt reconstruction but without any write-off.

Obviously, there are numerous highly important details to be decided if my proposal were ever to be implemented. Should the LDCs start repaying if the dollar falls of the dollar, as determined by the IMF managing director since some appointed date, say elow trend? This ties up with the question of whether the aid should be a grant or a loan? In the latter case the provocative word "subsidy" might be avoided

> draft objections to the proposal could have great fun talking about the "Pandora's box" of payments that it might open up. Although it would have to be clearly defined, I think it is nevertheless worth pursuing as it avoids the extremes of both the laissez-faire and the interventionist school, and is more systematic than the central banks' case-by-case approach. Above all, it pinpoins key issues and raises the right

Prof. William Fellner

for a temporary period until either circumstances changed or they had time to adjust. Because of political lobbying such assistance is never in practice digressive. But if it is provided across frontiers by government or central banks whose voters are not involved, not be so abused.

There are numerous forms in Students of economic thought and public policy alike will learn with regret of the death on September 15 of Professor "Wily" Fellner, at the age of 78. A distinguished economist in many fields, "Wily" combined old world charm with a most acute analytical brain. Net interest payments by Students of economic thought

Lombard

What are Right and Left?

By Peter Riddell

"DAVID OWEN moves SDP to the right to win Tory votes," "Liberal Left courted by Labour." These have been among the headlines of the past 10 days of Alliance conferences. But what do they mean? The But what do they mean? The widespread assumption seems to be that Dr David Owen has to be that Dr David Owen has moved to the right because he has advocated a free market economic approach. Yet, at the same time, he has proposed changes to the social benefit and tax system which will be redistributive and hit the middle class. That system is Left. class. That, surely, is Left-

The familiar categorisations

The familiar categorisations along the left to right spectrum are becoming increasingly misleading and are distorting, rather than illuminating, the current upheavals in British politics. Of course, labels are necessary in politics. By definition politics. By definition politics are recognition of the politics of the tion politics is a collective activity in which people com-bine to press their opinions and interests. Within, say, the Labour Party there is clearly a left-wing, or rather several lefts, hard and soft or inside and outside. There is a set of views associated with the right-wing of the Conservative Party. The labels may be blurred but they are understood by participants in internal party debates. But beyond these limited uses the words lose meaning.

Any historian would find the in free competitive markets—
given, for example, the
Government's attitude to
interest rates and to agricultural support. Arguing for a free market is neither historically nor logically especially right-wing. Indeed actions to challenge monopolies are intended to help the traditional interests of the Left, workers as consumers, rather than those of the Right, big business producers.

The divisions are much more Right: the

classifications. alternative **Egalitarianism** orthodoxy. radicalism liberalism v authoritarianism. One might now add free market v collectivist. And many more polarities can be invented. The point is not that any are definitive but that left v right on its own is insufficient. Moreover, an increasing

number of voters do not behave nimber of viters to not betave niong a simple two party division; even less do they think along left v right lines. All the evidence from the last two general elections points to considerable fluidity, with a considerable fluidity, with a much smaller proportion of permanent Tory and especially Labour voters than even 10 years ago. According to the BBC-Gallup survey of electors views on polling day, only just over three-fifths of those who voted Labour in 1979 did so again in 1983, and only slightly more than three-quarters of Conservatives did so. Even among voters identifying among voters identifying themselves as Labour in 1983. only three-quarters voted for the party, most of the rest supporting the Alliance. And in both the 1979 and 1983 elections a large number of Labour voters agreed more with the policies proposed by the Con-servatives than with those of their own party.

Any historian would find the identification of the free market with the Right puzzling. After all, the Control of sceptical about politicians' their history been the party of protection while the Liberals have been identified with laissez-faire. At present Mrs Thatcher is more interested in boosting the private sector than in free competitive markets—given, for example, the identification of the free control of the first puzzling the private sector than in free competitive markets—given, for example, the leafth education and welfare. Government's attitude to The post-war classification of The post-war classification of political views and behaviour no longer applies.

Mrs Thatcher's success so far is partly because she has ex-ploited this shift, while her opponents have been divided and have failed to do so. Dr David Owen, has not so much copied Thatcherism (even with a human face) as recognised that the terms of the political debate have changed. This is not so much a swing to the complicated than just left v not so much a swing to the right. Samuel Brittan suggested right, merely an acceptance of 15 years ago, in his Left or a continuing and still unfinished

Letters to the Editor

Consultation or negotiation: change in the air

From the Principal Research Executive, Institute of Directors.

Sir, - May I add to Dr been proved to be widespread McFarlane's reservations (September 20) about the extent to which the recent workplace report supports the proponents of the fifth directive and the Vredeling proposals. He rightly points out that the report confirms the speed with which British companies have volun-tarily espoused the cause of employee involvement. What he fails to mention is that the UK approach, based on trade union involvement, and therefore ultimately on the formation of an economic bargain, is not at all what the proponents of the idea in the EEC have in mind.

The consultative arrangements now proposed in the draft fifth directive as a result of the European Parliament's intervention are specifically designed to ensure that trade unions do not play a direct part in them; the opinion of the European Parliament that the Vredeling proposal should similarly pre-clude "single channel " repre-sentation was the only major alteration proposed by the Parliament to be rejected by the Commission, which may yet regret that it did not accept

This contrasts sharply with the report's own finding that in the UK contemporary joint consultation takes place "within system of representation based on trade union recognition." The report thus confirms the

concern of this and other organisations about the fifth Responsibility for consumer affairs

From the Vice-Chairman National Consumer Council Sir,-In your article on the bracing climate of the new Department of Trade and Industry (September 21) there was not a word about the department's responsibilities for

mer affairs. To some of us that responsibility still seems crucial. Whatever recovery our economy has made has been consumer led. Consumers not only have a tale to play: their role is a argued for the Law Society to heading one. All Mr Parkinson's allow individual solicitors to leading one. All Mr Parkinson's allow individual sunctions to work selling British industry advertise—a move which the commission believed would increase competition and thereby canding the quality and cost of British goods to their liking. He moved to keep his eye on British buyers' problems as a guide to the reactions he is that conveyancing charges are that conveyancing charges are that conveyancing charges are too high. The ban on advertisguide to the reactions he is that conveyancing charges are likely to find abroad. No doubt too high. The ban on advertis-

directive and the Vredeling From the Principal Research proposals. The fifth directive Officer. Department of nent, and the Deputy would cut across what has now Director, Policy Studies

UK industrial relations practice Sir, - Dr Heller (September (point consultative arrange 21) advises caution in drawing ments based on trade union conclusions from some of the data reported in "Worksplace industrial relations in Britain." recognition). There would thus be a recipe for inefficiency and strife. The report also confirms that the Vredeling proposals could only be applied, in the UK, through a system in which We agree. But the conclusions drawn in

the book and in your extensive coverage of it on September 15 trade unions play a leading part, employee representatives were firmly rooted in the survey evidence. Neither we nor you for this purpose being those recognised by the law or prac-tice of member states. Although the Vredeling proposals appear used the mere existence of joint consultative committees to make inferences about "what actually happens in these committees," to exclude collective bargaining from their terms of reference as Dr Heller seems to imply. When he comes to read the book much of the information sup-plied as of statutory right as of the issuse he raises. For example, we discuss how rea result of the proposals would lead to collective negotiation rather than consultation. The distinction between consultation and negotiation which so far appears to have been precently formed consultative committees differ from those of earlier growth periods, the composition of committees, the important matters with which they deal and the frequency with which senior managers attend them. It was on the basis served in the development of joint consultative arrangements in the UK would accordingly break down and the proposals would thus lead, as the IOD of these and other strands of has always suggested, to the statutory extension of the scope of collective bargaining. evidence, together with an awareness of other research work, that we came to the view that " the practice of joint consultation achieved something of

Extension by law of the powers of trade unions in this manner is out of line with popular opinion in both the UK and the EEC, and the thrust of recent legislation in the UK. The UK Government would therefore do well to stick to the position it has frequently stated, and resist the imposition of both EEC proposals. a resurgence in the 1970s." We hope the evidence on joint consultation presented in the book will assist the continuing public debate about the place of consultative arrangements in British industrial relations. (Dr) N. Millward. W. W. Daniel. of both EEC proposals. E. A. S. Hutchinson. Carton House Totkill Street, SW1. 116 Pall Mall, SW1.

ing ensures that they remain

high since it removes any

incentive for a solicitor to

It also prevents the public

finding solicitors whose exper-tise is the most relevant for

their needs. And this is increasingly a problem given the enormous growth of legislation and case law which has made a nonsense of the concept

of the solicitor as the general practitioner of the legal

Fair Trading have all said that it is in the public interest that individual solicitors be allowed to advertise. The solicitors' conveyancing monopoly might

be better received if the Law Society took note and permitted

some healthy competition with-

41. Belgrave Square, SW1.

In addition to the report of the commission, two reports of the Monopolies and Mergers Commission and the Office of

compete on price.

profession_

in the profession.
Philip J. Circus.

this is why his department was given this important respon-sibility. (Mrs) Joan Macintosh. 18 Queen Anne's Gate, SW1

Solicitors and advertising

From the Legal Adviser, Institute of Practitioners

Institute of Practitioners
in Advertising
Sir.—The chairman of the
British Legal Association (September 22) quotes the Royal
Commission on Legal Services
in support of the retention of
the solicitors' conveyancing
monopoly.

The commission however, also

advertise—a move which the commission believed would in-crease competition and thereby

feminism

From the Marketing Director, Sir Isaac Pitman

Sir. - Jurek Martin's article on Japanese feminism (Sept 19) does not mention one route which increasing numbers 19) of Japanese women are using to escape their low status in business and industry.

The concept of a personal secretary is virtually unknown among Japanese employers and the jobs that would be done by them are split among low-level clerical staff. There is however a considerable demand for bilingual secretaries from the Japanese subsidiaries of Eurohe will see that we cover many pean and American companies, well qualified female graduates are keen to get these jobs which command considerable respect as a feminine pre-serve. Well-subscribed interest groups have already been organised nationally to pro-mote the cause of the new Japanese secretary. Antony Gribbon.

6, Southampton Place, WC1.

by courts

Money held

From Mr R. Holloway Sir,—I quote a letter from Sheerness County Court to the plaintiff in an action between two companies concerning non-payment of a debt. "The defendant in this action has today paid £x into court by cheque. To enable the cheque to clear, this remittance will be retained for 21 working days before it is paid to the above

A company will often wait at least four months from the date of an invoice before issuing a writ against a debtor. Naturally, such drastic action is only taken as a last resort because it usually heralds the end of a commercial relationship.

This being the case how can the courts justify withholding payment for a further month by waiting 21 working days before passing on the money to the plain of? The court would be informed within five working days of banking, if a chequ had not cleared.

Many companies are experiencing serious cash-flow prob-lems, and the courts should not be allowed to worsen the situation by their inefficiency desire for cheap finance. R. C. A. Holloway, Old Well House,

Hartlip, Sittingbourne, Kent.

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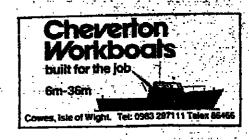
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FINANCIAL TIMES

Thursday September 29 1983



SYRIA SUPPORTS FATAH REBELS

Arafat loyalists in Bekaa retreat to peace

BY PATRICK COCKBURN IN BEIRUT

focused on the battles around Beirut to move to extinguish the last fighting alongside the Druze mili-remnants of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) loyal to its chairman, Mr Yassir Arafat.

About 600 of his men, besieged in a town in the northern Bekaa Valley in eastern Lebanon, went back to the northern city of Tripoli yesterday where Mr Arafat is making his last stand. There have been fat factions in the Palestinian camps in the area, with one group admitting 19 killed in the fighting.

A year after the PLO left Beirut Mr Arafat has nowhere left to turn. The expulsion of the last loyalists from the Bekaa Valley is an indication that the Syrians do not intend to relax their pressure. They are determinded to oust him as the leader of the Palestinian cause and replace him by groups wholly obedient to

President Assad of Syria has thrown his support behind the re-Mousa and Abu Saleh. It is their an in Beirut yesterday. "They were tains so as men who have been allowed past clobbered." Only gradually has the tervention.

Bundesbank

bond swaps

THE BUNDESBANK yesterday admitted that it had asked commer-

cial banks to refrain from issuing

swap-related bonds in the D-Mark

Dr Kurt Andreas, head of the

credit department of the Bundes-

bank, said in London that the bank

the use of interest rate and curren-

cy swaps by foreign borrowers in

In an interest rate swap, one bor-

rower issues a fixed-rate bond

while another raises floating rate fi-

er's interest payments. The same

principle applies with a currency

swap. Often the two are used to-

gether: for example, fixed rate D-

Marks could be swapped for float-

Dr Andreas told a Financial

Times conference he was worried

that "additional issuers would enter

the market who would never use it

in the absence of the swap facilities because they normally conduct their financial transactions in other

currencies and markets." This might lead to a crowding-out of pot-

ential issuers and/or a rise in D-

Mark interest rates because of

At the moment, new issues in the

D-Mark Eurobond sector are con-

trolled by calendar set each month

by the sub-comittee on capital mar-

kets. However, the procedure is an has no legal powers to enforce it. Dr Andreas expressed fears that this

informal agreement might break

down through new issue pressure.

cerned about the secrecy of such

swap transactions. Investors who

buy a bond rarely know whether a swap is involved and even when

they do, are almost certain to be ig-

norant of the counter-party's ident-

ity. Thus a regular borrower in the market could launch a bond at low-

er terms through another unfamil-

iar issuer and this would not be evi-

Meanwhile, lead managers have been informally asked to hold off

from these deals while the Bundes-

bank examines their implications

FT Conference report, Page 22; Eurobond report, Page 42

World Weather

dent to the general public.

nance. Each then services the oti

was "somewhat disturbed" about

seeks to

halt DM

By Mary Ann Sieghart in London

foreign bond market.

the German market.

ing rate dollars.

SYRIA has taken advantage of a the Syrian checkpoints in the Be- full significance of their defeat last month in which attention has been kan into the Chouf mountains close to Beirut, where they have been

But nobody has found much evidence that many Palestinians took part in attacks on the Lebanese army garrison at Souq al-Gharb des-pite government claims at the height of the fighting; one of the rebel commanders, leading part of the Yarmuk Brigade in the Bekaa, said clashes between pro- and anti-Ara- he had only 500 men in the battle

The effectiveness of this little force is doubtful. "It is a victory for the policy of confrontation our movement has been calling for," claimed the Fatah dissident leader. Abu Saleh, a white-haired man with bad asthma, sitting crosslegged on a blanket alongside his men in a lemon grove in the Bekaa. A few ancient T-54 tanks with mottled camouflage paint guarded the posi-

At the heart of the present dispute is the decision to pull out of Beirut last year. "I agree with Gadbels within Fatah, much the largest affi's statement that the PLO left in organisation in the PLO, led by Abu trucks like cattle," said a Palestini-

year dawned on the PLO men. Mr Arafat got sufficiently in-

volved in the Reagan plan to talk to King Hussein about Jordan representing Palestinian interests in talks on autonomy for the West Bank and Gaza. He then obtained the worst of both worlds by failing to go along with King Hussein or to discover a credible alternative op-

When the rebellion in Fatah started earlier in the year it was sure of plenty of potential sympathisers among Palestinian civilians and fighters alike. Within weeks, however, it had become very much a Syrian instrument for an attack on Mr Arafat Most Palestinians have now rallied around their old leader, though this does not im-

press Damascus.

The Palestinians have no real chance of a return to Beirut, once their capital in exile. Such a move would be opposed not only by the Lebanese Christians but by the Druze and the Shia and Sunni Moslems. Mr Walid Jumblatt, the Druze leader, has apparently tried to keep them out of fighting in the mountains so as not to provoke Israeli in-

The Palestinians who rebelled against Arafat have no real policy of their own. They may be able to launch more guerrilla attacks be-hind the Israeli lines if they get support from the local Moslem population in the area, but they are wholly

For the Palestinians as a whole the best chance of retaining some of the world sympathy gained last year, according to one Palestinian in Beirut, is for greater agitation against Israeli settlements on the

Trapped in his last strongholds in the Palestinian camps around Tripoli, there is little Mr Arafat can do. It is possible that the Syrians may step up their attacks on him there and already there have been re-ports of fighting between PLO and

None of the rebel leaders are likely to replace him in power or pres tige. They are widely regarded as Syrian stooges, though many Pales-tinians accept that the original rebellion was justified. After 15 years as a critical political force in Lebanon, the PLO has now been reduced to only marginal influence.

Renault seeks further FFr 1bn to finance investment plan

BY PAUL BETTS IN PARIS

RENAULT. France's large state car group, is to raise FFr 1bn (\$125m) to help to finance its substantial FFR 9.5bn 1983 investment programme by launching on Monday the group's first issue of so-called participatory certificates."

Renault will thus become the fifth French state company to raise money this year by using this new investment instrument involving non-voting stock which state companies can issue on the Paris course. With the Renault issue, the nationalised sector will have raised about FFr 4bn with these instruments so far this year.

Renault's certificates will have a guaranteed minimum interest rate company's annual sales perfor-

M Pierre Souleil, Renault's financial director, said yesterday that first half. Renault planned to spend FFr 30bn But the in investments during the threeyear period 1983-85. In 1983, the group's total investments would amount to FFr 9.5bn.

To finance these investments, Renault has raised FFr 1.5bn in a bond three months of this year.

issue floated last July, is receiving FFr 1bn from the French Governand is now raising FFr 1bn through the participatory certificates. The remaining FFr 6bn is to be financed by bank credits and internal cash

Renault is expecting to report another loss this year after losing FFr 128bn in 1982. Although M Souleil declined to discuss in detail the group's financial performance so far this year, he confirmed that it would be another "bad" year. In the first half of this year, how-

ever, Renault's losses were lower than in the same period in 1982. Group sales increased in the first of 9 per cent a year indexed on the half by a little more than 10 per cent, while parent company sales, involving about two thirds of the total, rose by about 12 per cent in the

> But the overall outlook for the year remains clouded because of uncertainties on the performance of the French market, which account-

Renault has seen export sales in crease by 22 per cent during the first eight months of this year and production rise by 13 per cent during the same period compared to the first eight months of last year. But domestic sales declined by 10 per cent in the first eight months.

Moreover, while the car division, which reported a FFr 20m profit last year, is expected to break even again this year, the group continues to be burdened by the losses of its industrial vehicles division. M Souleil claimed yesterday that

Renault's major problem at present was the fact the company was in the midst of renewing its model range. The situation should stabi-lise by 1985 and 1986 after the range had been renewed.

M Souleil also said the company

expected to tap the long-term U.S. debt market in 1987. This would be two years after Renault started to have its balance sheets audited on the Anglo-Saxon norms.

The Renault executives renewe ed for 55 per cent of Renault's FFr the group's investment commit-97bn sales last year, during the last ments in the U.S., Mexico and Por-

Managers leave German group

BY JOHN DAVIES IN FRANKFURT

THE CHIEF executive and two othpany from the West German leas-

over new strategy.

This move follows a disclosure

that the consortium of banks own-ing DAL is providing aid to help cover risk provisions of about DM 120m (\$45.4m) resulting from a write-down in the value of property

Dr Walter Schneider and Dr Thoing group after a disagreement mas Kabierschke would leave the management board with immediate

The new chief executive is to be Professor Hans Wielens, a senior manager of building property business at Westdeutsche Landesbank (WestLB), the largest single share-

THE CHIEF executive and two other top managers of Deutsche Anlagenounced vesterday that Herr ment board, Herr Jürgen Sievers en-Leasing (DAL) are parting com
Günter Zöller, the chief executive, and Herr Herbert Wiedl, are to re-

Herr Zöller said last night that the entire management board disagreed with the new strategy The banks wanted to restrict the nature and extent of DAL's leasing

activities, he said. In addition, the new policy would remove the degree of independence

Securities firms' parent insolvent

BY JOHN MOORE, CITY CORRESPONDENT, IN LONDON

seeking details from its member brokers and other organisations are firms about their dealings with C advised to take such steps as they and R Securities of Spain, and the deem prudent with respect to open New York securities firm C and R items. They are further advised Pastor Securities Inc following the that it is unlikely that C and R Pasannouncement that the parent com- tor Securities SA will be able to pany of both firms, C and R Pastor cover losses resulting from the clos-Securities of Panama, is insolvent. ing of our positions and that they

The move follows widespread fears in the London market that stockbrokers and jobbers may have been left with millions of pounds worth of debts following the insol-

SA (Panama) "is insolvent and will

should exercise their own business judgment as to such matters."

The Securities and Exchange Commission filed suit in the U.S. vency. arm of C and R Pastor charging it
The insolvency announcement with fraud for allegedly failing to said that C and R Pastor Securities deliver securities to brokerage firms after contracting to sell them. not be able to complete deals that A total of six brokerage firms were

THE LONDON Stock Exchange is are open between ourselves. Banks. hurt by the actions, the commission said, sustaining about \$21m in

> In London yesterday brokers and jobbing firms were attempting to assess their exposure to the affair. Four firms of brokers are under stood to be involved and at least one major jobber. Trading in London was effected through "cash and new" arrangements whereby Pastor was able to carry over its trad-ing positions on to other accounts. C and R Pastor has no connection with Banco Pastor, a Spanish

London Stock Exchange details, Page 31

Setback efforts in Lebanon

HOPES OF an early return to normality in Lebanon suffered a blow yesterday when the Druze militia said they would consider the reopening of the international airport, expected today, as a violation of the ceasefire.

curity committee which is to arrange the ceasefire, met yester-day amid stringent security ar-rangements, in an abandoned bank building in south-east Bei-

The meeting was protected by members of the 5,400 strong multinational force, the French and Italian contingents of which are also likely to contribute to the 600-strong team of observers who are to make sure that the ceaselire is enforced.

curity commission represent the Lebanese Army, the Christian Militia, the anti-Government National Salvation Front (of which by far the most important element are the Druze), and Amal, the political and militia grouping of the Shia sect, Lebanon's largest community.

generally obeyed but there was artillery fire at Khalde yesterday

Once the Government is clear Syria demands be abrogated, ac-cording to the independent daily An Nahar.

The agreement provided for the eventual withdrawal of Israeli troops from Lebanon. But the Government in Jerusalem has made this conditional on a paral-lel withdrawal by Syria and Palestinian forces.

the Druze in Lebanon to drive Palestinian guerrillas out of the Chouf mountains, Professor Moshe Arens, the Defence Minister, has revealed, adding the warning: "If the Druze do not

army back into the Druze-controlled Chouf is the latest public expression of Jerusalem's concern over the advances made by the Palestinian guerrillas during the recent fighting.

Chouf near the new Israeli front line along the Awali River. "So long as there is a danger that the terrorists will try to come near that line," Prof Arens said, "Israeli forces will continue their patrols north of the Awali."

tions during this mouth's fight-ing, Israel has cautioned the Druze to sever these links. This demand has also been supported by Sheikh Amin Tarif, spiritual leader of the Druze in Israel.

not embrace or give comfort to the Palestine Liberation Organi-

These messages have also been delivered privately to the Druze via emissaries who visited Jerusalem recently on behalf of Mr Walid Jumblatt, the Lebanese Druze leader, apparently to try to allay Israeli fears about co-operation with the PLO.

Retaining the goodwill of Israel is important for the Lebanese Draze who are believed to have received arms and supplies from Israel, despite vigorous de-nials of this by the Delence Min-istry in Tel Aviv.

By Patrick Cockburn in Beirut

and David Lennon in Tel Aviv

Meanwhile, the four-man se-

The four members of the se-

The ceaselire continues to be

that the ceasefire will hold, a national dialogue is to be held, most probably in Sandi Arabia. Top of the agenda to be discussed at the meeting of all the political groupings in Lebanon will be the status of the May agreement between Israel and Lebanon, which Sprie demands he absorpted ac-

Israel has meanwhile called on eject them, we will have to act." This threat to send the Israeli

Israel does not want the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) to rebuild its bases in the

Clearly disturbed by the co-op-eration between the Druze mili-

Mr Yehuda Ben-Meir, the deputy Foreign Minister, explained this week that Israel does not consider the Lebanese Druze as its enemies "as long as they do

Reagan sets date to visit China

Continued from Page 1 participation. "There is a general interest (by

China) in anti-aircraft weapons, air lefence weapons, as well as tank defence weapons and those were certainly discussed. There were other weapons systems discussed, too," Mr Weinberger said. The talks "will mature into - I

won't say quickly - into actual transfers of weapons systems, if that's what the Chinese want," he

issue during his visit and these ducing defence items, rather than after more than 20 years of hostiliwould continue with his personal buying large quantities of equip- ty, a Chinese government spokes-

The Chinese Premier said yesterday that while China needed help to modernise its defence forces, it could not afford to import a lot of expensive equipment.

Mr Weinberger said members of his team had also held detailed dis- first time. cussions with the Chinese on possible sales of civilian and "dual use" technology.

Reuter reports from Peking: Chi-

Chine has also been trying to im-prove ties with the Soviet Union. Earlier this month Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister, Mr Mikhail Kapitsa, visited Peking as a guest of the Chinese government for the

China has named the main obstacles to better relations with Moscow as the Vietnamese military involvement in Kampuchea, large numbers China is believed to be more interested in acquiring military-relatsume talks here on October 6 as border and in Mongolia, and the Soed technology and possibly co-pro- part of efforts to improve relations viet intervention in Afghanistan.

THE LEX COLUMN

U.S. steel in the crucible

tracted negotiations between Republic Steel and LTV suggests the extent of the further rationalisation hanging over the U.S. steel industry, even after major closures already announced or proposed by Bethlehem Steel and U.S. Steel.

Launched in the wake of its crippling 1982 losses, the industry's shake-out has if anything gained in urgency as sales and operating rates have flattened out since the first quarter's recovery.

Both Republic and LTV have had their own special problems, in the automotive and oil and gas markets respectively, and they appear to be looking for substantial cost savings - perhaps via a merger which could reduce their aggregate capacity from 24m tonnes to about 20m

Total U.S. production capacity still hopelessly in excess of actual levels and heavily based on outdated plant, will need a few more cuts of this size to attain the reduc-tions thought necessary by Wall Street, which are estimated at 10 per cent by brokers Shearson/ American Express.

lowed to acquire Lykes-Youngs- the U.S. Mills is now seeing what it

ciency and this suggests significant implications in the latest deal for non-U.S. steel producers. U.S. companies face inevitable lay-offs from deals such as this while they are still struggling to compete with state-subsidised im-

With or without new import restraints, though, most Republic shareholders would presumably be happier to take LTV's cash than a Aurora has the opportunity to show might take notes.

and the EEC are in place.

Mills & Allen

ror a modern-day mancial services company, Mills & Allen has Australia suffering badly in the earhad a pretty ordinary sort of year. Iv part of 1983, the UK divisions
New limbs have sprouted everywhere, including the obligatory securities dealing arm in New York,
while the rights issue which financed that deal was followed up
by placings of almost a fifth of the
equity by two long-term shareholdfigure shore, in the profigure shore, in the pro quity by two long-term sharehold-

Under this seething activity, to step up capital spending retarded Mills has kept profits moving swiftby the steel problems, which may by enough. Pre-tax profits for the restrict further progress on debt. y enough. Pre-tax profits for the restrict further progress on debt, year to June were up by a half to but even without disposals it could find the second per cent rise in earnings come gearing. Given a fair wind, per share. At 325p, up 10p, the shares stand on 10 times stated earnings and yield 6 per cent.

Of course, the balance of the business has been completely inverted, with billboards and other media" generating 30 per cent of profits, against 60 per cent in 1962. Poor meether control the control to weather early in the summer dampened the market for outdoor advertising, but the main difference is This alone ought to free LTV of made by a full year from the Guy any anti-trust impediments, just as happened in the industry's last crisis in 1877/78 when LTV was almost contribution from Garban in can make of retailing financial ser-LTV subsequently pared down its vices from its new chain of insur-steel workforce with ruthless effi-

Aurora is back in the land of the living. Yesterday's figures for the ports, notably from Brazil now that restraint agreements with Japan first appearances the banks have thrown Aurora a lifejacket with just

enough air in it.
Now that steel is out of the way,

The very fact of yesterday's pro- restructured stake in this predica. that its other businesses can earn a worthwhile return. The interim trading profit of £2.5m is probably not much different from that earned on the same operations in

For a modern-day financial ser- the first ball of last year. But, with

figure shown in the pro-forma 1982 accounts. Aurora will probably need trading profits might cover the in-terest charge three times next year.

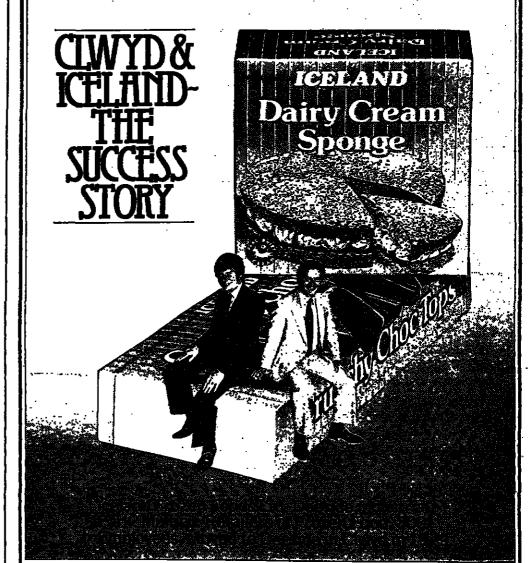
Johnson & Higgins, one of the top five insurance brokers in the U.S., seems to have found a relatively painless way to establish a physical presence in the London insurance community. Unlike other U.S. competitors, such as Marsh & McLennan, Frank B. Hall and Alexgins, a dedicatedly private company, has avoided acquisitions, preferring instead to develop its long-standing correspondent links with Willis Faber, the UK broker, which date back nearly 100 years.

Willis is to take a 49 per cent stake in Johnson's reinsurance sub-sidiary and this joint venture will control a Lloyd's broking company six months to June come hard on in London. The deal is the latest in the heels of the group's capital re- a series of ventures formed over the construction and so deliver only the last few years to formalise the two most preliminary judgment on the groups' relationship. But this move adequacy of that exercise. But, on gives the Americans direct access to Lloyd's, the prize other groups have fought for through acquisition, at great cost. Alexander & Alexander, with Howden under its belt,

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66Our latest investment of £2 million at Deeside in Clwyd, has proved to be money well spent. Good communications and a loyal, hardworking workforce have been major factors in our SUCCESS 99

M.C. Walker and P.S. Hinchcliffe. Joint Managing Directors, Iceland Frozen Foods Ltd.

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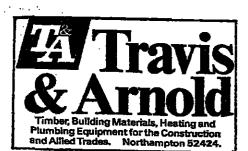
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SECTION II - INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES FINANCIALTIMES

Thursday September 29 1983

Terry Dodsworth in New York writes on two companies fighting to rediscover glory



Armco and Peabody in \$250m deal

By Paul Taylor in New York

ARMCO, the major diversified steel and energy company, yesterday an-nounced a major corporate restruc-

energy divisions.

The company, the sixth largest
U.S. steelmaker, said it had agreed to sell its West Virginia coal produc tion properties and its interest in a soon-to-be completed Newport News, Virginia, coal terminal to Peabody Holding for \$250m.

Armoo also said it has sold its oil

and gas subsidiary, Strata Energy, to Dallas-based, Natural Resource Management, for \$66m and also announced major changes in its steelmaking operations.

The restructuring forms part of a previously announced plan by the company to sell assets that no longer fit into a new strategic plan aimed at improving Armco's cash

The change in direction was forced by the recession, which led the company into a \$345.1m loss last year - its first loss for 44 years - and a net loss of \$204.2m in the first six months this year.

In its annual report the company said it planned to cut costs and reduce its debts through the planned sale of about \$500m of assets including a 20 per cent stake in its financial services group. Since the start of last year Armco has reduced its salaried staff by 6,000 or 27 per cent and cut its commercial paper debt from \$416m in March last year to under \$100m.

As another part of the restructur ing, Armco yesterday said it had reached agreement in principle with Dofasco of Hamilton, Ontario, for an exchange of iron ore proper-ties. Armoo is virtually self sufficient in iron ore, limestone and

Armoo intends to combine the operations of its flat-rolled carbon steel facilities in Ashland and Middieton, Ohio. Open hearth steel melting at Middleton will be phased out as will the hot strip mill at Ash-

Armco will install new equipmen at both plants and expects eventually to have all steel continuously cast

The sale of the coal properties body is the largest U.S. coal producer, with revenues last year of \$1.3bn from the sale of 58m tons of steam coal, mostly to electricity companies. The holding company is owned by Newmont Mining, the Williams Corporation, Bechtel Investments, Boeing and Equitable Life Assurance Society of the U.S.

Rolm to launch **IBM-based** message centre

By Our New York Staff

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ROLM, the California-based advanced telecommunications equipment manufacturer, said vesterday that it expects to make the first product resulting from its technical alliance with International Business Machines (IBM) available in October 1984. Rolm, in which IBM now has a

17.7 per cent stake as part of its strategy of acquiring equity stakes to companies to support technical pacis, said the first product will be a computerised message centre cap-able of handling up to 10,000 voice or data lines. It will sell for about

The message centre will consist of IBM's computerised message terminal and Rolm's computerised switchboard.

The announcement of the new product underlines the importance of IBM's new strategy to ensure its equipment and telecommunications

LITTLE FUN is to be had these days in making electronic games. In swift succession, the two U.S. companies which virtually created the market and built the industry to a billion dollar scale have been take a long time for them to pick up The duo - Atari and Mattel

have announced aggregate losses of \$557.2m in their home electronics divisions over the last six months. Yet only a year ago they were both riding on the crest of what appeared to be a very big and unstoppable wave. Atari seemed to have money to burn. When the stock was near 560, nobody complained that the company had style," says ri's parent, Warner Communications, explaining the group's lavish entertainments budget. At around

\$20, people start complaining." Growth for both of them had been staggering. Atari, bought by Warner for a song seven years ago, had subsequently shot to international recognition, while racing abead to generate half the group's sales and around 60 per cent of op-

erating profits of \$522m in 1982.

At Mattel, the transformation had been just as astonishing. Known already as the creator of the Barbie Doll, one of the world's most successful toys of its era, Mattel propelled the electronics division ahead so rapidly that it had grown in the space of three years from about 10 per cent of profits to half. Operating profits in the division jumped from \$7.3m in 1981 to \$67m in the year to January 1983, carrying group net earnings up from \$7.9m to \$42.4m.

Disaster struck with the force and speed of a cyclone. Given the record of the electronics industry for such swift and remorsel reversals, it perhaps ought not to have surprised anyone. But many knocked off their pedestals. It will shareholders appear to have been caught completely unawares. Warner Communications' share price lost lmost 40 per cent last December as Atari's problems sank in. Mattel's, which had risen to \$31% towards the end of last year, plunged in the spring, and now stands at \$6%.

There is no overwhelming consensus on how things went so wrong. Analysts, many caught out as badly as the man in the street, who believed he was investing in efthat the company had style," says fortless 20 per cent annual growth, Mr Steven Ross, chairman of Ata-cite a number of factors.

Loose management: The key activities expanded so fast that they outgrew the management systems set up to control them. Some credence is given to this view by the wholesale blood-letting and reorganisation that has followed the col-

Weak product strategy: Managements became so complacent after the relatively undiscriminating rese of the market to early products that they put insufficient develcoment effort into the new range of games. Dealers have complained. for example, that Intellivision II, the second generation Mattel product, offered little new at all. The market, however, had become more sophisticated by the time of its launch earlier this year and promptly rejected the product.

Costs: U.S. wage rates became increasingly difficult to bear as soon



Glee for the young players of the Atari Soccer video game: less glee for Atari and Mattel.

the Far East. The rate of growth began to

slacken about a year ago. No adequate figures on the electronic games market exist, but the victims of the collapse have all been caught with enormous stocks which they have found impossible to liquidate quickly, and some of which, indeed. they may be stuck with forever.

Mattel, for example, announced heavy inventory write-offs against profits in its half-year figures. It is almost as though the industry is responding to an ephemeral fad, an impression which is reinforced this month by problems in two Californian games software companies, Imagic and Activision. The first has been forced into heavy layoffs, the second into raising forecast losses for its second quarter, to September, to \$5m from \$3m.

some rival products being made in out it also appears to be moving in a different direction, with electronic games becoming much more a part of the home computer industry. The games manufacturers saw this games business, and Warner has a themselves as they began to move sufficiently strong balance sheet to into home computers: but some of see the next cycle of development the home computer companies have through. Even after accounting for

> can business ethic, which teaches ty still stands at \$1bn. that market disasters must be met ruthlessly and head on, the scale of different matter. Never as big as the slump would have called for Atari, which was once credited with radical action. Expectations have not been disappointed. Management heads have rolled, entire fac-40 per cent, it has given hitle indicatories have been wiped out and tion of having the strength or desire

first half of this year, and some manufacturing was transferred to Hong Kong and Taiwan. This was followed by a change at the very top, when one of the U.S.'s most brated marketing specialists, Mr James Morgan, from the Philip Morris Tobacco Company, was brought in and given a free hand as chief executive. He has lost little time since he arrived at the beginning of this month, immediately shunting aside some senior executives and moving to impose some order on the group's spread-eagled production and management struc-

means in precise product terms is anyone's guess. There is speculation, for example, that the group will abandon its Atartitel project aimed at a computer-based telephone. But Atari is still clearly determined to stick in the video been quicker to grasp the opportu- a first half loss of \$356m - consumer electronics ran up an operating Even without the robust Ameri- deficit of \$356m - its common equi-

For Mattel, however, it is a very enormous write-offs pushed purga-tively through the balance sheets. Atari's solution has been a combi-

nation of blood-letting and blood have slumped from around 15 per transfusion. After taking on 2,500 cent to 10 per cent, and the losses workers in the U.S. in 1982, some and write-offs have played havoc

of June, as half-year losses soared to \$201m, its equity had been re-duced in 12 months from \$261m to \$61m, while short-term debt had shot up from \$300m to \$410m. A longer-term agreement is now be-ing worked out with the banks, which have agreed to support the group until mid-1985, on the strength of the security offered by certain subsidiary assets and ac-

counts receivable Mattel included a \$95m provision against cuts and stock write-offs in, the first half, so there ought not to be a great deal more to come. Even so, the losses have sharply reduced its room for manoeuvre. With cash flowing out of the company and the interest burden due to go up, it scarcely has the financial resources to push into the kind of development which would keep it in the forefront of a business

These constraints are reflected in the severity of the pruning it has undertaken. One third - 650 - of its white collar workers have been laid off, the second generation game, Intellivision II, abandoned, and the Aquarius home computer plan severely trimmed back.

The net result of this slimming course, the company admits, will be to reduce the electronics activities to a smaller size than the traditional toy-making. The old heart of the company, which has gone through its own crisis in the past, is still beating strongly. In the first half, it raised sales by 13 per cent and achieved record operating profits, of \$42m. It looks as though Mattel will have to fall back on this to see it through the new crisis. Bar-

Solvay doubles interim profit

SOLVAY, the diversified chemicals group and Belgium's oldest multi-national company, more than doubled its net profits in the first half of this year as conditions on

Net profits for the six months to June were BFr 2.33bn (\$43.34) compared with BFr 1.16bn in the same period of 1982. The increased profits came on the back of a rise in turnover to BFr 95.37bn from BFr 88.8bn.

Over most of the range of its products Solvay held its own in the markets without much change in the position from last year. But the crucial difference for the figures was an improvement in PVC prices from the depressed levels of 1982. At the same time there was an

improvement on the polypropylene Despite that better performance, the Solvay board is remaining cautious about its dividend policy, choosing to maintain its 1983 dividend at the 1982 level of BFr 70

Litigation hits **GPU** earnings

GENERAL PUBLIC Utilities' operating profit rose by 28.8 per cent to \$41.51m, or 68 cents a share, for the year to August, Our Financial Stati writes. Net earnings of the energy holding company which owns the Three Mile Island nuclear plant, nevertheless emerged 17 per cent lower at \$22.99m, after litigation settlement of \$14.65m and \$3.86m write-offs.

The company says that since the accident at the plant in March 1979, the future earning power of its system is dependent on regulatory responses to a number of major uncertainties created by the incident.

Gildemeister to lift interest in Pittler

BY JOHN DAVIES IN FRANKFURT

GILDEMEISTER, West Germany's the capital increase or of the Pittler biggest machine tool mamufacturer, is pressing ahead with its recovery strategy by increasing its stake in Pittler, another-machine-tool mak-

Gildemeister, which is boosting by growing competition from tech-its stake from 24 per cent to 75 per nologically advanced rivals abroad, cent, plans to introduce wide-rang- notably the Japanese. ing co-operation between the two groups in research, production and

Both companies have long been operating at a loss. Gildemeister last paid a dividend in 1973 and Pittler in 1975.

Dr Horst Göhren, the chief executive at Gildemeister, said yesterday that his company would buy the 51 per cent stake in Pittler held by Deutsche Bank and Dresdner

He said that Gildemeister would raise funds by increasing its nominal capital by DM 8m to DM 48m (\$18m). The main shareholders, nies would report losses for this Sauer Getriebe and Westdeutsche year, but results should improve Landesbank, each with more than 25 per cent, would participate in the capital increase, but it was not yet

clear to what extent.

BY RUPERT CORNWELL IN ROME

33 cents a share, on total net reve-

change, announced in the pros-pectus accompanying the listing on Wall Street that its net income in

In May 1983, Erbamont signed an

of 5537.8m.

Erbamont earns \$13m

ERBAMONT, the company incorporated last May to handle the pharmaceuticals and health care operations of Montedison, the Italian of Montedison, the Italian of Wortson of Montedison, the Italian of Wortson of Wo

1982 had reached \$34m, on net sales 62 per cent was achieved abroad.

chemical group, yesterday reported a first half net profit of \$12.8m, or est of 77 per cent.

agreement to acquire Adria Labo- ment totalled L55bn

by 14%

industry in the last few years and

Both companies have carried out extensive restructuring and have cut their workforce sharply.

Gildemeister's worldwide sales revenue fell 15 per cent last year to DM 428m, while Pittler - whose 1982 results are to be published later this week - is understood to have suffered a 20 per cent setback in sales to about DM 140m.

Gildemeister sees co-operation with Pittler as a key part of its strategy to build a strong and technologically modern force capable of taking on foreign competitors.

Dr Göhren said that both compa

nies would report losses for this next year.

Although orders overall were still

weak, Gildemeister's factory automation systems division was op-He declined to disclose terms of erating successfully, he said.

while Montedison retains an inter-

It was simultaneously announced

(\$159m), while consolidated income

rose 8 per cent to L372bn, of which

Spending by the company on in-

vestment and research and develop-

Rinascente sales up

By James Buxton in Rome

LA RINASCENTE, one of Italy's leading stores groups with interests in department stores, supermarkets, hypermarkets and other types of stores, saw its sales rise by 14 per cent in the first six months of 1983, compared with under the inflation rate over the

Sales totalled L786bn (\$475m) including value added tax. The best result was delivered by the per cent, reflecting the fact that the company is promoting sales of fresh food in its supermarkets to attract customers away from smaller shops. Non-food sales did much less

well, growing by only 10.9 per cent, and affected by weak sales

Assicurazioni Generali, Italy's leading insurance company, had a 14 per cent increase in premium income in the first half of 1983 compared with the first half of 1982. Premium income for the parent company rose to L1,077bn (\$673m), of which L307bn was from life insurance premiums and L770bn from damage insur-

Rite Aid up in second quarter

By Our Financial Staff

RITE AID, the U.S. drug store and groceries group, increased second quarter net earnings from \$10.7m or 51 cents a share to \$12.6m or 60 cents. This took earnings for the six

nues of \$279.1m.

Erbamont, which is registered in the Netherlands Antilles and quoted on the New York Stock Extended on the months to August 27 to \$24m or \$1.14 a share, up from \$20.2m or 96 cents. Sales rose from \$596.6m to \$694.3m, with \$349.7m (\$392.1m) coming in the second ouarter.

Creusot-Loire plan unresolved

BY DAVID HOUSEGO IN PARIS

A BOARD meeting of Creusot-Loire, the French engineering group which is threatening to file for bankruptcy, broke up yesterday without resolving the future of the

ing place with the Government over the disposal of its steel and part of its nuclear interests, merely said that the board would meet again its steel subsidiaries

A brief statement, which reflect- soon. Two weeks ago the board also ed the tense negotiations now tak- postponed final decisions on the restructuring of the group.

Creusot-Loire is hoping to raise some FFr 1.2bn (\$150m) by selling

THIS ANNOUNCEMENT APPEARS AS A MATTER OF RECORD ONLY



THE CENTRAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC OF TURKEY

TÜRKİYE CUMHURİYET MERKEZ BANKASI

U.S. \$200,000,000

MEDIUM-TERM CREDIT FACILITY

GUARANTEED BY THE REPUBLIC OF TURKEY

TÜRKİYE CUMHURİYETİ

ARAB BANKING CORPORATION (ABC) CHASE MANHATTAN CAPITAL **MARKETS GROUP GULF INTERNATIONAL BANK B.S.C.**

MANUFACTURERS HANOVER LIMITED THE NATIONAL BANK OF KUWAIT S.A.K. THE BANK OF TOKYO, LTD. **UNION BANK OF SWITZERLAND**

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ARAB BANKING CORPORATION (ABC) THE CHASE MANHATTAN BANK, N.A. GULF INTERNATIONAL BANK B.S.C. MANUFACTURERS HANOVER TRUST COMPANY THE NATIONAL BANK OF KUWAIT S.A.K.

THE BANK OF TOKYO, LTD., (OBU)
BAHRAIN OFFICE
THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF KUWAIT S.A.K.
BANK OF OMAN LIMITED BANK OF OMAN LIMITED
CHEMICAL BANK
KUWAIT INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT CO S.A.K.
NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN
ARAB TURKISH BANK

BAYERISCHE HYPOTHEKEN- UND WECHSEL-BANK A.G. MIDLAND BANK PLC

SOCIETE GENERALE ALGEMENE BANK NEDERLAND N.V. BANCA COMMERCIALE ITALIANA CREDIT AND FINANCE CORPORATION LTD. (BCC GROUP) BANKERS TRUST COMPANY CITIBANK N.A.
IRVING TRUST COMPANY
MORGAN GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY

BARCLAYS BANK INTERNATIONAL LTD. UNION BANK OF SWITZERLAND AMERICAN EXPRESS INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION

THE GULF BANK K.S.C. ALUBAF ARAB INTERNATIONAL BANK E.C.

THE BANK OF KUWAIT AND THE MIDDLE EAST, K.S.C. HABIB BANK LIMITED.

UNITED GULF BANK BAHRAIN BANK OF BOSTON THE MERCANTILE BANK OF CANADA YAPI VE KREDI BANKASI A.S. (BAHRAIN OBU)

PRIME AGENT

CITICORP INTERNATIONAL BANK LIMITED

MORGAN GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK

President of Ayala to step down

BY EMILIA TAGAZA IN MANILA

MR ENRIQUE ZOBEL, the controversial president of Ayala Cor-poration, the giant Filipino conlomerate, yesterday announced his early retirement from the company's top post. Mr Zobel, who has served Ayala for 37 years, 18 of them as president, has three more years before the compulsory retire-

In announcing his retirement, Mr Zobel, who has been described as one of the richest bankers in the world, said he would devote more time to the chairmanship of the Bank of Philippine Islands and Ay-

companies, of instigating demon-

not responding to political pressure of any kind. The current political situation is not playing any part in my business decisions."

Mr Zobel's resignation from the Ayala master company is seen as significant by the banking and business community. Immediate reac-tion was that his decision would shift his attention and possibly his base of operations abroad.

Ayala International has numerous construction projects overseas, On Monday, President Ferdinand Marcos accused businessmen, including those associated with Ayala ment projects in South-East Asia. The Bank of Philippine Islands in Asia.

strations against him in Manila's business district.

Mr Zobel, however, says: "I am not responding to political pressure of the belief The purpose of the belief The purpose of the belief The balance of payments deficit commercial bank in the country by assets, and has substantial interpolitical pressure ests in Asia International Bank in New York and the Island Developments deficit has also been worsening. Last year's shortfall hit a record USSI.1bn and this year's figure is New York and the Island Developments deficit has also been worsening. Last year's shortfall hit a record user is presented to equal that. ment Bank in Brunei.

During the last three months, there has been widespread anxiety among bankers and in the Government over a flight of capital from the Philippines because of the prevailing economic and volitical unvailing economic and political un-

Some bankers say that many wealthy Filipinos have been skilfulwealthy Filipinos have been skilfulits interest to consolidate his capihis interest to consolidate his capibeen getting deeper into debt, with outstanding foreign debts reaching U.S.518bn, the third largest figure

The assassination last month of

Mr Benigno Aquino, the popular Filipino opposition leader, has exacer bated the uncertainties and set of ernment sentiment including some demonstrators and the police

ly and quietly transferring assets abroad while the economy was deteriorating further. The country has versely affected by the depressed Philippines property and real estate business. Last year, net profit dropped to 105m pesos (U.S.S9.5m)

from 1981's 150m nesos.

Whitlam puts State Bank on the map

FOR AN Australian banker, Mr international Nicholas Whitlam, the 37-year recruited s old managing director of the State Bank of New South Wales, stands out from the crowd. Firstly there's his height of oft 3 ins, then his appearance so that managers manage, rather—sveite suiting, relaxed gaze, than administer; and started bold eyebrows, prematurely silvered hair and plastic-rimmed glasses. Then there's his background: schoolboy breast-stroke champlon, Sydney University, Harvard, Morgan Guaranty (he was "Mother the Merchant Bank BOT Australia (a subsidiary of Bank of Morgan's youngest-ever vice-president), American Express

(in Australia), and Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas (in Hong And then there is the name: His father is Gough Whitlam, former Prime Minister of Australia. Mr Graham Freuden berg. Gough Whitlam's blo-grapher and speechwriter to reigning Labor Premier Bob Hawke says, however, that "Nicholas doesn't suffer from the competitive son-of-the-greatman syndrome . . . he's confident enough of himself not to have to measure himself against his father."

Given a distinguished merchant banking background, he was a natural choice to take over as managing director of the State Bank of NSW (form-eriy The Rural Bank of NSW)

Since then he has presided over a period of great change in which the sleepy old Rural Bank (a slumbering green giant) has been thrust into the

Under Mr Whitlam it has become marketing-orientated. It has introduced a regionalised structure; bolstered its corporate and

recruited senior from outside; developer offbalance sheet lending; created a new funds management division; delegated decision-making joint ventures with the tradefinancier Euras Australia (owned jointly with a subsi-diary of Deutsche Bank) and

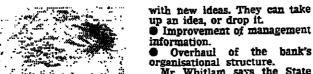
It has opened offices in New York and the Cayman Islands, and opens a branch office in London on October 4 that will concentrate on foreign exchange and treasury dealings, corpor-ate finance, money transfer,

and trade credits. To help finance its inter- structured for the benefit of the national operations, it recently made a US\$100m note on the Eurocurrency market.
It is a trading bank only, with a total of 251 branches,

with a total of 251 branches, and is an agency of the State Government of NSW. Total assets at June 30, 1983 were A\$4.8bn (US\$4.3bn), and net interest income in its last year about A\$90.5m. It is the bestcapitalised bank in Australia. Events have moved swiftly

since Mr Whitlam took over, for he has introduced flair and aggression. "Essentially," he says, "we are seeking to change the State Bank from a statutory authority with no really identifiable goals into a business enterprise which happens to be publicly-owned."

● Marketing: "Previously the bank waited for people to walk in and ask for money, then gave it to the best risks from amongst those applying. But times have changed." Formerly, he says, the bank never really had a purpose. "I don't tolerate people who are lazy, and that was something I found here. The place was and provides the business units a clean desk."



Mr Whitlam says the State Bank has undergone "massive change in a short period, and it has worked. To a large ex-tent the impact of the change was greater in the State Bank than in the newly-merged (Australian) private banks. This is because in a merger, people expect a shake-up and a shake-out. In the State Bank, however, there was no such realisation, people were told that a change would occur but had no realisation of what it

Visitors to Mr Whitlam's office sit on a sofa beneath a modern Australian painting of imperious Merino sheep, so that a sense of humour helps. He says that the qualities he brought to the bank include openness of style ("I try to run a democratic show"), and "being an achiever, which may relate to my family background."

"I went this to be the best-

not be monitored.

areas, new ideas and professionalism were discouraged.

Marketing was archaic, and promotion largely determined by seniority.

Now, however: "Profit is the hasis of our planning and the hasis of ou

market business."

He listens to Verdi, Wagner, and rock 'n' roll, is something of a wine specialist and expects to be a banker or professional to be a banker or professional manager for the rest of his life (he took a drop in salary to go to the State Bank). Qantas might appeal, or a public sector oil company, but not mining or shipping. "A bit boring, frankly, people running mining companies always seem to have a clear deek."

Dunlop to be further strengthened says Pegi

A STRONG hint that there will have to be further costcutting and slimming down at Dunlop Holdings has been given by Mr Ghafar Baba, the chairman of Pegi, the Malaysian investment group, which holds 26 per cent of Du' 1

He said that he and follow Malaysian, Mr Eng Chin Ah, who also represents Pegi (in put the company on a right footing."

Mr Ghafar, who is also a

prominent politician of the ruling Malay party, expressed support for Dunlop's recent decision to sell off its European tyre operations to Sumi-tomo Rubber Industries of Japan, pointing out the deal would help cut Dunlop's lossmaking businesses and reduc-ing its huge loans.

He said Dunlop was already discussing the sale of the Sumitomo before he and Mr Eng joined the board in June. European tyre business to They subsequently partici-pated in the discussions and concurred with the view that

the Dunlop board, would be submitting proposals to the next Dunlop board meeting at the end of October with a view to rationalising and strengthening the group's activities. He added that there was "an immediate need to

the operations should go. He also pointed out that the Malaysian directors enjoyed a good working relationship with Sir Campbell Fraser, and Mr Alan Lord, Dunlop's chairman and managing director, and the question of Pegi jolning other minority share-holders to oust Sir Campbell,

holders to oust Sir Campbell, as suggested by several newspaper reports, did not arise. Mr Ghafar ruled out the prospect of Pegi making a bid for Dunlop, shortly after the Sumitomo deal had gone through, although the group is keeping an "open mind" on the issue.

• FIRST-HALF 1983 pre-tax profits at Genting, the

profits at Genting, the Malaysian casino, hotel, and plantation group, rose by 32 per cent to 64.6m ringgit (U.S.\$27.7m) on turnover ahead by 8 per cent to 146m

The strong profit growth came mainly from casino operations. Earnings from the plantation subsidiary, Asiatic Developments were down because of lower commodity prices, and the hetel and property division was also sluggish.

The property division, however, is expected to contribute substantially to group earn-ings in the second half follow-ing the recent offer for sale of two large blocks of luxurious condominums in Continue Wichlands

Federal Farm Credit Banks Consolidated **Systemwide Bonds**

9.45% \$1,516,000,000 CUSIP NO. 313311 JT 0 DUE APRIL 2, 1984

9.625% \$610,000,000 CUSIP NO. 313311 JZ 6 **DUE JULY 2, 1984** Interest on above issues pavable at maturity

Dated October 3, 1983 **Price 100%**

The Bonds are the secured joint and several obligations of The Thirty-seven Federal Farm Credit Banks and are issued under the authority of the Farm Credit Act of 1971. The Bonds are not Government obligations and are not guaranteed by the Government. Bonds are Available in Book-Entry Form Only.

Federal Farm Credit Banks Funding Corporation 90 William Street, New York, N.Y. 10038

IRELAND

U.S. \$50,000,000

Floating Rate Notes Due 1988

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes,

notice is hereby given that for the interest period

from September 29, 1983 to March 29, 1984 the

Notes will carry an Interest Rate of 101/16% per annum.

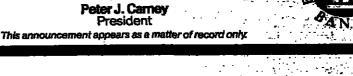
The interest payable on the relevant interest

payment date, March 29, 1984 against Coupon

No. 6 will be U.S. \$5,087.15 per Note.

-Morgan Guaranty Trust Company

Peter J. Carney



Write-downs hit Far East Consortium

FAR EAST CONSORTIUM, the Chiu family's quoted real estate and investment vehicle, yester-day reported a group net loss after tax, minority interests, and extraordinary items of HK\$269.42m (US\$32m) for the year ended March 31. compared with a profit of HK\$66.8m pre-

riously. No final dividend is to be paid leaving the interim 2.5 cents to compare with a 10 cents total

extraordinary items, of to Y2.6bn. Net profits per share HK\$290.5m, against HK\$226m were Y21.26, compared with previously in six months ended Y24.59.

Reuter

from the date the payment was due.

any other proper remedy."

Section 512 of the Indenture provides:

Section 601(c) (3) of the Indenture provides:

upon the Trustee, under this Indenture."

Carbon clubs help Daiwa Seiko

employees."
Decision-making was concentrated at the highest level of

the bank's hierarchy. Depart-mental budgets and targets

were not set, and thus could not be monitored. In some areas, new ideas and pro-

areas of change:

DAIWA SEIKO, the world's carbon clubs jumped by 40.8 of turnover. largest manufacturer of fishing per cent to account for 13.1 per equipment, with four overseas cent. Until last year, imported contribution plants including one in Scot-land, continued its upward foreign trend in sales and profits in Japan. the year to July, following a How boost in sales by its sports goods sector.

Parent company pre-tax profits were Y2.54bn (\$10.6m), up 7.4 per cent on sales of Y36.14bn, up 3.5 per cent. However, a higher corporate tax last year.

Hongkong and Kowloon drawal of funds from turrency fluctuation reserves left net profits down by 2.9 per cent profits down by 2.9 per cent was not profits per share.

An extraordinary profit of HK\$123.6m helped boost earnings per share to 10.77 cents from 9.97 cents.

The interior of the total, with exports hit by bad weather in the HK\$128.6m. from 9.97 cents.

The interim dividend is 4.9 cents compared with 4.5 previously.

hit by bad weather in the U.S. and heavy pressure at home from cheap imported products from Korea. However, sales of

To Holders of

Blocker Energy International N.V.

84% Convertible Subordinated Debentures Due 1995

J. Henry Schroder Bank & Trust Company, as Successor Indenture Trustee (the "Trustee") for the holders of Blocker Energy International N.V. (the "Company") 84% Convertible Subordinated Debentures Due 1995 (the "Debentureholders" and the "De-

bentures") is publishing this Notice of Default pursuant to Section 516 of the Indenture.

The Company has falled to make a payment of interest on the Debentures which was due July 1, 1983. Under Section 501 of the Indenture, this default has become an "Event

of Default", as defined in the Indenture, by virtue of it having continued for thirty days

Under Section 502 of the Indenture, "If an Event of Default occurs and is continuing,

then and in every such case the Trustee or the Holders of not less than 25% in the principal amount of the Debentures Outstanding may declare the principal of all the

Debentures to be due and payable immediately, by a notice in writing to the Company and the Guarantor (and to the Trustee if given by Holders), and upon any such declaration, such principal shall become immediately due and payable."

"If an Event of Default occurs and is continuing, the Trustee may in its discretion proceed to protect and enforce its rights and the rights of the Holders of Debentures by such appropriate judicial proceedings as the Trustee shall deem most effectual to protect and enforce any such rights.

whether for the specific enforcement of any covenant or agreement in this

Indenture or in aid of the exercise of any power granted herein, or to enforce

The Holders of a majority in principal amount of the Outstanding De-

bentures shall have the right to direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the Trustee or exer-

(2) The Trustee may take any other action deemed proper by the Trustee which is not inconsistant with such direction; and

right to decline to follow any such action if the Trustee in good faith by its board of directors or executive committee or a trust committee of directors

of trustees and/or responsible officers shall determine the actions or pro-ceedings so directed would involve the Trustee in personal liability."

"(3) The Trustee shall not be liable with respect to any action taken or

omitted to be taken by it in good faith in accordance with the direction of the Holders of a majority in principal amount of Outstanding Debentures

relating to the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the Trustee or exercising any trust or power conferred

The obligations of the Company under Indenture are guaranteed by Blocker Energy Corporation (the "Guarantor"). The Trustee is continuing to review the information

available to it concerning the Company's and the Guarantor's current circumstances so that it may determine whether it will, pursuant to Section 502 of the Indenture, declare the principal of all the Debentures to be due and payable immediately. The Trustee may

The Debentureholders are referred to the Indenture, copies of which are available for

examination at the corporate trust office of the Trustee during normal business hours, for a more complete description of the rights of Debentureholders and their remedies

subsequent to the occurrence of an Event of Default. For additional financial and other

information about the Guarantor. Debentureholders are further referred to information

on public record at the Securities and Exchange Commission, 500 North Capital Street, Washington, D.C. 20549.

Inquiries concerning this Notice should be directed to Mr. George R. Sievers, First Vice

J. HENRY SCHRODER BANK & TRUST COMPANY

President, J. Henry Schroder Bank & Trust Company, One State Street, New York, New York 10015. (212) 269-6500. or Joseph Chervin, Esq., % Rosenman Colin Freund Lewis & Cohen. 575 Madison Avenue, New York, New York 10022, (212) 940-8800, counsel for

consider other possible action pursuant to the provisions of the Indenture.

This Notice is being published pursuant to Section 602 of the Indenture.

(3) Subject to the provisions of Section 601, the Trustee shall have the

cising any trust or power conferred on the Trustee, provided that: (1) Such direction shall not be in conflict with any rule of law or with

In addition, Section 503 of the Indenture provides in part:

foreign products faring well in

However, the introduction of carbon golf clubs by Daiwa Seiko and Mizamo has carbon Daiwa Seiko and Mizumo has hit the market for imported products. Imports of golf clubs declined by 14 per cent in the seven months to July and the Japanese makers expect exports for the current full year to increase by 30 per cent to 800,000 clubs.

Last autumn Daiwa Seiko purchased the largest U.S. ski-ing boots manufacturer Hunson and has started production in Japan to sell under the Hunson brand name. As a result,
Daiwa's sales of ski-ing equipment rose by 15 per cent to
account for 7 per cent of the
total, despite the warm winter. Sales in the tennis goods ector also jumped by 28.5 per

The company expects a higher contribution in the current year

from its newly developed products and sales are forecast to rise by 7.9 per cent to Y39bn. Pre-tax profits are projected at Y2.73bn, up by 7.6 per cent and net profits at Y1.3bn, up by 6.6 per cent. DAI NIPPON Printing,

Japan's largest printing com-pany, lifted group net profits by 1.5 per cent to Y23.3bn (\$94m) for the year to May on sales of Y623.9hm, up by 9.2 per cent. Full year net profits per share were Y38.66, compared with

Printing sales rose by 8.9 per cent to account for 89.4 per cent of the total with the rest coming from sales of precision electronics.

 Meiji Seika's share price in March of this year fell by Y18 to Y542. This corrects an error Japanese drug industry.

Big loss for slimmed-down Hanimex

By Lachlan Drummond in Sydney DRASTIC CORPORATE surgery has left Hanimex Corporation with a total attributable loss of A\$13.8m (US\$12.4m) for the year to June 30 compared with a A\$2.4m deficit in 1981-1982, Sales were little changed at A\$174m.

The loss includes A\$2.4m of abnormal costs includes A52.4m of abnormal costs from wrting off stock, bad debts, and dies and moulds, and a net A\$5.5m of extraordinary charges for the closure of businesses. The tax charge was A\$1.95m against A\$1.19m because of the company's inability to take up future tax benefits.

Included in the businesses

Included in the businesses shut down are bicycle manufacture, the distribution of Scuba diving gear, facsimile machines, typewriters, and minimachines, typewriters, and minicomputers leaving the company
with camera import and distribution, photo laboratories, consumer electronics, and leisure
products. It is to close its U.S.
projector plant.

The move to trim peripheral
or unprofitable operations at
Hanlmex came after its controlling shareholders. Burns. Philip

nammex came after its control-ling shareholders. Burns, Philip and Co., asserted its control a year ago by stripping the board of its founding directors and installing its own top manage-

ment.

The group has maintained its close trading links with Japan's Fuji Film Company and will concentrate more on the photographic equipment area, where it also has distribution operations in Europe.

The company says stock reduction programmes have freed A\$11.5m over the year while property sales so far have realised A\$1.5m.

ALLIED IRISH BANKS LIMITED U.S.\$30,000,000 ing Rate Subordi

Floating Rate Subordinated
Notes due 1984
In accordance with terms and
conditions of the Floating Rate
Subordinated Notes due 1984,
the Rate of Interest for the
interest period from 30th
September, 1983 to 30th March,
1984 has been fixed at 10% per
annum. The Coupon Amount of
US\$50.56 will be payable on
30th March, 1984 against
surrender of Coupon No. 14.
29th September, 1983 29th September, 1983 Agent Bank

All of these securities having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only.

1,000,000 Shares

The Stop & Shop Companies, Inc.

Common Stock

Lehman Brothers Kuhn Loeb

The First Boston Corporation

Dillon, Read & Co. Inc. Hambrecht & Quist

Lazard Frères & Co.

Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette E. F. Hutton & Company Inc. Merrill Lynch Capital Markets

L. F. Rothschild, Unterberg, Towbin

Salomon Brothers Inc Smith Barney, Harris Upham & Co.

A. G. Becker Paribas

Dean Witter Reynolds Inc.

Arnhold and S. Bleichroeder, Inc.

Weekly net asset value

Shearson/American Express Inc.

Tokyo Pacific Holdings (Seaboard) N.V.

Information: Pierson, Heldring & Pierson N.V., Herengracht 214, 1016 BŞ Amaterdam

VONTOBEL EUROBONDINDIZES WEIGHTED AVERAGE YIELDS PER SEPTEMBER 27 1983

as Indeniure Trustee

on 26th September, 1983, U.S. \$83.04

Bear, Stearns & Co.

Alex. Brown & Sons

Goldman, Sachs & Co.

Kidder, Peabody & Co.

Wertheim & Co., Inc.

Prudential-Bache

Rothschild Inc.

September 19, 1983

Listed on the Amsterdam Stock Exchange

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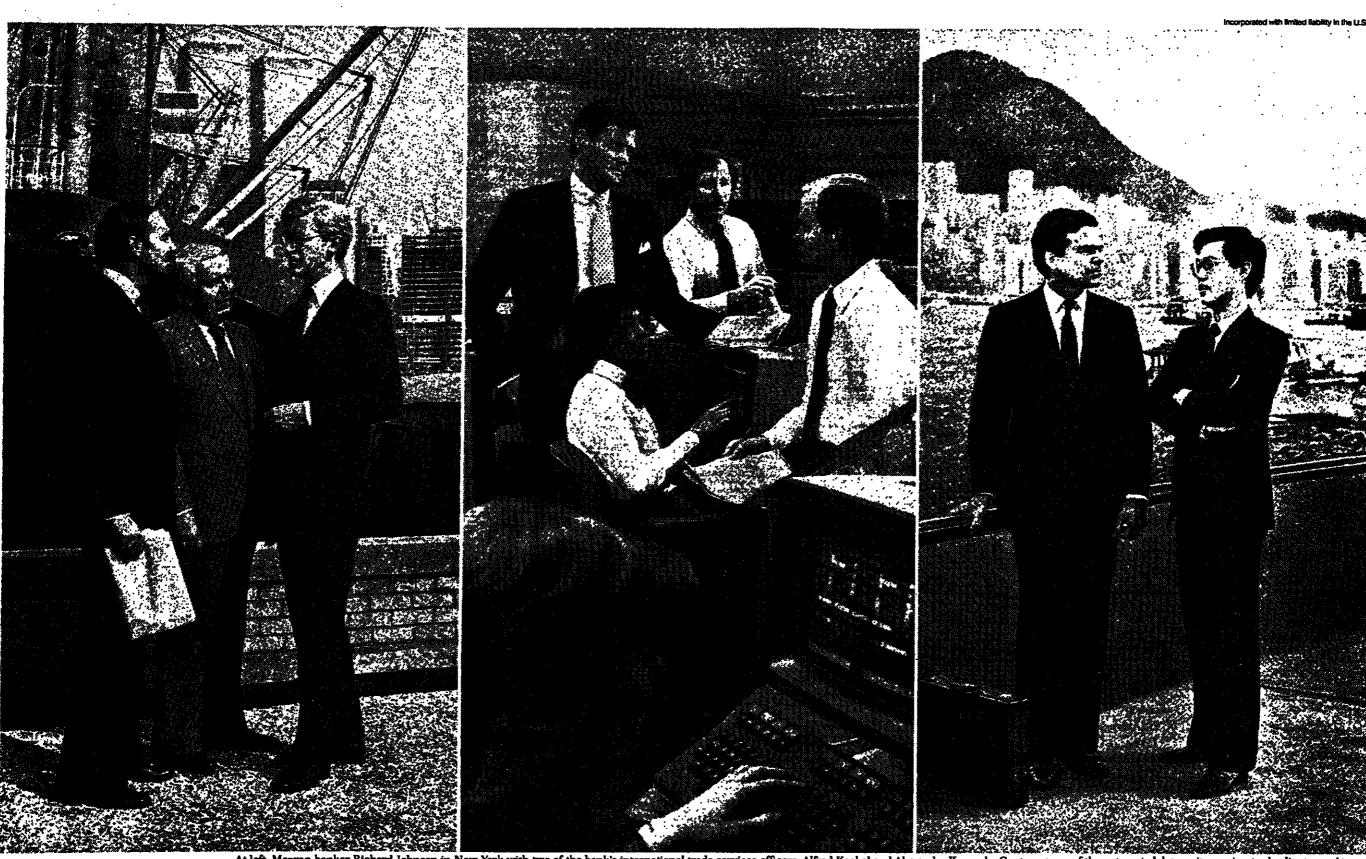
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What large companies and banks should know about Morgan's international trade services



At left, Morgan banker Richard Johnson in New York with two of the bank's international trade services officers, Alfred Koebel and Alexander Kennedy. Center, at one of the automated data units serving trade clients are Atwood Collins, who heads trade services, Maureen Barrett, Robert Springett, and Lowell Knauer. Right, two officers of Morgan's Hong Kong office. David Morris heads general banking; Kenneth Sit's responsibilities include trade services

For more than 100 years major companies and banks have come to Morgan for superior trade services—documentary and standby letters of credit, bankers acceptances, collections, and reimbursements.

Now we've streamlined the way these services are delivered to make them even more responsive to the needs of corporate and correspondent clients.

Small teams of Morgan trade services specialists are located in each of our banking offices around the world. They work closely with our trade services teams in New York, each of which serves a single geographic area.

Here's how this benefits you.

Close communication

Every time you bring Morgan a trade transaction you work with the same small team. Every phase of your transaction—from start to finish—is handled by members of the team. You know them by name, and they know you. This close, continuous communication helps us develop a deeper understanding of your needs, your way of doing international business.

And because each New York team concentrates on a separate geographic area it knows all the trade rules and requirements in its area. The result: we anticipate and prevent problems, expedite your transactions, ensure complete accuracy.

Experience, knowhow

Today, computers help us give you this speed and reliability. But no machine can spot discrepancies in a bill of lading or inspection certificate, or route a transaction in a more timely way. No machine can replace the skills of Morgan people in examining complex trade documents. Some of our specialists have 30 years of experience. So you'll get fast, expert answers to questions like:

- ☐ How can I minimise my risks under performance guarantees?
- ☐ What are the restrictions on using bankers acceptances prior to shipment of goods?
- ☐ When is it to my advantage to have time draft credit terms in a letter of credit instead of deferred payment?
- ☐ Which protects me better as an exporter—a transferable credit or an assignment of proceeds?

There are more benefits to using Morgan trade

services. With \$60 billion in assets and \$3 billion in capital we're one of the world's strongest institutions. Backed by this strength, and our reputation for quality services, documents with Morgan's name are accepted everywhere without question, whether the transaction is for \$50,000 or for \$50 million.

Worldwide resources

The trade service experts at all of our offices and affiliates work closely with each other as well as with our teams in New York, and with the Morgan banker in charge of your overall relationship with us. Together they can call as needed on all Morgan resources, including a global network of correspondent banks, our international banking subsidiaries in key U.S. cities, and our specialists in export finance, cash management, and foreign exchange.

Find out more about how Morgan's trade services are designed to meet your international needs. Ask your Morgan account officer for details, or write Alexander S. Kennedy, Vice President, International Trade Services, Morgan Guaranty Trust Company, 23 Wall Street, New York, NY 10015.

The Morgan Bank

INTERNATL. FINANCIAL FUTURES

Providing conditions for innovation

FINANCIAL TIMES

World

Financial

Futures

CONFERENCE

Dr Ian Richards, the financial futures manager of the Com-modity and Finance Company,

agreed with Mr Jenkins's appraisal of Liffe's first year, though he raised doubts over the future of exchange rates

contracts. Mr Richards made a plea for the Bank of England to help in this area by "pushing" the clearing banks on to the Liffe floor to make a continuous market in currencies

—creating a pool of liquidity in order to sustain this flagging market. This move, he said, would benefit the banks in the long run, by increasing the market volume and by the development of peripheral

development of peripheral interests associated with growth

He also felt the Bank of

England could use the futures market as a source of funding. Some official participation in the futures market was, he

argued, inevitable within the next few years.

Discussing the uses of Finan

cial Futures world wide, Dr Desmond Fitzgerald, of the City

University Business School, outlined broadly the availability

of different contracts in the futures markets and their

success in volume terms. He commented on the difficulties in

creating medium-term bonds futures as compared with the

stack that the lane gall-cuker stock futures contract was the most likely to achieve the levels of volume associated with Chicago.

Continuing the transatlantic

of the market.

a day.

THE growth in financial futures is accelerating the "globalisa-tion" of financial markets. Mr Thomas Strauss, managing director of Salomon, sald yester-

day. He was speaking on the open ing day of a conference on World Financial Futures organised by The Financial Times, Investors Chronicle and The

Mr Strauss went on to state that the growth of financial futures had provided a positive environment for financial innovation, enabling options markets to develop, as well as providing substantial benefits to the U.S. Treasury as an issuer of securities enhancing both the T-Bill and Treasury Bond markets.

Sharing Mr Strauss's assess-Sharing Mr Strauss's assessment about the utility of financial futures was Mr Leo Melamed, special counsel to the board of the Chicago Mercantile Exchange. Mr Melamed also said that as the 1970s had witnessed the emergence of financial futures so the 1980s would cial futures so the 1980s would be the decade for stock market index futures and options. He commented that when he started out as a "runner" on the Chicago Mercantile Exchange the traders would speak wistfully of the "ultimate contract"—index futures.

He stressed the problems of educating government bureau-crats into accepting stock market futures as a vital instru-ment for risk avoidance. Last year had seen three such stock index contracts—on the CME, on the NY Futures Exchange and in Kansas City.

A new era in futures markets had been born he claimed, and investment managers would now have to use index futures and options in conjunction with their stock market operations as

a move that would catapult futures far beyond what had early been thought possible.
Commenting on the first year of the London International Financial Futures Exchange (Liffe), Mr Michael Jenkins, the chief executive, said that one of the front runners for new futures contracts on Liffe was a futures contracts on Liffe was a stock market index, and that there would be an announce-ment about this possibility next

long and short-term markets.
Comparing Liffe with the
Chicago markets. Dr Fitzgerald
stated that the Liffe gilt-edged Overall the first year of Liffe had been encouraging, said Mr Jenkins. The exchange had performed better than the pessimists had predicted and was demonstrating scope for steady growth. Liffe had shown a willingness to experiment to fit in comparison, Mr Jonathan Weal, lingness to experiment to fit in with traders' needs, and the ex-

vestor Services, said that the main difference between the Chicago International Monetary Market and the London Eurodollar cotract is that the settle-

change was helping the process of educating the financial com-munity in the use of financial futures. Mr Jenkins said that he hoped that contract volume by the end of the year would be in the order of 10,000 contracts

While Dr Kurt Andreas, head of the credit department of the Deutsche Bundesbank, offered a central banker's view of fin-ancial innovation in the Capital

difference, he stated that there was a "greater percentage of banking participants in London than Chicago." But that went beyond his introductory the main difference was that remarks and said he regretted that the government did not introductory the main different oppositions. "we have two exchanges providing traders with different opportunities in the same market mer to open Liffe to the UK
reaching different groups of Pension Funds.

He hoped the requisite

people."

He hoped the requisite
Mr Nicholas Giordano, Presi- amendment would be included dent of the Philidelphia Stock in the next Finance Bill and Exchange spoke of the opportunities open to traders in lobby the government to bring Foreign Currency Options in the changing world of international ing of the exchange to pension finance.

Granville & Co. Limited

(formerly M. J. H. Nightingale & Co. Limited)

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Over-the-Co	ounter M	arket	
		- '	P/E
4000 000		Gross Yield	Fully
1982-83	Price Change		
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142 120 Ass. Brit. Ind. Ord	132 —	-54 4.B	1.1 10.1
158 117 Ass. Brit. Ind. CULS	140	10.0 7.2	
74 57 Airsprung Group	73 + 1	6.1 5.4	20.5 20.9
45 21 Armitage & Rhodes	_22 —	- -	
240 98'2 Bardon Hill	240 _ —	7.2 3.0	9.8 19.9
151 100 CCL 11pc Conv. Pref	140 —	15.7 - 11.2	
1 270 185 Cindico Group	186 — 1	17.8 9.5	. – . –
86 45 Deboran Services	64xd —	6.0 11.1	
138 77 Frank Horsell	138 + 2	. ⊶∴ુ—_	5.8 9.5
132 7512 Frank Horsell Pr Ord 87	132 + 2	87.68	B.5 9.1
83 54 Frederick Parker	54 -	7.1 13.1	3.4 5.4
55 32 George Blair	54 — 32 —		5.5 11.6
100 62 Ind. Precision Castings	62 - 1	7.3 11.8	17.2 21.4
200 100 Isis Conv. Pref	200 -	15.7 7.9	
114 47 Jackson Group	106 - 1	45 42	5.5 10.9
	212	11.4 5.4	11.7 12.0
237 111 James Burrough		20.0 14.5	16.0 10.8
280 137 Robert Jenkins	138 —		
83 54 Scruttons "A"	68 —		11.3 8.2
167 108 Torday & Carlisle	108 - 2	2.9 2.7	450 20
29 21 Unitock Holdings	23 —	1.0 4.3	15.0 21.9
90 64 Walter Alexander	90	68 7.6	7.9 10.5
276 214 W. S. Yeates	265 — .	17.1 6.5	4.1 8.5

Public Works Loan Board rates

*Non-quota loans B are 1 per cent higher in each case than non-quota loans A. † Equal instalments of principal. ‡ Repayment by half-yearly annuity (fixed equal half-yearly payments to include principal and interest). § With half-yearly payments of interest only.

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All of these securities having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only.

New Issue / September, 1983

ESMARK

Who transacted hundreds of millions of

Who transacted hundreds of millions

of dollars of foreign currency options?

a number of corporations and reduced their financing costs by hundreds of

Who forecast all three devaluations of

the Scandinavian currencies, the maxi-

devaluation of the Brazilian Cruzeiro,

systems and policies for minimizing

currency and interest rate risk?

the EMS realignment, and many other

major market moves and gave customers

worldwide the right advice at the right time?

Who advised corporations throughout the

world on how to improve their information

Who transacted billions of dollars

of customers' foreign exchange

local markets had closed?

orders after their

thousands of dollars?

dollars of currency and interest rate swaps?

Who managed the multi-currency debt of

4,500,000 Shares

Esmark, Inc.

Common Stock (\$1.00 par value)

Salomon Brothers Inc

A. G. Becker Paribas

Oppenheimer & Co., Inc.

Bear, Stearns & Co.

Hambrecht & Quist

Lazard Frères & Co.

Prudential-Bache

Dillon, Read & Co. Inc.

Goldman, Sachs & Co. The First Boston Corporation **Blyth Eastman Paine Webber** Alex. Brown & Sons Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette **Drexel Burnham Lambert** E. F. Hutton & Company Inc. Kidder, Peabody & Co.

Merrill Lynch Capital Markets Lehman Brothers Kuhn Loeb L. F. Rothschild, Unterberg, Towbin

Smith Barney, Harris Upham & Co. Wertheim & Co., Inc. A. G. Edwards & Sons, inc.

Thomson McKinnon Securities Inc.

ABD Securities Corporation Daiwa Securities America Inc.

Yamaichi International (America), Inc.

Robertson, Colman & Stephens

Atlantic Capital Basie Securities Corporation **EuroPartners Securities Corporation**

Kleinwort, Benson Rothschild Inc.

The Nikko Securities Co.

Robert Fleming

Nomura Securities International, Inc. Sogen Securities Corporation

Shearson/American Express Inc.

Dean Witter Reynolds Inc.

Montgomery Securities

Rowe & Pitman, Inc.

3,000,000 Shares

Stratus Computer, Inc.

All of these Securities have been sold. This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

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ALEX. BROWN & SONS

HAMBRECHT & QUIST

BEAR, STEARNS & CO. THE FIRST BOSTON CORPORATION BLYTH EASTMAN PAINE WEBBER

A. G. BECKER PARIBAS DILLON, READ & CO. INC.

DONALDSON, LUFKIN & JENRETTE E. F. HUTTON & COMPANY INC.

DREXEL BURNHAM LAMBERT KIDDER, PEABODY & CO.

GOLDMAN, SACHS & CO. LAZARD FRERES & CO.

MERRILL LYNCH CAPITAL MARKETS ROBERTSON, COLMAN & STEPHENS

PRUDENTLAL-BACHE L. F. ROTHSCHILD, UNTERBERG, TOWBIN

SALOMON BROTHERS INC SMITH BARNEY, HARRIS UPHAM & CO. WERTHEIM & CO., INC. DEAN WITTER REYNOLDS INC. ABD SECURITIES CORPORATION ATLANTIC CAPITAL

SHEARSON/AMERICAN EXPRESS INC. BASLE SECURITIES CORPORATION

CAZENOVE INC. DAIWA SECURITIES AMERICA INC. **EUROPARTNERS SECURITIES CORPORATION** ROBERT FLEMING

KLEINWORT, BENSON THE NIKKO SECURITIES CO. NOMURA SECURITIES INTERNATIONAL, INC. ROTHSCHILD INC. SOGEN SECURITIES CORPORATION YAMAICHI INTERNATIONAL (AMERICA), INC.

ALGEMENE BANK NEDERLAND N.V. BARING BROTHERS & CO., CREDIT COMMERCIAL DE FRANCE **MORGAN GRENFELL & CO.**

BANQUE DE NEUFLIZE, SCHLUMBERGER, MALLET COMPAGNIE DE BANQUE ET D'INVESTISSEMENTS, CBI GRIEVESON, GRANT AND CO. HILL SAMUEL & CO. SAL. OPPENHEIM JR. & CIE. PICTET INTERNATIONAL

J. HENRY SCHRODER WAGG & CO.

S.G. WARBURG & CO. LTD.

September 7, 1983

Unque

Mills & Allen jumps 51% to record £19m

FOLLOWING AN £8m surge in profits from its money and securities broking side. Mills & Although there are no signs of an upturn in the Far Eastern media group, raised pre-tax figures by 51 per cent to a record £19.07m in the year ended June 30 1983, against £12.65m previously. At halfway, profits were ahead £2.36m at £8.58m.

As forecast at the interim stage—when a rights issue to raise £18.38m, net of expenses, was also £18.3m, net of expenses, was also £18.3m, net of expenses, was also £18.3m, net of expenses, was also £18.3m, net of expenses, was also £18.3m experimentally for last year's subdivision of shares. Earnings per share increased by 16 per cent to 32.59 (289).

Sir lan Morrow, the chairman, says the current year has started well with activity in the grant of \$241,000 (£3000); media—advertising in the far Eastern media companies, the rise in demand for outdoor and screen advertising in the UK and Belgium seen in the final quarter has continued into the current page. Profits arising overseas were £5.2m (£1.3m).

Turnover rose sharply from for £550,000 (£1.13m).

Turnover rose sharply from for £550,000 (£1.3m).

Turnover rose sharply from for £550,000 (£1.3m).

Turnover rose sharply from for £550,000 (£380,00) received). After tax of £7.2m miltivation increased from £1.2m miltivation increased from £1.46m.

Poor drilling results and the low level of demand for gas necessitated a reduction in the far advertising in the UK and Belgium seen in the final quarter has continued into the current year has continued into the current year between the form the financial services—money and securities broking companies picking up from the financial services—money and securities broking companies picking up from the financial services—money and securities broking companies picking up from the financial services—money and securities broking companies picking up from the financial services—money and securities of the financial services—money and securities of the financial services financial services—money and securit

The chairman says the financial services division has grown both as a result of acquisition and organic development, as increased market share and operating efficiencies in the London and North American money broking companies more than offset the lower volume caused by the problems in the international banking community. The results of the division include a full-year contribution from Guy Butler, Butler Till and Garvin Guy Butler and a two-month contribution from Garban.

Paul Bradford, formed by the tising.
Elsewhere in the

The acquisition of Andrew & The acquisition of Andrew & useful advances.

Booth, a chain of 53 (now increased to 90) shops retailing now holds 2.2m ordinary shares motor insurance was the first in the company.

See Lex

In advertising contracting, Mills & Allen suffered from steep site rental increases and lower than expected sales, as the confusion left in the wake of the closure of British Posters led to an overall decrease in the proportion of advertising expenditure devoted to outdoor adver-

butter Till and Garvin Guy Butler, Butler Till and Garvin Guy Butler, Butler and a two-month contribution from Garban.

Paul Bradford, formed by the amalgamation of three Lloyd's insurance brokers, performed spending. Pearl & Dean Austrawell in its first year. It is now established as a profitable company with a sound base for growth.

The acquisition of Andrew & till-year contribution from Garban Court and Shepperson Studios and Mediamark Research both showed further useful advances. useful advances.

Central TV £1.8m in profit at midway

AFTER A £1.63m rise to £7.93m dividend would be proposed in in Channel Four subscription, Central Independent Television made a profit, before tax and Exchequer levy, of £1,84m for the first half of 1983. This compares with a £1,31m loss for the same period last wars which also same period last year which also included pre-operational expenses

months climbed from £49.92m to £57.85m, of which all but some £2m was advertising revenue. The company had around fim of programme sales to regional ITV companies and another film in miscellaneous initial enthusiasm that adver-revenue, including a minimal amount of overseas sales. More importantly, although the percentage of revenue from the first six months. Earlier this month, at the time of the intromonth, at the time of the initial distribution of the company's non-voting shares to the Unlisted to the bottom line. On £5.3m Securities Market, the directors said they expected that a first 168p, is over 16.

May 1984.
Half-time earnings per 50p share advanced from 0.2p to 3.3p. The tax charge increased from £395,000 to £993,000 leaving the net balance at £835,000, com-pared with £53,000. The company is the indepen-dent television contractor for the East and West Midlands.

of £965,000.

There was a £16,000 debit this time for Exchequer levy, against a credit of £1.76m before, resulting in pre-tax profits up from £448,000 to £1.83m.

The directors caution however, that the incidence of advertising revenue is not uniform throughout the year and therefore the first half result is not an indication of the full-year outcome. In 1982, the company made a profit of £4.17m. before deducting £65,000
Exchequer levy.

Referring to the company's prospectus forecast of profits before tax and levy of just over £3m for the year, Mr Bob Phillis, the managing director, says the board is confident that this figure "will be achieved and bettered."

Net income for the first half advertising revenue was 13 per cent higher and industry analysts for more of the same. An added fillip for the second half will be the income from the sale of the Kennedy TV more for the sale of the cent higher and industry analysts confirm the company's outlook for more of the same. An added fillip for the second half will be the income from the sale of the Kennedy TV series to the NBC network amounting to "several million dollars." In the short term the only cloud on the horizon is the failure to get the horizon is the failure to get agreement with Equity over pay-ments for Channel Four advertisements; Central fears that this has killed for ever the relatively small, post-levy income from this source goes straight to the bottom line. On £5.3m

James Neill profits midway First-half 1983 pre-tax profits A special distribution of the company—which sells its own and imported decorative lighting fittings—has changed its year end to December 31. Accordingly, the 1982-83 figures

First-half 1983 pre-tax profits of £109,000 against £137,000, have been produced by James Neill Holdings. This represents a £0.82m turnround on the £0.71m deficit incurred in the preceding six months. preceding six months.

First-half turnover expanded

First-half turnover expanded from £22.39m to £24.22m although trading profits declined to £587,000, against £1.08m.

The decline was attributable to a lower UK contribution of £644.000 (£902,000) and a £57,000 loss overseas compared with a £175,000 profit.

The traphle result was struck

The taxable result was struck after lower interest charges of

Net income

Exchequer levy

Exchequer levy

Profit after Taxation

Group Profit/(Loss) before

Profit after Exchequer levy

Earnings per share before

extraordinary charges

Extraordinary Charges after taxation

Profit/(Loss) attributable to shareholders

The incidence of advertising revenue is not uniform throughout the year and therefore the result for the first six months is not an indication of the final

month of the time of the introduction of the non-voting shares to the Unlisted Securities Market, the directors

expect that a first dividend will be proposed in May, 1984.

No dividend is proposed. As stated earlier this

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A special distribution of 1p net per 25p share is declared arising from the 2508,000 profit attained from the sale of the company's holding in Charles Baynes. There were no dividend payments in respect of 1982.

Looking at prospects for the second half, of this tool manu-facturer and general engineer, Mr J. H. Neill, chairman, says that demand in its domestic market is steady and at a slightly higher level.

First-half tax took £111,000 (£77,000) but after including an extraordinary credit of £508,000 £478,000 (£876,000, and an ex-ceptional debit of £64,000). (nil) the attributable surplus was £0.5m, against £54,000.

CENTRAL

Unaudited Results of Central Independent Television PLC

for the six months ended 30th June 1983

Six months ended

30th June

£'000

57,851

1,844

1,828

(993)

835

835

3.3p

(16)

1982

£,000

49,918

(1,312)

1,760

448

(395)

53

53

0.2p

3. The Group profit before Exchequer Levy for the six months to 30 June 1982 includes pre-operational expenses amounting to £965,000 and the cost of

Channel Four subscription of £6, 300,000. The cost of Channel Four subscription for the six months to 30 June 1983 amounted to £7,932,000.

4. The figures for the year ended 31 December 1982

have been extracted from the full accounts on which

the auditors have issued an unqualified report and which have been filed with the Registrar of

Cecil Gee sees 'satisfactory improvement'

Cecil Gee reports pre-tax profits up from £64,000 to £204,000 for the 28 weeks to July 9 1983 and the directors forecast a "satisfactory improvement" in full-year results. The 1982 profit was £867,000.

Some 55 per cent of group turnover arises in the second half while operating expenses

half while operating expenses are incurred evenly throughout the year, the directors point out. In 1982 almost all the whole year's profits were earned in the second half and they are confident of a similar performance in the current year. in the current year.

Turnover expanded from \$5.25m to \$6.74m for the first half. Since the date of the prospectus, issued when this men's clothing retailer came to the state of the prospectus.

the USM in June, further premises have been bought which will expand the selling area by 20 per cent. This may not yield extra profits in 1983 out future benefits will be significant." Pre-tax profits included ex-

re-tax profits included ex-change gains of £47,000 (£72,000). Tax amounted to £85,000 (£24,000) after which stated earnings per 10p share amounted to 1.4p against 0.5p.

Emess Lighting meets forecast with £401.000

In line with the forecast of not less than £380,000, made in June at the time of the rights since, pre-tax profits of Emess issue, pre-tax profits of Emess Lighting rose from £336,000 to £401,000 for the 12 months ended June 30 1983. Turnover increased by £1.2m to £4.37m.

will cover the 18 months ending December 31, 1983. Emess expects to continue its progress during the remainder of 1983. As forecast, there is a second interim dividend of 5p making 8.25p (7.5p) net for the 12 months.

months.

Yearly earnings per 25p share improved from 20.45p to 25.47p.

Tax took £49,000 (£59,000) and last time there was also an extraordinary debit of £22,000.

During the period the company has commenced trading in the table lamp and lampshade sector, which comprises about 40

sector, which comprises about 40 per cent of all domestic lighting sales. Emess anticipates a profitable contribution from this sector in the remainder of 1983.

Year ended

31st December

1982

£,000

109,314

4,174

3,509

(2,338)

1,171

(1,856)

(685)

4.7p

(665)

Associated Book up but growth slowing

as anticipated, begun to slacken.
However progress at the interim stage, with taxable profits up from £1.46m to £1.58m for the six months to June 30 1983, is in accordance with expectations and the with expectations, and the directors are confident of a further advance in the year's

outcome.

The company's business, publishing

Earnings per share for the opening period amounted to 3.8p against 3.5p and the interim against 3.5p and the interim
dividend is lifted from 2p to
2.75p net per 20p share,
Contributions from Canada
increased from £1.04m to £1.23m
lation is for academic debate thanks to favourable exchange alone unless Mr Maxwell knows rates, and the U.S. deficit was cut something the board doesn't.

THE RAPID growth in profits to £0.03m against £0.2m with a achieved by Associated Book 50 per cent increase in sales. Publishers in recent years has. Divisional contributions in Australia slipped by 9 per cent during the period.

Group attributable profits emerged at £426,000 compared with £391,000, after tax of £862,000 (£805,000) and minorities of £287,000 (£262,000).

comment

is The bunching of costs in the essentially seasonal with most of move towards computerised the year's profit earned in the storage of law texts has made a second half. the year's profit earned in the second half.

For 1982 profits totalled for the second six months.

The opening half of the current year saw turnover expand from £21.83m to £23.79m, and trading profits from £1.4m to £1.53m. When measured in local currencies turnover rose by 4 per cent, with real growth coming from expansion in UK/U.S. publishing, and UK relailing activities.

Trading profits for the first half were struck after charging from an expansion in UK/Us. Trading profits for the first half were struck after charging from an expansion in UK/Us. Trading profits for the first half were struck after charging from an expansion in UK/Us. Trading profits for the first half were struck after charging from an expansion in UK/Us. Trading profits for the first half were struck after charging from an expansion in UK/Us. Trading profits for the first half were struck after charging from an expansion in UK/Us. Trading profits for the second in the storage of law texts mas made to £0.33m dent in Associated Book s interim progress but even so film pre-tax looks possible for the year. ABP is running with an underlying growth rate of around 17 per cent. There is no reason to suppose that will alter much in the current six months though the heavier exposure to general books publishing in the UK/Us. The profits based in the were structured to the year. ABP is running with an underlying growth rate of around 17 per cent. There is no reason to suppose that will alter much in the current six months though the heavier exposure to general books possible for the year. ABP is running with an underlying growth rate of around 17 per cent. There is no reason to suppose that will alter much in the current six months though the heavier exposure to general books possible for the year. ABP is running with an underlying growth rate of around 17 per cent. There is no reason to suppose that will alter much in the current six of around 17 per cent. There is no reason to suppose that will alter much in the current six of around 17 per cent. Trading profits for the first half were struck after charging with 70 to 80 per cent of the f331,000, arising from an accelerated programme to convert UK law publishing texts to machine readable form. The directors say that this Is now well on the way to completion and costs will be much reduced in the second half.

Earnings per share for the were CS20,000. That wen runted nettle must be grasped sooner or later. The shares have had a very good run this year but even so at 285p the fully taxed

Improved tea prices boost S. African disposal, capital gearing has come down from the year end figure of 86 per cent, a short 50 per cent, with Eastern Produce by £2.2m

£1.24m

Interest charges, less investment income, were £876,000 against £821,000. Tax took £1.87m (£990,000) and of this amount, the foreign content was £1.68m the foreign content was £1.68m (£838.000). After minorities of £128.000 (£38.000) and extraordinary credits of £15.000 (£185,000), attributable profits were over £1m higher at £1.38m (£313.000).

Stated earnings per 50p share and a devaluation of the local currency. Unochrome engineering is well in the black, but the insurance broking activities have suffered from a decline in commission income. The shares stand on a historic yield of 5

SUBSTANTIALLY HIGHER tea prices are largely attributable to Eastern Produce (Holdings) improving its pre-tax profits from fl.16m to £3.36m in the six mouths to June 30, 1983. The interim dividend is raised from 1.4p to 1.5p net—last year's total was 4.9p from pre-tax profits of £4.43m.

Turnover of the group, which produces tea, rubber, copra and cocoa, and which has interest in investment and engineering, rose from £17.68m to £20.21m. Operating profits were higher at £2.79m compared with £1.43m, and share of profits of associated companies rose from £550,000 to £1.24m.

Interest charger less invests. This has left the company's own price comfortably floating within pennies of a 10-year high at 143p, down 4p, where EP is capitalised at £15m. Meanwhile, April's issue of loan stock has taken a hefty chunk out of short-term borrowings which are now around £5m, or 50 per cent of shareholders' funds. The group's rubber plantations in Papus New Guinea are breaking even after having turned in huge losses, thanks to price improvements and a devaluation of the local currency. Unochrome engineer-

Tilbury Group advances

42.3 per cent improvement over the £955,000 reported for the same period last year.

The group has also made a good start in the second half of the year, particularly in the road-

FOR THE opening half of 1983 being sustained largely because the Tilbury Group pushed its of underspending and expendi-pre-tax profits up to £1.36m, a ture cuts in the public sector.

First-half earnings moved ahead from an adjusted 4.8p to 5.29p per 25p share and the net interim dividend is effectively lifted by 0.1p to 1.3p.

the year, particularly in the roadstone, construction, mechanical
services and residential property
divisions.

However, in his interim report
Mr Patrick Edge-Partington, the
chairman, points out that the improvement in work load available
to the construction industry, as
shown by a higher level of inquiries earlier in the year, is not

Turnover for the period edged
up from £22.02m to £32.99m.
At the available level, profits
emerged at £776,000, compared
with £710,000, after tax of
£576,000 (£245,000) and extraordinary debits of £7.000 (nil).

The rise in tax resulted from
lower stock relief and lower
relief from past losses.

DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED

	Current payment	Date of sp payment	Corre- conding div.		Total last year
Associated Book int.		Nov 1	2	_	6.5
Ben Balley	8.0	_	0.56	1.2	0.81
DRG int	. 3	Nov 7	3		6
Eastern Produce int.	1.5	Nov 23	1.4	_	4.9
Emess Light.+9 2nd int.		_	4.5	_	7.5
Home Farm Prods		Nov 9	1.75	3.25)	2.9
Lawrie Plantation	25	_	22	25	22
Manders (Hldgs.) int.	. 2	Nov 14	1.4	_	6
Mills & Allen	9†	Nov 29	811	13	11!
Moss Bros int.	1.54	Nov 14	1.05	_	3.55
Northern Industrial	6	_	6	8	8
Riley Leisure int.		Dec 15	1.5	— ·	5.6§
Tilbury Group int.		Oct 27	1.2*	_	4*
Wingate Prop. : int.	0.5	_	_		_

Dividends shown pence per share net except where otherwise stated *Equivalent after allowing for scrip issue. † On capital increased by rights and/or acquisition issues. † USM stock. E For 17 months. Making 8.25p to date in 18 months period. Adjusted for share split.

UK upturn boosts DRG by 80% to £9.5m

PACKAGING and manufactured PACKAGING and manufactured stationery businesses in the UK, plus lower interest charges, helped boost interim pro-tax profits at DRG by 80 per cent from previous depressed levels. For the period to July 2 the taxable surplus increased from 55.4m to 19.5m.

Turnover was down from £5.4m to 19.5m.
Turnover was down from £285.3m to £267.8m.
Mr John S. Camm, chairman, repeats his view, expressed at the annual meeting in May, that

1983 is a year for consolidation and progress towards an accept-able return on investment. able return on investment.

The net interim dividend is held at 3p—in the last full year a final of 3p was also paid. Earnings per 25p share are shown to be up from 1.3p to up from 1.3p to 7.5p.

Group pre-tax profits for the whole of 1982 were £12.5m, having fallen from £27.7m in 1979.

Trading profits rose from £10.8m to £13.1m. Interest charges were reduced from £5.8m to £3.9m. At the annual meeting Mr Camm had predicted meeting Mr Camm had predicted that financing costs would be lower because of the sale of interests in South Africa.

Mr Camm now points out that positive cash flow was also achieved from current business—the increase in funds during the period was £31.5m (decrease £12.8m). The ratio of debt to shareholders' funds has improved from 86 per cent to 50 per cent. During the period, UK packaging faced keen price competition although demand was better in

although demand was better in some product groups. Manu-factured stationery businesses have undergone radical reshap-ing in the last two years— benefits are now emerging although there was only marginal improvement in demand.

Despite the sale of South African packaging and stationery interests, the group still has significant businesses overseas. Given difficult economic conditions, Mr Camm describes the shortfall in overseas trading profits from £4m to £3.7m as "not disappointing."

comment On Tuesday DRG's shares gained On Tuesday DRG's shares gained 4p to a four year high of 117p. But in the event, the interim figures were a bit too good for profit taking, and the price added another penny. Although the statement is cautious about market conditions, it should be noted, on a like for like basis, sales increased by 8 per cent, virtually on volume. DRG's four-year rationalisation—in which year rationalisation—in which the work force has been reduced by 40 per cent—is finally impact-ing favourably at the bottom line. So the interim payout, which was uncovered in 1982, is now over two and a half times covered. Thanks largely to the to about 50 per cent. With reduced overseas earnings, and some UK tax shelter to work off, the tax charge has come down to 27 per cent, a figure that should be repeated for the year as a whole, in which DRG could turn in at least £20m pre-tax. That puts the shares on an actual p/e of 6.6, though an attraction remains a prospective yield of around 71 per cent.

Ramar Textiles

Earnings per 5p share emerged at 3.52p (2.14p) basic and at 2.75p (1.68p) fully diluted, and the dividend for the year is being stepped up from 0.625p to 1p net.

I D C Group lower Although pre-tax profits at IDC Group fell from £511,124 to £460,148 in the half-year to April 30 1983, the interim dividend has been raised from 1.464p to 1.61p—last year's final was 4.658p net from pre-tax profits of £1.1m.

Stated earnings per 20p share were lower at 6.8p compared with 7.5p.

The directors say the current year's results will be similar to last year's, but orders are healthy and 1984 should show a material improvement in profits. They say liquidity remains strong.

NEI Earnings

Earnings per share of Northern Engineering Industries amounted to 5.53p for the first half of 1983. Due to an agency error these were given as 3.53p in yesterday's report.

MUNICIPAL TELEPHONE COMPANY OF FUNEN 9% 1976/1984 UA 10,000,000
Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Bonds, notice is hereby given that, during the reviews-month period ending September 14, 1983, nominal US 55,000 have been purchased for the account of the Company. Outstanding amount: UA 7,480,000.
THE TRUSTEE
FINIMTRUST S.A.
Luxembourg, September 29, 1983

> LADBROKE INDEX 693-700 (unch) based on FT Index Tel: 01-493 5261

Aurora makes £0.7m halfway

Aurora, the general and precision engineering group, has returned to profitability in the first half of 1983, following the closing of its loss-making special steel business and a £19m capital reconstruction.

the group decided to abandon special steel making last ebruary. Sir Robert was unrepentent

about the venture. "Aurora tried very hard to do a very big thing. The Government supported us, but then in 1979 the Conservative Government came in with its tremendously strong magnetary policy and decimated

group's remaining subsidiaries were soundly based and profit-able. The results were encouragang and justified confidence that Aurora was steadily restoring its

position.

The first half trading results of the remaining UK subsidiaries in general engineering, fasteners and tools—were at much the same level as in the first half of 1982, on slightly steel business and a figm capital reconstruction.

Pre-tax profits were £728,000, compared with a pre-tax loss of £3.85m in the whole of 1962 and a total loss for the year of £17.7m.

Under the direction of Sir Kaler being down in the first.

Turnover in the first half was £4.9m, trading profits were half use 1970s, acquiring Osborn Steels for £11.8m and Edgar Allen Balfour for £13.8m. However, the steel division fell into loss in 1980 and suffered massive deficits in 1981 to 1982 as demand fell and foreign competition strengthened. After a number of rationalisation moves, the group decided to abandon Figures for the first half of 1982, on slightly lower sales.

The Australian subsidiaries improved in the second quarter at the first balf was £4.9m, trading profits were \$1.7m. After share of profits of associated companies of £1.77m. After share of £1.9m on the sale of the Openshaw steelworks, and currency losses of £326,000 final prifit was £2.3m or £2.30p per share undiluted and 0.67p diluted.

diluted.

Figures for the first half of last year are not comparable because of the inclusion of the steel business, but the capital reconstruction document suggests that pre-tax profits in the continuing businesses in the whole of last year, assuming the reculting lower interest charges. resulting lower interest charges, might have been £4.9m.

in with its tremendously strong monetary policy and decimated British industry by a fifth."

"The Bank of England tried to get the special steels industry to work together, but it wasn't able to. In the end, it was a questaion of survival."

In the interim statement, Sir Robert said he would retire as chairman at the end of the vear and would be succeeded by Sir John Hill. Mr group's remaining subsidiaries were soundly based and profitting. The results were encourage to become managing

pany, is to become managing

Riley Leisure £0.91m ahead after six months

SHARPLY IMPROVED results

Industries, acquired earlier this year, the directors, headed by Mr Alan Deal, the chairman, say they look forward to a "most satisfactory" outcome to the year—for the 17 months to end-December 1982 group pre-tax profits totalled £1.42m.

profits totalled £1.42m.

Meanwhile, the interim dividend is being lifted from 1.50 to 2p net per 10p share. Dividends totalling 5.6p were paid for the preceding 17 months.

Turnover for the first six months, to end-June 1983, amounted to £8.35m, compared with £5.25m with 5.25m.

with £5.28m which covered the half year to end-July 1982.

are still very much in a transi-tional stage in group develop-ment and the full potential from the group's recent expansion is not expected until 1984.

products should see a full year out-turn of around £3.5m. At yesterday's price of 191p, down 4p, that implies a prospective p/e of 13, assuming a 38 per cent tax charge.

Sales in the snooker manufacby its snooker clubs and its entry into the keep-fit market enabled Riley Leisure to raise its interim pre-tax profits by 1916,000 to £1.43m.

And with the inclusion of a full contribution from Leisure second half year are good. The directors are continuing to examine possibilities for the further expansion of Riley Leisure through acquisition.

comment

Riley has been hard on the acquisition trail for the past year, so a more than doubling in year, so a more than doubling in pre-tax profits is not an entirely accurate gauge of underlying growth. However, a 90 per cent increase in the clubs' profit con-tribution—including the Luciania chain—incitioning the Locialita
chain—indicates that Riley's
most important market still has
plenty of steam in it, at least for
the time being. A setback to
both margins and profits in the half year to end-July 1982.

A divisional breakdown of the pre-tax results shows: snooker—manufacture and service £132,000 (£228,000) and clubs £750,000 (£394,000), keep-fit £646,000 (nil), furniture £3.000 £39,000 loss) and games £54,000 loss (£25,000 loss).

The result was after deducting associates' losses of £50,000 (£46,000) and interest charges of £122,000 (£108,000). Figures of Leisure Industries were included from June 1 1983.

plenty of steam in it, at least for the time being. A setback to such good news. Orders have since improved, but this could since market as a whole. So it is all the better to see fitness equipment contributing to 45 per cent of profits. Nevertheless, form June 1 1983. from June 1 1983.

Earnings emerged at 6.4p (2.9p) and at 5.5p (2.9p) diluted after tax of £671,000 (£254,000) and minorities of £3,000 (mil).

Mr Deal says the companies are still very much in a transi-

Interim result shows further progress

	Haif ye	Year to	
	30th June 1983	30th June 1982	31st Dec. 1982
Turnover	£23m	m\$\$3	£44.5m
Total pre-tax surplus	£1.36m	£0.95m	£2.51m
Earnings per 25p share	5.3p	4.8p*	11.7p*
Dividend per 25p share	1.3p	1.2p*	4.0p*
Net assets per 25p share	96.5p	89.6p*	92.5p*
*Equivalent figures atter	adjusting for t	he capitalisatio	n issue.

Profit increased 42.3% on turnover up 4.4%

Good start in second half

Tilbury Group PLC

Tilbury House, Rusper Road, Horsham, West Sussex RH12 4BB Construction - Roadstone

Plant · Mechanical Services **Property Development**

John Brown, the troubled engineering group, is seeking a two-year increase in its borrowing Sir John, who replaced Sir powers mainly to finance stocks and work in progress at its John Brown Engineering subsidiary. Earlier this year the group attempted to sell the subsidiary, a manufacturer of gas turbines, but neconations with Hawker Siddeley were broken off last

The increase being sought is from one and a half to nearly two times the consolidated share capital and reserves. This would

capital and reserves. This would raise the group's borrowing limit from £130m to £170m, based on figures in the last balance sheet at March 31 1933.

Actual borrowings amounted to £103m at March 31, and Sir John Cuckney, the chairman, said in a letter to shareholders proposing the increase that they

John Mayhew Sanders as chair-man in July, soid: "It is a charac-teristic of the JBE business that teristic of the JBE dusiness that to offer competitive delivery dates it is essential to build turbines in advance of expected orders." Despite low production levels, working capital needs at JBE could exceed the presently permitted levels,

Sir John reaffirmed, however, that the increase was only a tem-

Manders lifted to £2.2m by UK printing ink side

SIGNIFICANT progress in print-ing ink activities at Manders interest £174,000 (£241,000). (Holdings) helped bring about a Turnover was divided as to UK, rise of £358,000 in pre-tax profits to £2.22m for the half year to the end of June 1983. Turnover of this group, which also has interests in paint and property, expanded from £19m to £20.78m.

The net intering dividend in The net interim dividend is increased from 1.4p to 2p, partly to reduce disparity. Earnings per 25p share were given as rising from 6.8p to 8.9p. In the last full year a final of 4.6p was also

£17.23m (£15.98m), and overseas £3.55m (£3.02m).

Benefits of rationalisation in the last second half, coupled with an 8 per cent improvement in sales enabled all UK divisions to make progress, say the directors. The Australian subsidiary has

performed indifferently for many years. While efforts to expand sales in Australia were successpaid from pre-tax profits of full recession, devaluation of the £3.5m.

Australian dollar, and a change A breakdown of pre-tax figures of position by a major supplier, shows: UK paint and printing ink led to agreement to sell operations. This will lead to an extraprinting ink £242,000 (same); ordinary loss of £493,000.

Advance by Moss Bros.

sion of Fairdale Textiles—grew to £7.89m, against £4.36m. The directors report that trad-ing generally has been a little more encouraging and this, coupled with a determined effort throughout the business, has led to the increased profit.

Home Farm

As foreseen at the interim stage second half taxable profits of Home Farm Products did not equal those earned in the first although the year's outcome emerged £82,000 higher at £1.01m.

The final distribution is lifted to 2.1p (1.75p), giving a higher total of 3.25p, against 2.9p, per 10p share.
Earnings for the year moved ahead to 11p (10.09p) after tax of £507,000 (£467,000).

Tate & Lyle

The rights issue by Tate and Lyle met with a warm response from shareholders. Of the 12.4m shares offered, 91 per cent were taken up, the balance being sold in the market at a net premium of 40.4p per share. These proceeds will be distributed pro rata among entitled shareholders.

PRE-TAX profits of tailor and outfitter, Moss Bros advanced from £135,000 to £225,000 for the six months to July 30 1983, while turnover—reflecting the inclusion of Fairdale Textiles—grew to £7.89m, against £4.36m.

The directors report that trade and profits a profits totalled the profits and parity—last year's mai was 2.5p and pre-tax profits totalled £502,000. Half-time earnings per 20p share climbed from 2.62p to 4.28p, after tax of £117.000 (£69,000).

|Yearlings total £18m Yearling bonds totalling £18m at 91 per cent have been issued this week by the following local authorities.

Aylesbury Vale DC £1m; St.

emerged £82,000 higher at f1.01m.

Second half profits, of this pork butcher, fell from £481,000 to £463,000, following a midway advance to £550,000 against £450,000.

Turnover for the year to May 28 1983 rose from £19.66m to £23.95m net of VAT, but the second half saw a fall to £11.21m, compared with £11.91m. Turnover at halfway was up from £7.75m to £12.74m.

The final distribution is lifted to 2.1p (1.75%) wich (London Borough of) film; Newbury DC £0.25m; Newcastle-Upon-Tyne (City of) £1m; Northampton BC £0.5m; Ogwr BC £0.5m; Waltham Forest (Lon-

Lawrie Plantation

don Borough of) £0.5m.

arising from the ments.

Algemene Bank Nederland N.V.

Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft

Swiss Bank Corporation International

Crédit Lyonnais

Kredietbank N.V.

Banque Internationale à Luxembourg S.A.

Berliner Handels- und Frankfurter Bank

Pre-tax profits for 1982 of Lawrie Plantation Holdings jumped from £2.97m to £4.02m and the dividend is lifted from 22p to 25p net. Turnover rose from £8.84m to £11.82m and profits included a surplus of £72,000 (£1.04m)

BIDS AND DEALS

Sun Life offer for North British

BY MICHAEL CASSELL, PROPERTY CORRESPONDENT

North British Properties, the Gosforth-based development and investment group, has received a bid approach from Sun Life Assurance. Talks between the two sides are in progress.

News of the discussions sent North British shares up by 59p to 152p, placing a value of about £21m on the group. In July 1982, its investment portfolio was valued at £39m, providing a diluted net asset value of 202p

Mr Peter Cadbury, of Morgan Grenfell, advisers to North British, said that the board was committed to explore the Sun Life proposals but was equally determined to ensure that any offer fully reflected the group's asset value. Shareholders are being advised to take no action until a further announcement. Sun Life already owns just under 24 per cent of the issued equity in North British while the Bell family, which is well represented on the board, holds about 22 per cent. BOARD MEETINGS

The following companies have notified dates of board meetings to the Stock Exchange. Such meetings are usually held for the purpose of considering dividends. Official indications are not available as to whether the dividends are interims or finals and the subdivisions shown below are based mainly on last year's timetable.

TODAY

Interims—APV, Aberdeen Construc-

Interims—APV, Aberdeen Construc-tion. Beauford. Bentalls, Bridgewater Estates. Clyde Petroleum. James Finlay, Finlay Packaging, Garfunkes Restaurants. Grampian Holdings. Gratton, Harris Queensway, House of Fraser, John Laing, Leyland Paint and Walipaper. Lilleshall, MCD, Oilfield

Inspection Services, Superdrug Suter, George Wimpey Finals—S. Casket, HTV. PUTURE DATES

in the previous twelve months. In the first half of 1982-83, pre-North British was formed in 1979 when the Bellway group was split into separate residen-tial and commercial property companies, with North British tax profits reached £311,000, compared with £403,000 in the same period the year before. A inheriting the commercial portmodest recovery in profits for In the year ending July 1982, the group reported pre-tax profits of £613,000, against £1.58m the year just ended is expected.

North British has, until now, Lazar concentrated its activities in the talks.

recent performance has been hit by the weak property market, which has left it with substantial unlet space in development schemes. More recently, how-ever, it has been looking to extend its activities to the southern part of the country. Sun Life's approach has clearly been timed to take advantage of been timed to take advantage of the group's present weakness. If any bid battle ensues, however, North British should be able to put up a good case for a net asset value of between 235p and 250p a share and point to improved profits, deriving from

property dealing transactions, in the first half of this year. the first half of this year.

Sun Life, which at the end of 1882 had property investments valued at £485m, last made a bid for a quoted property company in 1976 when it successfully fought for control of Artagen Properties in a deal worth nearly £50m. It is being advised by Lazard Brothers in the latest talks.

Pritchard gains 50.5% of Spring Grove

Pritchard Services Group announced yesterday that it had received aceptances in respect of 50.5 per cent of Spring Grove, the troubled linen rental and workwear hire group. The £15m offer, Pritchard's advisors, Morgan Grenfell, appounced has now become unconditional as to acceptances.
The terms are now conditional

only in respect of the decision by the Office of Fair Trading whether or not to refer the deal

laundry bids was expected to be untangled last night following clarification of the merger position.

Brengreen's offer for Sunlight

bidding the equivalent of £24m than 50 per cent because the for Spring Grove but this offer appeared to have been comprehensively shut out by Pritchard, barring the intervention of the Takeover Panel.

Sunlight, advised by Kleinwort ight has requested the Panel to the state of

Brengreen's offer for Sunlight Services reaches its first closing date today, December 29, which would normally provide the signal for the OFT to make known its decision to all interested parties. However, all sides were still awaiting the verdict last night which means that the fate of Brengreen's £31m bid is still undecided.

Its target, Sunlight, is itself sarring the intervention of the Takeover Panel.

Takeover Panel.

Takeover Panel.

Takeover Panel.

Takeover Panel.

Takeover Panel.

Takeover Panel.

Takeover Panel.

To these circumstances, Sunlight has requested the Panel to set aside all of Pritchard's acceptances, to debar Pritchard from acquiring further Spring received undertakings to accept its offer from holders of 50.2 chard to dispose of any Spring equity."

The correct figure, Sunlight

The correct figure, Sunlight to issue a corrective.

Willis Faber joint reinsurance venture

mation sold its controlling in-

terest in Quest CAE in February to two private companies owned

by Arab interests. Quest Auto-mation is a public company in which the National Enterprise

Board, now part of the British Technology Group, has a strong

Gabraphone Transducers and United Technologies Massawippi

UK paid £2m for a 51 per cent stake. The money was to be injected into the company to help it meet its R and D costs. The stake was subsequently in-

creased to 61 per cent. The two investing companies make

transducers and controlled by

Johnson & Higgins and Willis developed by Willcox.

Faber, two of the world's largest insurance brokers, have formed a joint venture to develop reinsurance business in North strong international ries.

Insurance business in North America.

Under the terms of an agreement, Willis Faber will take a 49 per cent interest in Johnson & Higgins dates back to 1892, is one of the most influential firms at Lloyd's. Mr Robert Hatcher, the chairmediaries, based in New York City. The joint venture will have a subsidiary in London, Willis Faber & Willcox, which will be a Lloyd's broker and will handle a Lloyd's broker and will handle stature and reputation in North American business

The deal fell through because of its complexity and both the

duplication and diversity of the

three companies activities.

Compeda was subsequently bought by Prime, the U.S. minicomputer manufacturer.

The directors of Quest CAE

asked the company's bankers Barclays, to call in the receivers

Marconi Instruments which has bought Quest CAE makes elec-tronic test equipment for tele-communications and radio equip-

ment as well as automatic test equipment and simulators and

Marconi buys Quest CAE

American reinsurance

reinsurance market currently generates U.S.\$10bn annually. generates U.S.S10bn annually.

Mr David Palmer, chairman of
Willis Faber, said he was
delighted with the new venture.
He added that it would "further
strengthen the ties between ourselves and Johnson and Higgins
and would clearly enhance the
capabilities of both firms in the
North American market."

North American market."

The decision to join forces in North American reinsurance brokerage is the latest in a series of co-operative efforts between Johnson and Higgins and Willis

Faber. The two brokers operate an important force on the North and London scepe."—The U.S. jointly in Canada, Australia and New Zealand. In the U.S. they engage in

surplus lines brokerage through Neal, Lloyd and Co, a Chicago-based excess and surplus lines brokerage firm, and jointly own Johnson and Higgins Willis Faber (U.S.), which manages underwriting syndicates on the New York Insurance Exchange.

Further joint ventures are foreseen but the two companies will continue to operate as separate and independent organi-

Position still precarious at Wit Nigel

BY GEORGE MILLING-STANLEY

ment's proposals to phase out its it has about 4m townes of ore successful system of state assistance to qualify gold mines at times of low metal prices come extensions to the plant necessare under attack in the latest annual ducer, believes that the scheme should be maintained in the absence of any alternative system of funding the capital expenditure necessary for the continued operation of threatened mines.

The authorities are currently collecting information before opening discussions with the mines concerned, and Mr Abdinor will have an opportunity to put his case during those talks. The Government Mining Engineer, who is responsible for administering the scheme.

The reduced scale of operations led to a fall of a quarter in gold production last year.

times of low metal prices come extensions to the plant necessary under attack in the latest annual to treat this additional ore would report from Witwatersrand Nigel.

Mr G. Abdinor, chairman of whole programme would cost the small independent gold programme would cost around Rain over the next two duers, heliouse that the rehamant.

years.

This might prolong Wit Nizel's immediately after Wit Nigel's annual meeting on October 19. life for a while, but it would do nothing to remove the basic problem of the operation's vulnerability to either a fall in the gold price or a rise in working costs.

The authorities are currently collecting information before opening discussions with the mines concerned, and Mr Abdinor will have an opportunity to put his case during those talks. The Government Mining Engineer, who is responsible for administering the scheme, rejected Wit Nigel's application for further assistance during the last quarter of the financial year to June 30.

This has speeded up the continuing reappraisal of mining policy, which has already seen the shelving of plans to sink a new No. 10 shaft at a cost originally estimated at Riom (£5.9m), and the curtailment of operations to areas which are easily accessible from the present shaft system.

The reduced scale of operations who are apparently dissatisfied with this precarlous existence have called a meeting to consider the election of five new directors, it is reported from Johannesburg. The group holds around 11.5 per cent of Wit Nigel's equity and there are suggestions that it might be able to muster support from as much as 40 per cent of the shareholders. The five proposed new directors are more than the procession of the shareholders who are apparently dissatisfied with this precarlous existence have called a meeting to consider the election of five new directors, it is reported from Johannesburg. The group holds around 11.5 per cent of Wit Nigel's equity and there are suggestions that the group port from as much as 40 per cent of the shareholders. The five proposed new directors are more than the procession of the shareholders who are apparently dissatisfied with this precarlous existence have apparently dissatisfied with this precarlous existence have apparently dissatisfied with this precarlous existence have apparently dissatisfied with this precarlous existence have apparently dissatisfied with this precarlous existence have apparently dissatisfied with this precarlous existence have apparently dissatisfied with this precarlous existence have apparently dissatisfied with this precarlous existence have apparently dissatisfied with this pr

The meeting will be held held immediately after Wit Nigel's annual meeting on October 19.

International round-up

CRIES OF "internal protectionism" have been prompted in the U.S. by the defeat in the House of Representatives of ton in a 565-ft length of the another Bill to give federal rights of way to pipelines which would carry coal in slurry form from the mines to customers, mainly electric utilities. Opposition has come mainly from the mainly electric utilities. Opposition has come mainly from the railways which transport about two-thirds of all coal and which seek to protect their position by refusing to allow pipellines to cross their property.

is to seek approval at the annual meeting on October 14 to distribute to shareholders its 60.4 per cent holding in the junior oil and gas explorer. Petro Energy, whose interests include a 61 per cent stake in the South Pepper oil discovery permit WA 149P.

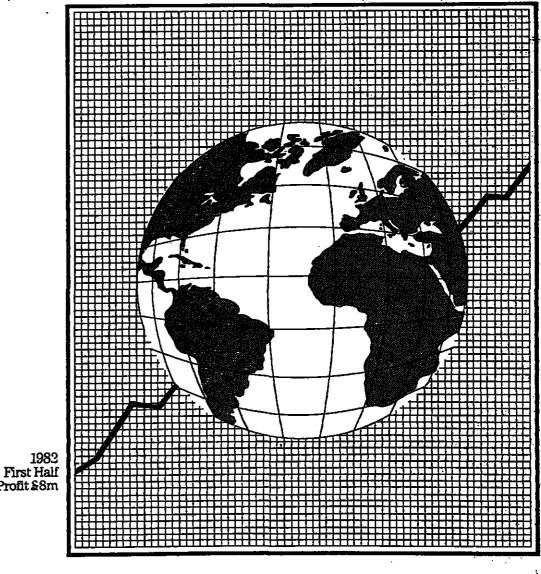
* * * permit WA 149P.

The Canadian Northgate group's 56 per cent-owned Orofino Resources reports that underground sampling at its old gold mining property in the Swayze district of Ontario has given significantly higher grades than those obtained in adjacent permit WA 149P. It is proposed to distribute 212 shares in Petro Energy and 69 options (exercisable at 35 cents of May 30, 1986) for every 100 fully paid shares held in MileEast Minerals.

First Half

Profit £12m

Marconi Instruments, a subsidiary of General Electric Company, has bought Quest CAE, the suppliers of computer aided design company which went into receivership in August. Quest CAE was part of Quest and Compeda for a proposed Quest CAE was part of Quest merger which had strong government difficulty for some time because of the very high research and development costs. Quest Auto-diverse computer aided design A world of confidence



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29th September, 1983

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Michael Page Partnership

International Recruitment Consultants
London New York Birmingham Manchester Leeds Glasgow

JOBS COLUMN

What recruiters like and dislike in letters

BY MICHAEL DIXON

EMPLOYMENT legend tells of career facts, which should be two personnel staff recruiting either true or surrounded with junior managers for different sections of the same big competitions. sections of the same big company. On receiving letters of application, both made a rule of looking first at the writer's

One thereupon scrapped any letter which did not include the postcode, on grounds that failure to do so unerringly revealed a slap-dash character. The other immediately ditched any application which did include the postcode taking include the postcode, taking this as incontrovertible evi-

dence of a pettifogging mind. The tale, whether true or not. is a salutary warning against following general advice on the 'best" way to compose job-

That is not to say there is no general rule at all. For instance, given one of those nebulous offers of "an outstanding oppor-tunity for an enterprising executive at a negotiable salary," poetic justice would be on the side of applicants who replied only that they were "enterprising executives with outstanding experience and of negotiable age." But I doubt that the advertiser would appreciate the point sufficiently to pursue the application.

So it would seem to be a centre itself since it is engaged general rue to supply at least in helping jobless executives, is a skeleton of personal and that 39 of the 50 employing

sultant variety increasingly check chapter and verse of applications that attract them.

But beyond that, when deciding to write to any particular recruiter, the applicant does best to proceed under what is known in the academic racket as the principle of in-sufficient reason. It dictates that anything you do is as likely to get you rejected as the oppo-

On the other hand if the object is not so much to get one specific job as to improve the average response across a goodly number of applications, then general advice could be useful. And it just happens that I have to hand the findings of a recent survey of 50 employers' and 50 recruitment

The study was done by John Poliock and Tony Lake of the Centre for Professional and

of career-record presentation.

organisations in addition to the entire lot of the consultants claimed that they could recognise at once a curriculum vitae produced by any redundancy counselling concern. While that apparently did not prejudice the employers either way, it tended to cause the consultants to be less interested. Yet unsolicited applications sent to the consultancies had led to getting a job in 10.8 percent of cases, compared will only 8.8 per cent of those sen: directly to employers.

mously required to state names of employers, titles of jobs held and dates thereof. The addition in each case of duties and achievements was overwhelmingly preferred to the separate listing of responsibilities etc. in a different section of the letter. Records starting with the most recent job and proceeding backwards through time were favoured by two-thirds but resented by 14 per cent. A strong majority wanted both starting and finishing salary for the most recent job, but didn't think

directly to employers.

The whole lot of both camp, preferred applicants to star with their full name, address and telephone number, followers immediately by personal fact: such as marital status and age. Three out of four liked details of education to be listed befor-the information on the writer's working career.
All wanted to know which

universities or other higher educational institutions had been attended and what degrees The study was done by John Pollock and Tony Lake of the Centre for Professional and Executive Career Development and Counselling (67 Jermyn Street, London SW1Y 6NZ; telephone 01-930 2005). Mr Lake who did the analysis is a counsellor.

One point of interest to the centre itself since it is engaged in helping jobless executives. Is that 39 of the 50 employing.

Records starting with the most recent job and proceeding backwards through time were favoured by two-thirds but resented by 14 per cent. A strong majority wanted both starting and finishing salary for the most recent job, but didn't think either essential in the matter of previous appointments. Almost two thirds of the whole lot did not welcome the applicant's photograph. And even more, especially the consultants, were put off by lists of personal characteristics such as "initiative" and "intelligence".

of previous appointments. Two assorted The same applied to major perks such as company cars and bonuses.

RECRUITER John Courtis seeks Two thirds of the whole sample, and still more of the assistant managing director for a Home Counties motor dealership to double as marketdirect employers, wanted a statement of career aims. But three in every 10 were "unenthusiastic" about being instructed of the writer's expected salary or earnings. the director of its parent group which concentrates on the same lines of business. As is always the case in this column, since he may not name the employer he promises to keep confidential the name of any applicant who

ployment, and titles of any publications perpetrated by the applicant.

Direct employers and middlemen consultants disagreed about the desirability of additional very brief summaries of the full cv, employers tending to prefer and consultants not.

Almost two thirds of the whole lot did not welcome the whole lot did not welcome the

case is John Courtis and Partners, 104 Marylebone Lane, London WIM 5FU: 1el. 01-486 6849.

FX abroad

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Business Development

CAP (UK) LIMITED

in a long-established engineering company in the North-West, part of a very large British group. Company turnover exceeds £50m; it is profitable and it is now poised for further expansion. and diversification.

- THIS IS therefore a key appointment and could well be at Board level. The role is to identify and evaluate high technology companies and products for acquisition or licensing and to negotiate agreements.
- DIRECTLY RELATED EXPERIENCE, coupled with demonstrable achievement is the essential requirement. This will almost certainly be backed by an honours degree or professional qualification
- SALARY around £25,000. Car Career prospects are good.

Write in complete confidence to G.W.Elms as adviser to the company.

TYZACK & PARTNERS LTD SEARCH & SELECTION .

IO HALLAM STREET

· LONDON WIN 6DJ

Supervise Back-Up in Foreign Exchange

c£13,500 + bonus

The London branch of a major International Bank is growing rapidly and will soon be relocating to larger premises in the City. As a result, it is now essential to appoint a Supervisor for the F.X. Back-up

Controlling a team of four and reporting to the Deputy General Manager, your duties will include the checking and approval of slips, telexes, computer input and account reconciliations. Furthermore, you will be responsible for signing Bankers payments and B/A and Refinance bills. dealing with all day-to-day problems and preparing reports for the Bank of England.

You will already have at least four years' experience in Back-up business affairs generally and ideally, two years will have generally and Rieally, two years with the been spent in a supervisory capacity. Probably aged in your mid-thirties, you are well-educated, self-motivated and alert with excellent planning and administrative skills.

North Name

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Benefits include annual bonus, paid overtime, LVs, season ticket loan, etc.
Future prospects are excellent, so if you are ready for a new challenge, ring or preferably write to me, Richard J. Sowerby, Senior Consultant, at Cripps, Sears and Associates Ltd. (Personnel Consultants), 88/89 High Holborn, London WC1V 6LH. Tel. 01-404 5701 (24 hours).

Cripps,Sears

TEAM LEADER AVP/VICE PRESIDENT

A highly prestigous organisation, with an established division specalising in major asset finance, UK hig ticket tax based leasing transactions, managed leasing portfolios and corporate advisory services, seeks the following: A graduate or ACA MBA aged 30-35 years possessing a lively innovative approach, high technical skills encompassing pricing, structuring, evaluation, documentation, tax etc, plus a business development flair.

YOUNG ACA CORPORATE

FINANCIAL SERVICES This major bank seeks a highly determined entrepreneurial ACA with at least three years experience covering: credit risk essessment, mergers, acquisitions, takeover codes—
practices and management buy outs. High negotiating skills and the ability to act on own
minative is essential, as the position offers an unusually high degree of "licence".

TRAINEE INTERNATIONAL LEASING EXECUTIVE

c£20,000 P.A. + benefits

If you have hig ticket leasing experience which includes risk analysis, pricing, structuring if you have high icker leasing experience which includes lisk analysis, pricing, structuring and marketing of leasing transactions in the £5m + range, are a graduate (legal Degree) or an ACA, show a flair for closing of UK tax based deals, our client offers (after further training) every opportunity to become international with even the possibility of an overseas relocation at a later date. Age range 28-32 years.

Please telephone or send detailed CV's to Brian Gooch/Jill Backh Applications will be dealf with in strict confid

mathan BANK RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS en 170 Bishopsgate London EC2M 4LX - 01 623 1266

Chief Executive

MERCHANT NAVY PENSION FUNDS

The Merchant Navy Officers Pension Fund is amongst the largest in the country. Together with the Merchant Navy Ratings Pension Fund the assets under management are approaching £1000m. The Funds are jointly administered under the aegis of the Merchant Navy Pensions Administration. There is a staff of over 100 based at Epsom. The vacancy arises through the impending retirement of the present incumbent.

- THE ROLE is to assume responsibility as chief executive officer for the three
 organisations, to direct the staff, to advise the Committees of Management and to
 ensure their decisions are implemented.
- PREREQUISITES are demonstrable general management capability acquired in a
 pension fund or a related financial context, standing in the Ciry and familiarity with
 modern investment strategy and control. Knowledge of the shipping industry
 would be an advantage.
- PREFERRED AGE 40s. Salary negotiable in excess of £35,000.

Write in complete confidence to R.T.Addis as adviser to the Funds.

TYZACK & PARTNERS LTD

. IO HALLAM STREET

LONDON WIN 6DJ



Business Development Executive

U.K. Banking Division

We are the leading international Scandinavian banking group established in London by major banks in the Nordic countries providing a full range of wholesale, commercial and merchant banking services.

For this new appointment we are seeking an experienced marketing professional who will report directly to the Executive Director, U.K. Banking.

As a Business Development Executive the person appointed will be responsible for

As a Business Development Executive the person appointed will be responsible for developing new business in the U.K. and for marketing a wide range of products and services. Aged 28 – 40 candidates should not only possess proven credit and marketing skills, but also "in-depth" knowledge of the banking products and services related to the U.K. market.

Whits this appointment is based in London, travelling within an assigned area in the U.K.

This appointment represents a key role within the development of the division and offers excellent personal career opportunities.

Written applications giving full details of qualifications, experience, age and current remuneration should be sent in confidence to:

Geoff T. Ritchie Manager – Personnel Scandinavian Bank Limited Scandinavian House 2-6 Cannon Street London EC4M 6XX

Scandinavian Bank Group

Financial Director/ Company Secretary

c.£20,000 + car + benefits

Following internal promotion, this expanding manufacturing subsidiary of a major electronics group requires an exceptional Financial Director/Company Secretary.

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The successful candidate for this key position will lead a team of 40 staff involved in Contracts and Shipping as well as accounts. Considerable computerised systems development has taken place which will continue under the new Financial Director. In addition to this active line management role, the person selected will make a positive contribution at Board level in steering the company through a period of sustained growth.

Candidates will be fully qualified accountants with significant experience in light manufacturing industry. Those currently at Financial Director level, aged 30-45, will be preferred.

The location is central South Coast in a most attractive area.

write with full career, personal, and salary details to the address below, quoting ref: A8981/FT on the envelope. Your application will be forwarded directly to the client unopened, unless marked for the attention of our Security Manager with a note of companies to which it should not be sent.

PA Advertising

Hyde Park House, 60a Knightsbridge, London SWIX 7LE. Tel: 01-235 6060 Telex: 27874

General Secretary The Clearing Bank Union

We have been retained to advise on the appointment of the General Secretary of The Clearing Bank Union which, with its federated unions, represents 93,000 staff in the English Clearing Banks.

An individual of exceptional ability and standing is required to plan and execute National negotiations on behalf of the CBU membership, to make representations to Government on major issues and to develop effective relationships with the media. As manager of the Union's Central Office the General Secretary will be responsible for policy research, administration and other support services.

Applicants, aged 40 to 50, should ideally have received formal business training and have extensive experience of industrial relations, preferably gained at National level in a commercial/financial environment. Previous experience as an officer of a trade union is desirable.

trade union is desirable.

REWARDS: Salary is for discussion. A car and other benefits are provided including relocation assistance to the Winchester area.

Applicants of either sex apply in confidence.

Ref: 92.

BANQUE BELGE LIMITED



A Subsidiary of Société Générale de Banque S.A. Generale Bankmaatschappij N.Y.

Expansion of our corporate business activity has created a vacancy for an ADDITIONAL

U.K. BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT MANAGER

We wish to recruit an exceptional person to join our existing business development team who has had at least three years' experience in developing U.K. corporate business.

Candidates should be able to demonstrate the ability to create new opportunities for the bank in this field and have had a wide-ranging banking experience in the U.K.

Salary is negotiable and accompanied by the usual

salary is negotiable and accompanied by the usual comprehensive package of fringe benefits.

Applications, together with c.v., should be made in strict confidence to:—

Mr. P. N. Harris, Staff Manager BANQUE BELGE LIMITED 4 Bishopsgate, London EC2N 4AD

Financial PR

Our client is a leading firm of City public relations consultants with an excellent reputation and strong client list. Part of a large communications and advertising group, it now wishes to expand its financial and corporate business through the addition of one or two bright young executives. The successful candidates are likely to be in the age bracket 27 to 35, and will have a good working knowledge of the City and its institutions. Currently they may already be working in financial PR or journalism, but candidates interested in moving into the profession from, say, stockbroking or merchant banking will gladly be considered. The consultancy offers the right individuals an attractive

The consultancy offers the right individuals an attractive remuneration package and an exciting, challenging career for which essential qualities are a quick mind, good presence, friendly personality and an ability to write and work well under pressure. They would be joining a close-knit, professional team whose skill lies in servicing major clients at the higest level and attracting a steady flow of new business.

If you would like to grow with this successful company and think you have the necessary attributes, please write with full details, quoting Ref. 048/8. Applications will be forwarded directly to our client, so please indicate separately any company to which yours should not be sent. Charles Barker Management Selection International Ltd., 30 Farringdon Street, London EC4A 4EA. Telephone 01-236 0588.

Charles Barker

RETAIL BANKER

Adam & Company plc is proposing to appoint an experienced Retail Banker to join its management team.

Applicants for the appointment will probably have had ten years' relevant experience in all aspects of retail banking. A professional qualification will be an advantage and the ability to work with a small professional group in a new organisation is essential.

Salary and benefits will be commensurate with age and experience.

PLEASE WRITE TO: THE CHAIRMAN, ADAM & COMPANY plc, 22 CHARLOTTE SQUARE, EDINBURGH EH2 4DF.



HOARE GOVETT LIMITED

Blue Button

Hoare Govett Limited require a Blue Button. Applicants should have a minimum of five GCE "O" levels, be intelligent and of a smart appearance.

For further information please contact:
Annette Culverhouse, Personnel Officer
HOARE GOVETT LIMITED
Heron House, 319-325 High Holborn
London WC1V 7PB
Tel: 01-404 0344

FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING

We are an established International Consortium Bank and are seeking an Assistant Manager, reporting direct to Senior Management, to interpret and control the production of all aspects of our Management Reports.

The ideal applicant will be aged between 30 and 35. have had a sound Banking background, be able to communicate effectively, as well as provide leadership to a team of nine staff.

For further information, please telephone 01-606

For further information, please telephone 01-60 0631 or write to:

Box A8309, Financial Times 10 Cannon Street, London EC4P 4BY

EXPANDING CITY-BASED FINANCIAL PUBLISHING GROUP NEEDS

2 FINANCIAL WRITERS

With knowledge of the USM and its companies, able to produce at speed well analysed lucid interesting copy, must be totally committed and have original thinking abilities. Experience in stockbroker's research department of great help.

£10,000 to £15,000

PLUS OTHER BENEFITS

Phone 02556 6534 now for further details or write to:
Managing Director, USM 163 Limited,
40 Connaught Avenue, Frinton-on-Sea, Essex CO13 9PR.

U.S. GOVERNMENT SECURITIES TRADER

Major U.S. Investment House seeks Trader with experience in all areas associated with the Trading of U.S. Treasury Bills, Bonds and Federal Agencies.

Market making experience essential Salary negotiable

No Agencies
Write Box A8310, Financial Times
10 Cannon Street, London EC4P 4BY

Accountancy Appointments

Management Accountant

EWBANK PREECE LIMITED is the parent company of one of the world's largest groups of consulting engineers and is the product of a recent merger of two old-established firms based in Brighton. The group has some 1500 staff in offices throughout the world. The financial function is currently based in Hove and the Group Chief Accountant is looking for a qualified accountant to report directly to him and be responsible for the parent

company's management accounting.

The management accounting department prepares overhead reports within a budgetary control system, maintains central group accounting records and generally co-ordinates the preparation of management accounts within the group. There is scope for system development arising

out of the merger and further computerisa-

tion as well as an opportunity to show

Candidates, ideally in their late twenties or early thirties should have good management accounting experience, the personality to lead and motivate an established team of staff, imagination and an interest

Salary is negotiable and will reflect the level of this appointment. Benefits are those expected of a major organisation including pension and life assurance

Please telephone the Group Personnel Department for an application form; Brighton (0273) 724533, or write to The Group Personnel Manager, Ewbank Preece Limited, Prudential House, North Street, Brighton BN1 1RW, Sussex.



Ewbank Preece Limited

Systems Accountant

West End

from £13,500 with car

ur client is one of the leading international firms of public relations consultants and a member of a major US based advertising and communications group. The London office has grown very quickly to its present position as one of the largest in the U.K. and now requires a Systems Accountant to ensure that the necessary infrastructure for continuing growth is developed and implemented.

There will be a dual responsibility to the local Finance Director and to the Group Finance Controller (Europe). Initially, the person appointed will undertake the review of existing manual and computerised systems, developing new or enhanced systems in conjunction with specialist software suppliers and supervising the implementation of these systems and ensuring proper user training. There will then be a transfer to a line accounting and supervision role after 12 to 18 months.

This is an ideal career opportunity for a young accountant who has trained and qualified in the profession and is now looking for first or second commercial position with real prospects for advancement. Candidates must be presentable, articulate, flexible and able to work alone and as part of a team as appropriate.

Our client is offering an interesting and challenging job with a clear end product, namely an integrated and efficient range of financial and administrative systems. The attractive salary and benefits package is commensurate with the importance of the position and the status of our client.

Candidates, male or female, should write requesting a personal history form to Alan Gilmour, Executive Selection Division, Southwark Towers, 32 London Bridge Street, London SEI 1SY.

Please quote reference MCS/9024.

Price Waterhouse

Hoggett Bowers

BIRMINGHAM,CARDIFF, GLASGOW, LFEDS, LONDON, MANCHESTER, NEWCASTLE and SHEF

Senior Accountant

North East, to £15,000 + profit sharing + car

Further expansion by this substantial and highly successful manufacturing and marketing company, has led to the creation of this new and important financial management position. Prime responsibility is to assist the Financial Controller with the overall management and development of the accounting function, particularly with regard to planning and systems computerisation. Additional key tasks will be the integration of accounting for overseas and associate companies, corporate taxation and financial modelling. Candidates will be qualified accountants aged 28 to 35, with an established track record in manufacturing industry, including extensive computerised systems experience. Promotion prospects within this international group are excellent.

Male or female candidates should telephone in confidence for a Personal History Form or submit a comprehensive C.V. to A.D. Kelly, 4 Mosley Street, NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE NE1 1DE, 0632-327455, quoting reference 44178/FT.

Marketing Accountant

c.£14,000+Car

Our client is a successful f.m.c.g. subsidiary of a U.S. International Company, located in the South East Home Counties.

As a result of an internal promotion, there is now a vacancy for a Marketing Accountant to work within the Sales and Marketing operation.

The successful candidate male or female is likely to be supplied.

The successful candidate, male or female, is likely to be qualified (ACMA, CA), with 2 to 3 years post qualifying experience, ideally gained in a Sales/Marketing environment. A knowledge of D.P. systems and their application would be a distinct advantage.

The position offers career progression opportunities for an individual with a determined personality and well developed communication skills.

In addition to a comprehensive benefits package, relocation will be given where appropriate.

Please apply in writing to Mike John, quoting ref: MA/9/83 at the address below. List on a separate sheet those companies to which your

application should not be sent.

Knightsbridge Advertising

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199 Knightsbridge, London SW7.

Accountancy Appointments

International Careers

British-American Tobacco Company Limited is part of B.A.T Industries whose turnover is in excess of 11,500 million pounds. We operate worldwide with companies in over 40 countries and we are looking for ambitious accountants to develop a career in financial management.

You should be in your early 20's, a graduate either ACA or ACMA currently employed in industry. You should now feel ready for a significant career move and have a desire to live and work overseas.

Following a thorough induction period, you will take up your first appointment in one of our overseas companies. This will be for 2-3 years and will rapidly build up your financial management skills and knowledge of our business.

For your future our policy is to offer positive career progress-in this case through a series of appointments which could be overseas or at the Group Centre in the U.K.-to top management appointments in finance and general management. Posts command attractive starting salaries, supported by a complete range of benefits.

Please write for an application form and further information to: Geraldine Cable, British-American Tobacco Company Limited, Westminster House, 7 Millbank, London, SW1P 3JE.



Group **Financial** Controller

A young, energetic, chartered accountant (age 35/40) is required to take on the position of Group Finance Controller to a small International Group of Companies in property, building and civil engineering. Based in Essex, the successful applicant should be prepared to travel and to instal, monitor and assimilate management and budgetary controls in all the Green's redding trols in all the Group's trading centres and to report directly to and positively assist the Chairman and Managing Director.

Reply in first instance with cv

S. Lipman F.C.A. London WCIV 6RL 52/54 High Holborn esses. Harris Lipman & Co. High Holborn House

Company Accountant

HW INTERNATIONAL n Grove, London N7 8EQ Tel: 07-607 2717

Entrepreneurial City Group

High profile, central role

Graduate ACA. c.27

to £18,000

Reporting directly to the Chief Executive as a member of a small central team, this position takes a wide range of responsibilities. These will include assembly and interpretation of management and financial information from subsidiaries, preparation of the annual report and considerable involvement with confidential projects, often concerning

confidential projects, often concerning acquisitions and investments.

This is an excellent opportunity for a 'Top 8' graduate accountant to capitalise on his or her professional experience, through wide ranging participation and exposure at the centre of a large, entrepreneurial group. The client is a major force in the field of securities and funds management, exemine securities and funds management, growing rapidly through a positive and aggressive approach to sales and through significant

achievement to date by their academic and promotion record. It is likely they will have had broad experience, perhaps including some time in an investigation or technical department. Personal qualities must include an outgoing nature, developed communication skills and boardroom

confidence.
Please reply in confidence giving concise career and personal details and quoting Ref. ER641/FT to I. D. Tomisson,

Arthur Young McClelland Moores & Co., Management Consultants, Rolls House, 7 Rolls Buildings, Fetter Lane, London EC4A 1NHL

Arthur Young McClelland Moores & Co. A MEMBER OF AMSA IN EUROPE AND ARTHUR YOUNG INTERNATIONAL

Accountants for Consultancy A practical challenge

For accountants, consultancy offers many challenges and rewards. Varied assignments; interaction with other disciplines; meeting client needs; developing new and better ways of providing management information; all of these can stimulate, motivate and satisfy the professional accountant who enjoys solving problems.

The Price Waterhouse consulting practice is concerned not only with the development of practical and cost effective solutions. but also with their successful implementation. Our consultants need to work closely with their clients, to ensure that the recommendations that are made are achievable.

This environment presents a challenge which will test the full range of your technical and managerial skills.

It will also lead you into new areas of experience and expertise. Above all, it will enhance your professionalism.

If you are a qualified accountant with a successful track record which includes a management role, then we believe we can offer you the kind of professional challenge which you may be looking for as the next step in your career development.

Professional skills deserve realistic rewards and if the prospect of joining Price Waterhouse appeals, you will find that we can offer you a challenging career opportunity supported by an attractive package.

If you like the sound of our approach and. wish to explore it further, write in confidence to David Prosser, Executive Selection Group.

requesting an application form. Please quote reference laterhouse MCS/3958.

Southwark Towers, 32 London Bridge Street, London SE1 9SY

Financial Controller-Designate £20,000+car

Central London

Our client, a wholly-owned subsidiary of a leading US multinational, designs and manufactures computers as well as providing a wide range of support services. To improve financial support, a graduate-calibre qualified accountant is sought to be responsible for the operation's financial management. Aged 30-35, candidates will have gained experience in a marketing or fracg environment and should have the

expertise and personal qualities to:-★ Implement financial analysis, planning and undertake modelling.

Advise and support Divisional Management by preparing relevant financial information.

Supervise a multidivisional accounting function and to ensure that DP systems are effective.

★ March the company's progression by possessing self-styled determination and an acute business awareness. For an individual with proven ability, a Financial Controllership is envisaged within 6 months; this involves taking responsibility for five operations with a combined turnover in excess of £100m.

Candidates should write to Nigel Hopkins, F.C.A., enclosing a comprehensive curriculum vitae quoting ref. 944, P.O. Box 143, 31 Southampton Row, London WC1B 5HY.



ACCOUNTANCY APPOINTMENTS

appear every Thursday per single

column centimetre

Finance Manager To £15,000+ Car

The Customer Services organisation of Plessey Telecommunications W Limited is primarily a field force activity involved in the installation and commissioning of analogue and digital telephone exchanges at numerous sites within the UK and overseas. This vacancy reports to the Divisional Controller and provides a complete financial service to the General Manager.

The successful candidate will be required to manage and motivate a department of over 30 staff. Particular emphasis is currently on computerisation and effective integration of accounting information from different locations. Professionally qualified applicants, aged 28-35, will have gained management and financial accounting experience at a senior level, ideally in an engineering

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Salary is negotiable up to £15,000 and a Company car is provided.

Other benefits include BUPA membership and a contributory pension fund. Generous relocation expenses will be payable in appropriate cases.

Ref. 581 FT

Liverpool

Eagle Star House, Spartners

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Wilmslow WWWWWWW Cheshire. SK9 1QX

Telephone: (0625) 532446. WWWW

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

SOUTH LONDON c£16,000+Car+Benefits Our client is the hugely successful and rapidly expanding subsidiary of a major retail group. Just three years old, the company presently comprises eleven major trading units which will double in the next 18 months with an ambitious programme of openings beyond.

An excellent career opportunity exists for a high calibre accountant with proven management skills. This key appointment controls all accounting operations which are centralised at Head Office. The successful candidate will report directly to the Financial Controller and will gain considerable exposure to top level management.

The Chief Accountant will manage a rapidly expanding department, presently numbering 35 staff, Responsibilities include both management and statutory accounts, budgets, fixed assets, stock analyses etc. The position also demands considerable involvement with the development of computerised in-store systems.

Suitable candidates, aged 28-35, will be qualified accountants possessing a strong financial accounting background gained within a retail or

Initial enquiries to Jeff Grout, 01-606 6771

ROBERT HALF

Financial Controller c. £16,000 & car

Plessey Scientific-Atlanta is a joint venture company between Plessey and Scientific-Atlanta (USA). The Company which is sales orientated and not involved in manufacture, is expanding rapidly. This has created an exceptional new career opportunity for a qualified Accountant whose financial expertise will play a vital role within the senior management of

the company. Scope for fast career progression is outstanding.

The person appointed will work closely with the Managing Director and be actively involved with all important decision making affecting the success of the business. Specific areas of responsibility include accounts reporting geared to the demands of shareholders and tender preparation for multi-million pound projects. Assistance will be available from

within the Plessey Company for such areas as systems and statutory accounting. Candidates must be ACA, ACCA or ICMA qualified with at least 2 years' commercial experience. They should also be capable of demonstrating their contribution within a quickly expanding company operating in a highly competitive market.

In addition to salary we will offer a package of other excellent benefits including BUPA, contributory pension scheme and generous relocation costs in appropriate circumstances. To apply, please send a comprehensive c.v. to: Miss P. Graystone, Plessey Telecommunications Limited, Taplow Court. Maldenhead, Berkshire, SL6 0ER.

Telephone Maidenhead (0628) 23351. Please quote reference FT/P/744.

Plessey Scientific-Atlanta

Financial Director Retail

East Midlands

ca. £19,000+car

A very successful and growing multi-site retail shops division is seeking a Financial Director with retail experience who will act as the right hand to the Managing Director. Relevant qualified accountants please send full details to Sue Wallworth, Lonsdale Advertising Services.

Hesketh House, Portman Square, London W1H 9FG.

European Controller

Midlands based; around £23,000

This appointment is to a multi-national corporation with some 40 established operations/subsidiaries throughout Western Europe. The European Region has a turnover of over \$100m. from the sale of a well diversified range of products to manufacturing, commercial and public

Responsibility will be to a corporate headquarters based Director for management of the financial function of the European Region, through a small team of professional accountants at regional office, and line accountants at national level. Emphasis will be on further developing reporting standards, cash management, and contributing to business decision making in a fast moving marketing environment, as well as reacting to foreign exchange movements.

Candidates will be qualified accountants with extensive senior level financial management experience and some exposure to European accounting and taxation practices. Preferred age: 35 to 45. Fluency in French is essential, and a knowledge of Spanish would be an advantage.

Executive benefits include car and relocation assistance.

Please write - in confidence - stating how these requirements are met to E. I. Clark ref. B.75275.

This appointment is open to men and women

HAY-MSL Selection and Advertising Limited Union Chambers, 63 Temple Row, Birmingham B2 5NS.

MANAGEMENT SELECTION

CORPORATE FINANCE

EQUITY SYNDICATIONS AND MANAGEMENT BUYOUT FINANCINGS

MERGERS AND ACQUISITIONS

LEASE AND **ELOAN FINANCE** INVESTMENT **MANAGEMENT**

Guidehouse Limited is now a well established Issuing House having advised on well over a hundred buy-outs', syndications and acquisitions in its first three years. Fee assignments are usually in the UK where Guidehouse has strong provincial links, although assignments have been carried out in the U.S.A., Europe and Africa.

Four top people are now sought in any of the specialities shown. Positions created by expansion are likely to appeal to Directors, Managers or Executives in Merchant Banks or in the Corporate Department of Stockbrokers with USM and syndication experience. We are also looking for a recently qualified accountant, perhaps with a tax qualification to work primarily internally.

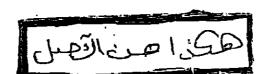
Salary, equity and syndication package to encourage best people.

Apply in confidence (ring or write) to: The Chairman (Ref ST) Guidehouse Limited Vestry House Greyfriars Passage Newgate Street London EC1A 7BA Telephone: 01-606 6321

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Accountancy Appointments

Financial Consultancy

Thomson McLintock Associates is the management services company of Thomson McLintock & Co, a major firm of Chartered Accountants and the British member of the KMG international accounting group. We are expanding our financial consultancy team which specialises in performance reviews, capital construction projects and business investment and financial decisions.

Working with senior management, our assignments call for a high degree of self-sufficiency and creative flair coupled with substantial scope for personal development. Formal training is provided and consultants are encouraged to plan and carry out their own individual development programme.

Our requirement is for qualified accountants with a practical understanding of financial, management and operational problems. Evidence of technical excellence, drive and the ability to develop business strategies is also sought.

Age: around 30

The remuneration reflects the high standards we require. Location: London.

Please write in confidence to DM Pennington (Ref: 45F).

TIMIL •KMG-

Thomson McLintock Associates 70 Finsbury Pavement London EC2A1SX

City

c. £15,000 + Car

Chief Accountant

Our client is a profitable, expanding group of freight forwarding companies. Based in the City, it has offices across the U.K., in Europe and the U.S. It operates worldwide, and its clients largely comprise U.K. and overseas 'bluechip' companies. Growth calls for the appointment of a Chief Accountant who will report to and support the Managing Director in his dealings with financial institutions.

The successful candidate will be a qualified accountant, aged late 20's upwards and used to serving a keenly competitive market. Experience will include the control of an Accounts Department and the application of computerised systems to the rapid provision and consolidation of all statutory and management accounts. It will include budgetary control and currency management. Experience of freight forwarding is not essential, but high standards, good communication, creativity and flexibility of mind are.

The management team is small, young and professional, and this post provides an opportunity to grow with it. A contributory pension will apply, and other benefits include private medical insurance. Assistance will be given with necessary relocation expenses and some U.K. travel is possible.

Letters of application, together with CV, salary progression and any other relevant data, should be sent without delay to Mr. C.A. Cotton. Executive Recruitment Division, Stoy MLH, 126, Baker Street, London W1M 1FH, quoting reference M578.

Management Consultants

Controller Operational

c£25,000 to £30,000 London

The company is a major UK and international group with an annual turnover exceeding £1,000 million. Reporting to the board of directors, the successful candidate will continue the development of a profit-oriented department in Operational, Management and Financial Systems Audits. Audits and ad hoc consulting projects encompass the trajor trading centres in the UK and activities in Europe and

We seek a qualified accountant, preferably a graduate, aged around 35, with five years experience in the management of an audit team or financial control system. The ability to assume in due course a significant line management position in the group is desirable since there is a proven history of career development for members of the group.

The compensation will also include a car and very comprehensive benefits.

Please reply in confidence with full career details to:

St. James's Corporate Consulting, Box FT/823, St. James's House 4/7 Red Lion Court, Fleet Street, London EC4A 3EB.

FINANCIAL DIRECTOR

A West Midland based public company wishes to appoint a new group financial director to assume full responsibility for the financial control of the group including reporting to the main board on all financial matters. In addition the applicant will be expected to play a major role in the group's intended expansion programme including researching possible acquisitions and reporting to the board on the viability of such acquisitions from a commercial as well as a financial point of view.

The successful applicant (who should, after a probationary period, be offered a seat on the main board) must be a qualified accountant under 45 years of age, with sound commercial experience and therefore the ideal candidate will have gained wide experience both in the profession and in industry. Salary (up to £20,000 together with benefits which include car, company pension scheme, life assurance, BUPA, etc.) will be by negotiation and based on experience.

Please reply in writing to Box A8312 Financial Times, 10 Cannon Street, London ECAP 4BY

Financial Director

A profitable, established company, engaged in the marketing and distribution of fast moving consumer goods, seeks a Financial Director. This is a high-volume business, subject to fluctuations in product demand, and sophisticated systems are used throughout the organisation. Turnover, now approaching £50m., reflects a dominant position in the market.

As one of the only three executive directors, the Financial Director will control some 30 staff in the accounting and computer functions (System 38), as well as playing a key role in formulating strategy.

Candidates should offer evidence of achievement and commercial flair to

Marketing/Distribution W. London

c.£20.000 + car

complement a sound educational background. The ideal profile is that of a graduate Chartered Accountant, aged 30-34 and trained by a major firm, with senior level experience outside the profession since qualifying.

Please write in confidence quoting reference 3875/L, to N. P. Halsey, Peat Marwick Mitchell & Co., Executive Selection Division, 165 Queen Victoria Street, Blackfriars, London EC4V 3PD.

PEAT MARWICK

FINANCIAL CONTROL in the Oil Industry

As one of the most active and successful organisations operating in the UK Offshore Energy industry, Britoil continues to invest both at home and abroad.

1983 forecasts anticipate sales in excess of £1,000m. and capital expenditure in the region of £500m. Effective financial control is therefore critical and, to this end, a small dedicated team has prime responsibility to monitor and report on the company's financial performance.

We now wish to appoint an additional member to this team. You will:

 Be a qualified accountant aged between 29 and 33 Have four to seven years' postqualifying experience in financial analysis and management accounting obtained in large, preferably quoted, companies in the oil or manufacturing sectors Have a working knowledge of

financial modelling Currently earn in excess of £14,000

 A varied and stimulating position which will develop your existing

 Exposure to many of the complex control issues associated with our business

• The opportunity to participate in the development of the next generation of corporate financial modelling systems.

A highly competitive salary and benefits package is offered, which includes generous assistance with relocation arrangements, where appropriate, to our Glasgow Headquarters. Our outstanding pension scheme includes life assurance cover, and provision is made for private medical insurance.

If you are interested, please write or telephone for an application form to K. W. Mearchent, Senior Personnel Officer, Britoil plc, 150 St. Vincent Street, Glasgow G2 5LJ, quoting the reference

PC/KWM/FT or telephone 041-204 2525. This position is open

Corporate Finance

West End

c£16,000+car

Impressive profits, continuing expansion, £250 million turnover and a reputation for quality goods, have led our client to seek a graduate accountant for its highly professional corporate finance team. Candidates, aged 24-27, will be qualified accountants with a good academic record able to demonstrate a successful career either within the Profession or in a marketing-orientated organisation. Commercial awareness, perception, initiative and the ability to work effectively in a close-knit team are essential.

The role encompasses financial analysis and interpretation of results, necessitating liaison with senior executives on the justification of the figures. There is also acquisition study work and the development of management reporting systems.

For an exceptional candidate possessing the required qualities and background, this position is seen as a stepping stone to a group senior management appointment within two years. The highly competitive remuneration package consists of a salary plus a performance-related bonus. Candidates should write to Nigel Hopkins, FCA, enclosing a comprehensive C.V. and quoting ref. 945, P.O. Box 143, 31 Southampton Row, London WCIB 5HY.

> Michael Page Partnership International Recruitment Consultants London NewYork Birmingham Manchester Leeds Glasgow

TAX PARTNER/PARTNER DESIGNATE £30,000-£50,000

ACA's 32-40

Central London

Our client is an expanding medium-sized firm of chartered accountants in central London. The firm is seeking to develop its tax practice by recruiting a Tax Partner/Partner Designate who will take a leading role in tax planning work for existing clients ranging from substantial earners, Underwriters etc. through to sizeable unquoted and listed companies. He/she will also take an active role in tax practice development and handle numerous one-off tax consultancy

The salary range is designed to attract experienced tax managers in medium-sized, large or international practices and existing salaried/equity tax partners. A strong corporate tax experience bias is preferred but personal tax knowledge and experience would be welcome.

Prospects to partnership for managers would be within 1-2 years. Existing partners would not lose status. For more information please contact George Ormrod B.A.(Oxon.) or Barrie S. Grossman B.A. Econ., F.C.A. on 01-836 9501 or write with CV to Douglas Llambias Associates Limited at our London address quoting reference No. 4179.

410 Strand, London WC2R ONS. Tel: 01-836 9501 26 West Nile Street, Glasgow G1 2PF. Tel: 041-226 3101 3 Coates Place, Edinburgh EH3 7AA. Tel: 031-225 7744



Financial Director

DENNIS RUABON • Ceramic Floor Tiles up to £17,000 plus car • North Wales

With a turnover in excess of 44m and employing around 200 people, our client is the European market leader in high quality quarry tiles. Situated in an attractive part of Clwyd, this very successful private company is now seeking a new financial executive. Reporting to the MD, the person appointed will control a small Accounts Department, upgrade the information systems, develop new financial policies, and manage the company's ambitious current and future capital investment programmes.

interpretation of financial accounts, and a successful track record in the development of new computerised systems are essential.

Also familiarity with the sourcing of funds and the financial control of major investment programmes, as well as cash control, are viral pre-requisites. The starting salary depends on age and experience, a car is provided and assistance will be given with

experience, a car is provided and assistance will be given with relocation costs if necessary.

Write or telephone for an application form or send detailed cv to D.J. Dewhirst, as adviser to the company, at the address below, quoting ref: AA55/8378/FT on both letter and emelope. Please advise us of any other applications you have made to PA Personnel Services within the last twelve months. No Candidates must be qualified A.C.A.'s, ideally aged 30 to 40 with several years experience of accounting in a process industry. Detailed experience of plant accounting combined with the preparation and details are divulged to clients without prior permission.

PA Personnel Services

6 Highfield Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham Bi5 3DJ. Tel: 021-454 5791 Telex: 337239

ACCOUNTANCY APPOINTMENTS **APPEAR**

EVERY THURSDAY

Rate £31.50

per single column

centimetre

Management Accountant Athens

Senior Accountant required for large international petrochemical construction group, to be responsible to the Financial Controller for general fiscal and cost accounting, preparation of budget and budgetary control and management reporting. The Accountant will be based in Athens (Greece) but some travelling will be necessary to the Middle East.

Previous involvement in major international projects would be an advantage.

Age range is 30 to 50 maximum. Candidates should be Chartered Accountants or possess equivalent

qualifications with substantial experience in the oil or petrochemical industry and in the commerical field. These are permanent positions and the salary offered will reflect their

importance. Promotion prospects are good and the appointment will be initially for three years and renewable, with annual leave and air passages paid. Applications are invited from men and women who should write in confidence to David Sears or telephone (24 hour answering service) for a personal history form, quoting reference S/390/7.

The P-E Consulting Group Appointments Division 166 Piccadiily, London W. V 9DE Tel: 01-499 1948

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Accountancy Appointments

Group financial controller

City, c £20,000 + car



Reporting to the Managing Director of the London based administration headquarters of the developing international operations of a fast growing US financial information service. With activities in 25 countries, turnover should double next year and the medium term forecast is exceptional.

Your first task will be to establish a corporate accounting function, subsequently adapting the on line computer systems already running in the US. You will coordinate all statutory and management reporting, providing business planning and financial analysis services to the operations.

A Chartered Accountant aged around 30 you should combine initiative and energy with a record of achievement to date. Still in the profession or already in commerce, some experience of international reporting requirements and exposure to the financial institutions will enable you to make an early contribution.

Résumés including a daytime telephone number to Stephen Blaney, Executive Selection Division, Ref.B141.

Coopers &Lybrand associates Coopers & Lybrand Associates Limited management consultants

Reetway House 25 Farringdon Street London EC4A 4AQ

Financial Director (Designate)

London

c£14,000+car

Our client is an established but rapidly expanding retail group with operations in the UK. Exciting international progress in Europe and the US has created the need for a high-calibre accountant to lead the group into its next stage of development. This challenging role requires a qualified accountant, 27-32 who:

- ★ Possesses commercial experience preferably gained in a marketing environment.
 ★ Has the presence and skills to ensure tight financial control.
 ★ Can effectively implement computerised management reporting systems.
 ★ Possesses enthusiasm, drive and good interpersonal skills.

For an individual fulfilling the above, proven success will lead to a Board appointment after two years. The competitive remuneration package includes a bonus-related scheme. Candidates should write to Nigel Hopkins, F.C.A., enclosing a comprehensive curriculum vitae, quoting ref. 943 at P.O. Box 143, 31 Southampton Row, London WCIB 5HY.



Michael Page Partnership International Recruitment Consultants London New York

Birmingham Manchester Leeds Glasgow

Receivership £12,000 - £15,000

London, Leeds, Birmingham

Our client is one of the most prestigious international firms of accountants and has achieved rapid growth within its insolvency practice. As part of the national expansion programme it wishes to appoint a small number of

commercially minded Chartered Accountants who have a minimum of one year's receivership experience.

Candidates will be ideally aged 26-30, possess strong communicative skills and have

ambition to succeed in a competitive and challenging environment.

A full relocation package is available where necess Interested applicants should contact their local MPP Office quoting reference 428/3B as

Allan Marks PO Box 143, 31 Southampton Row, London. WCIB 5HY 01-405-0442 Graham Thompson 13-14 Park Place, Leeds. LSI 2SJ 0532-450212 Nicholas Stephens 24 Bennetts Hill, Birmingham. B2 5QP 021-643-6255



Michael Page Partnership International Recruitment Consultants
London New York

Birmingham Manchester Leeds Glasgow

Controller of Internal Consultancy and Audit Services

OXFORDBASED

c.£20,000

Following the promotion of the current post holder to another senior financial position within the group, we now wish to recruit a Senior Executive to lead and continue the development of commercially based internal consulting and audit functions.

BPCC is a rapidly expanding group comprising over 50 companies in the UK and throughout the world. The group is committed to high quality profit growth and the development of a profit orientated consultancy, and audit function is seen as a key part of this strategy, encompassing financial and operational reviews throughout the group companies to ensure that adequate controls are maintained and the resources are used efficiently

This senior position will be filled by a candidate who can satisfy all the following requirements.

- A leading accounting qualification.
- Demonstrable success in a similar role in an international group or at Audit Manager level in a leading firm of Chartered Accountants.

 Not less than three years' commercial experience.

 Extensive experience of computerised systems.

 An absence of domestic commitments which may affect the mobility
- demands which the post may entail.
- A good judge of people coupled with a tactful perseverence when dealing with a broad cross section of management levels.

It is anticipated that the successful candidate will be in his/her thirties.

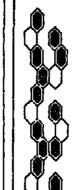
Subsequent career prospects are exceptional in this rapidly evolving organisation.

The remuneration package will reflect the level of seniority which is attached to this position.

Candidates who can satisfy all the above requirements should send full CV to: Peter Bouch, Personnel Controller,



The British Printing & Communication Corporation FLC Headington Hill Hall



Ambitious Accountants

International Operations

Openings have arisen through recent internal promotions for newly qualified CA's to toin the City-based Head Office tinancial control team of a multinational with diverse business

undertaking a variety of interesting accounting projects or as internal auditors involved in quantitive and qualitative reviews. Internal auditors, although City-based, will travel extensively in non-European countries, reviewing a varied range of operations.

Applicants ideally graduates will be Chartered Accountants in their early to mid 20's who can show a high level of technical competence and who are now seeking a caree move leading to a line management position after two or three years.

Detailed CV's showing present salary should be sent to the Personnel Manager. Amalgamated Metal Corporation P.C., Adelaide House. London Bridge, London EC4R 9DT.

AMALGAMATED METAL CORPORATION PLC



FINANCIAL ACCOUNTANT

Financial Services

An interesting opportunity has arisen for an accountant to join a rapidly expanding investment management company.

The person appointed will be responsible to the Finance Director for all aspects of the accounting function and will be closely involved in the development of computerised

Candidates should be qualified accountants, aged 26-32 with a minimum of two years post qualification experience. The position will carry an attractive salary.

Please apply in writing to: David Harrison

FRASER HENDERSON LIMITED 28b Albemarle Street, London W1X 3FA

or telephone him on 01-499 7551

FINANCIAL PLANNING FOR EXPATRIATES

SENIOR CONSULTANT **CAMBRIDGE**

£15,000-£20,000 p.a. Plus Bonus

This senior position with a new company requires not only a high level of professional expertise in personal finance for expatriates, but a sympathetic understanding of all aspects of expatriate life. The company deals with both individuals and employers over a wide range of financial and other topics.

Candidates should have at least five years' experience in the expatriate field and must be able to demonstrate the extent and depth of their technical knowledge in taxation, investment, pensions and insurance. Experience with foreign nationals in the U.K. would also be

Apply with full c.v. to Box A8313 Financial Times, 10 Cannon Street, London EC4P 4BY

RECRUITMENT CONSULTANCY LONDON OFFICE

neg. to £20,000 + CAR

Have you specific experience in Executive Recruitment? Can you run through brick walls 14 hours a day, 5-7 days a week?

Can you always deliver the goods? "Do you sincerely want to be rich?" If the answer to all these questions is an unequivocal "yes" then contact:--

George D. Maxwell ACCOUNTANCY APPOINTMENTS BUREAU 1-3 Mortimer St., London, W.1 Tel: 01-637 5277 (12 lines)

INTERNATIONAL APPOINTMENTS

APPEAR TODAY

ON PAGE 14

Financial Control

London Base

to £21,000 + car

For a leading and rapidly expanding firm of management consultants operating in the UK and internationally. Their clients include a wide range of businesses in manufacturing, retail, distribution, banking and financial services; and central and local government.

Your work as a consultant would be varied, including investigations, profit improvement and feasibility studies, and the development and implementation of management information systems. At a critical stage in your career it offers a unique chance to expand your technical and analytical skills, to work with colleagues in marketing, engineering and other disciplines and, if you wish, to travel abroad.
Your industrial or commercial experience could have been gained.

in either a line or a staff position; but you must be a qualified accountant and in the age range 26-34. Opportunities for advancement are excellent.

Write in confidence to E H Simpson at 10 Bolt Court,

London EC4 quoting ref. S143 (telephone 01-583 3911).

Chetwynd Streets

Management Selection Limited

Northern Home Counties c. £25,000 + Car

Finance Director

Our client is a major importer and wholesaler of high quality hi-fi and other electronic products. The imminence of next-generation technology and its projected impact on already substantial growth creates the need for a Financial Director, who will assume all financial and company secretarial responsibility including the production of all statutory and management accounts, and provide close entrepreneurial support to the Managing

The successful candidate, who will be a qualified accountant and aged mid-30's upwards, will demonstrate particular competence in import finance, possibly in respect of leisure goods. The market is highly competitive, and the development of computerised systems to provide rapid and sensitive decision-support data is experience especially sought, as is evidence of a mature commercial judgement.

This is a post for the commercially aware. It offers stimulus and an opportunity to grow with the Group. Benefits include contributory pension and private medical insurance, and an eventual equity stake is possible. Assistance will be given with necessary relocation expenses.

Letters of application, together with CV, salary progression and any other relevant data, should be sent without delay to Mr C.A. Cotton, Executive Recruitment Division, Stoy MLH, 3rd Floor, Waterloo House, 20 Waterloo Street, Birmingham B2 5TS, quoting ref. M577.



Management Consultants

Financial Management

Two vacancies in Central London for ACA/ACCA/ACMA

Our client is a non-profit making body active in the field of further education. It is self financing by enrolment fees and to ensure that this desirable state of affairs continues, our client has undertaken a review of the administrative and accounting functions. As a result of this, two new accounting vacancies have been

Financial Controller

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Reporting direct to the Chief Executive, the Financial Controller will be responsible for the entire financial and data processing functions of the organisation. With his staff, he must provide a reliable and cost effective management information service to his colleagues in senior management. As a member of the Executive Committee and the senior financial officer, he will have a significant advisory role in providing the expertise necessary for the proper financial management of our client's affairs.

Candidates, male or female, must be qualified chartered accountants with substantial commercial experience at senior management level. It is unlikely that anyone under 35 years of age will have the necessary breadth of general business experience. A high level of tact and diplomacy will be a useful attribute.

To apply, please send a detailed C. V. quoting ref: MCS 9025

Financial & Management Information Manager c£16,000 Reporting direct to the Financial Controller, the F & MI Manager carries responsibility for the provision of regular management reports as well as the running of the finance section and two administrative units servicing our client's operational staff. Close liaison with the DP Manager will be necessary in relation to the development and up-grading of accounting and specialist administrative systems.

Candidates, male or female, should be qualified ACA, ACCA or ACMA with significant commercial experience. A knowledge of computerised accounting procedures is essential, as is experience of staff supervision. The likely age range is 28 to 35, but the primary qualities we will be seeking include an innovative and flexible approach and a high degree of commitment.

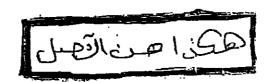
To apply, please write for a personal history form, quoting ref: MCS 9026

These two positions will comprise our client's financial management resources and the candidates appointed must be capable of working as a team. For the right individuals, our client will offer an attractive salary and benefits package. Either position offers good prospects of career development through growth within the job and promotion arising from future growth of the organisation.

Please indicate clearly the position for which you wish to be considered by marking one or other reference number on the envelope. (It would be inappropriate to apply for both positions). Applications should be addressed, in confidence, to:

Alan Gilmour, Executive Selection Division, Southwark Towers. 32 London Bridge Street, London SE1 9SY.





NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE 32-33 AMERICAN STOCK EXCHANGE 33 **WORLD STOCK MARKETS 34** LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE 35-37 UNIT TRUSTS 38-39 COMMODITIES 40 CURRENCIES 41 INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS 42

SECTION III - INTERNATIONAL MARKETS FINANCIALTIMES

stock market reform, Page 34

Thursday September 29 1983

WALL STREET

Firmness in interest rate hits equities

FEW OF Wall Street's stock investors were in a mood yesterday to expand their holdings on any but the most favourable terms, as signals came in from the credit markets that not much could be expected in the way of immediate and sizeable drops in market rates there, writes Gordon Cramb in New

The Dow Jones Industrial average, after drifting through much of the day just below its overnight figure, closed six points off at 1241.97.

Turnover dwindled to some 76m shares from Tuesday's already modest 81.1m, while 847 stocks showed declines

against the 638 which managed a gain. This came in tandem with a move by the Federal Reserve to drain surplus liquidity in the credit markets, its first such action in more than a fortnight. The overnight reverse repurchases it arranged, with Fed funds at 8% per cent, were seen as an attempt to close off a three-day spree which has brought the funds rate down from 9 per cent to nearer 8 per cent and with isolated quirky trades as low as 5 per cent.

One analyst at a major securities

Tokyo New Stock Exchange

End Month Figures

KEY MARKET MONITORS

Or

house pointed out that the U.S. commercial banks were awash with reserves as the Treasury settled its receipts ahead to the end of the quarter tomorrow.

Interbank lending, which the funds rate reflects, could thus afford to be on more generous terms. Funds opened at 8% yesterday and, after the Fed's intervention, moved up to 914, then jumped as high as 11. The Banks' own weekly set-tlement operations also clouded the pic-

Treasury Bill rates gave a better account, the analyst said. If funds were meant in the Fed's view to be at 8%, the bills would be discounted at 81/4.

The current level of 8.79 for the three-month paper and 8.94 for the six-month suggested a funds rate pitched at 9 per cent - still a good half-point below the first half of the month and a sign of a more relaxed Fed attitude as money supply stays within bounds.

The bill rates were six to nine basis points firmer than Tuesday's close, and the bond market was generally unruffled by the Fed action, according to deal-

But a growing focus of concern was identified in U.S. inflation, which a Columbia Business School index is reflecting as having been on a rising trend all year. This would point to an annual rate of some 6% per cent for next year, at least a point higher than that expected

One of the day's best gains came from International Harvester, with investors grabbing at the first good news there for some time: a good showing by its French unit took the stock \$2% higher to \$11%. Elsewhere, Southern Pacific and San-

T-Industrial Ordinar

Sept 28 Previou

1,4975

12.045

3.21

2405

80.50

1.8460

4%

5%

14%

9.15

8.73

10.48

11.43

94% 11.60

761/2 12.05

1.499

3,965

12.015

3.1975

4.4375

2396.5

80.20

1.848

44

5%

9.05

8.79

Price

Sept 28 Previous

8.0175

2.1310

2,9590

53.49

(three month offered rate)

PM

FFr

Ff London Interba

U.S. Fed Funds

10% 1985

12 2013

Corporate

Xerox

Abbot Lab

CHICAGO

December

8% 32nds of 100%

\$1m points of 100%

1990

1993 11%

3% July 1990 8% May 2000

Diamond Shamrock

Federated Dept Stores

U.S. 3-mouth CDs

U.S. 3-month T-bills

3-month U.S.\$

6-month U.S.\$

1 23275 1 23275

2.6505

238.05

8.0425

2.1405

2.9670

1606.5

53.77

INTEREST RATES

U.S BONDS

1025/12

AT & T Price Yield Price 10% June 1990 94% 11.57 94%

10% March 1993 93% 11.85°

U.S. Treasury Bonds (CBT)

Price Yield

Sept 28

69%" 10.25"

76% 12.05

10% May 1993 92% 12:00 91% 12:10

10% May 2013 12.05° 88.525° 12.05 88.525

11.8 Feb 2013 12.05* 97.954* 12.05 97.954

12¼ Dec 2012 12.60° 97.26° 12.60 97.26

FINANCIAL FUTURES

Latest High

ury Bille (I**MM**)

75-25 73-00 72-14 72-23

90.20 90.23 90.16 90.15

10017/21 10.53 10017/22

1021% 11.49 1022%

100%21 11.49 1047%2

11.45 1001%

ta Fe, the railways planning to merge, encountered further displeasure to take the former \$1% down at \$38% and the latter \$2% lower to \$30%. Earnings dilution is the point at issue.

Insurance issues showed busy dealings in Continental Corporation, down \$2 at \$31%, with activity accounted for largely by one big block of 2.58m shares crossed at \$31%. Transamerica firmed

s% at \$27% with earlier blocks of 250,000 at \$27% and 220,000 at \$27%.

Trans World jumped \$3% to \$29% on a pending reshape, while on the American. exchange Texas Air slid \$% to \$5% after suspending dividends. Eastern rallied \$% to \$5%.

Broker Merrill Lynch was again active and \$1% weaker at \$32% after a \$2% slide on Tuesday on reports of a client's contractual default. Harris Bankcorp drew benefit from possible Bank of Montreal interest, gaining \$1 to \$69%.

The Federal Reserve made a second. more muted entry to the credit markets to buy \$300m in bills for a customer account, by which time Fed funds had reached 9 per cent. The long bond, the 12 per cent of 2013, shed 1 to 1041/22.

LONDON

Blue chip rally ends dull start

QUIET AND nervous conditions prevailed in London at the start of trading yesterday when dealers continued to fear possible repercussions of the confirmed failure of C. and R. Pastor Securities (Panama).

The depression soon lifted, and leading blue chips rallied from lower opening levels on light buying in the belief that markets might perk up now that recent uncertainties have been pinpointed. The FT Industrial Ordinary index improved steadily as the day progressed and the close was 2.9 up at 696.9.

Golds met persistent selling which lowered Gold Mines of Kalgoorlie 15p to 710p. The speculative golds remained on offer and falls of around 3p were common to Allstate, 48p, Carr Boyd, 83p, Otter, 52 p, Sons of Gwalia, 53p, and United Goldfields, 48p. Details, Page 35; Share Information, Pages 36-37.

AUSTRALIA

STRONG buying support from bargain hunters and overseas investors failed to taking.

sharp declines at midsession in Toronto yesterday, as most prices headed steadi-

The composite index, which lost 18.4 points on Tuesday, fell another 8.8 points to 2,571.2.

In Montreal, most sectors showed losses except for banking, where some issues made slight gains.

TOKYO

No pause in Nikkei Dow record run

BLUE CHIP and incentive-backed issues came to the fore as shares extended their advance in Tokyo yesterday despite an overnight decline on Wall Street. Bond prices plunged on heavy selling by financial institutions, writes

Shigeo Nishiwaki of Jiji Press.
The Nikkei Dow Jones index added
31.17 points to finish at another record of 9,445.32 on an active volume of 486.34m shares against Tuesday's 444.58m. The indicator thus rose for its seventh successive session for a total of 304.07 points.

Active trading continued yesterday with buying interest centring on incentive-backed issues in the morning and on blue-chip stocks in the afternoon.

Aoki Construction - a recently favoured speculative - again made prog-ress, putting on Y56 to Y1,040. Revived buying interest in issues related to the projected information network system (INS), an advanced nationwide telecommunications grid using optical fibre cables, pushed Nippon Sheet Glass Y13 ahead to Y506 and Sumitomo Electric Y19 to Y659.

But big-capital shipbuilding and synthetic fibre issues, whose prices were relatively low remained mixed, though securities firms tried to interest inves-

tors in these issues.

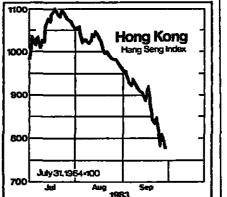
Among shipbuilders, Mitsubishi
Heavy Industries added Y2 to Y269, but Ishikawajima-Harima Heavy Industries shed Y1 to Y170. In the synthetic fibre sector, Asahi Chemical rose Y2 to Y400, but Teijin was unchanged at Y377.

Blue chip issues were mixed - Sony put on Y50 to Y3,700, Matsushita Electric Industrial Y40 to Y1,760 and Honda Mo-tor Y29 to Y947, while NEC retreated Y20 to Y1,420 and TDK Y110 to Y5,350.

Bond prices reacted favourably to lower U.S. interest rates and the yen's rise against the dollar on the Tokyo foreign exchange market. They suffered heavy selling, however, by city and regional banks, and some other financial institutions, and as a result bond yields rose

Securities firms with large holdings were hesitant about bond purchases,

adding to the selling pressure. The yield on the long-term 7.5 per cent issue mat-uring in January 1993 climbed to 7.77 per cent from Tuesday's 7.73 per cent. On the long-term 7.7 per cent issue maturing in November 1989 the yield rose to 7.45 per cent from 7.42 per cent.



EUROPE

Depressing downturn diffused

THE STRENGTHENING of the D-Mark, together with an absence of selling pressure, enabled Frankfurt to shrug off the depressing effect of the previous day's sharp downturn on Wall Street.

Volume was thin and purchasers selective but most major issues made modest gains. A bout of selling by domestic mutual funds approaching the end of the financial year was quickly absorbed, and the Commerzbank index showed a 0.6 point gain to 941.3.

Overcoming recent pressures stemming from weak export business, MAN climbed DM 3 to DM 146 and Mannes mann DM 1.30 to DM 137.

UK banks plan for

Chemicals traded narrowly to finish barely ahead with Hoechst gaining 50 pfg to DM 156.50

Hoesch was a strong point in steels, adding DM 3.30 to DM 91.80. Thyssen gained 40 pfg to DM 73.70 but Kloeckner was off 60 pfg at DM 38.50. The softer dollar and a late slide in the

Federal Funds rate in New York boosted prices of domestic bonds by up to 30 basis points.

Continued profit-taking, the shrinking value of the franc and Wall Street's fall, all added to selling pressures in Paris and prices drifted lower in quiet trading. Troubled engineering group Creusot-Loire shed FFr 3.8 to FFr 63.8 amid un-certainty over whether its board would

approve a government rescue package.

Banks, foods and financials were sharply lower, with Schneider down FFr 7.5 to FFr 123.5,

Electricals were generally lower, with Cit-Alcatel down FFr 13 to FFr 1,325 and Radiotechnique off FFr 7 to FFr 416. Oils and chemicals also declined,

In Amsterdam, prices moved lower but losses were limited by investor optimism over interest rate prospects and the fact that Dutch shares had not risen as sharply as expected after Wall
Street's record on Monday.
Hoogovens edged ahead 30 cents to
F1 35.80 but most other internationals

faded. Royal Dutch lost 77 1.10 to FI 137.40 and Akzo slipped 60 cents to

Belgian and foreign share prices were lower in Brussels where investors followed the Wall Street trend in moderate trading.

Turnover slipped from recent levels in Zurich and prices closed mostly easier as brokers squared their positions before the month-end.

Banks were broadly lower with UBS down SwFr 10 at SwFr 3150 and Credit Suisse off SwFr 15 at SwFr 2120. Lead-

ing financials were little changed, Rumours that the Government might introduce new taxes in the forthcoming budget triggered a selling wave in Milan, but losses were slight and the sales easily absorbed. Major industrials, in-cluding Fiat and Olivetti, were the biggest losers.

In Madrid, prices fell slightly in thin trading. Electricals continued to decline, as did chemicals.

This announcement is neither an offer to sell nor a solicitation of an offer to buy these socurities. The offer is made only by the Prospectus. Neither the Attorney General of the State of New York nor the Attorney General of the State of New York nor the Attorney General of the State of New Jersey has passed on or endorsed the merits of this offering.

Any representation to the contrary is unlawful.

Vagabond Hotels, Inc.

Copies of the Prospectus are obtainable in any State from the undersigned and such other dealers as may lawfully offer these securities in such State.

Drexel Burnham Lamberf

This announcement is neither an offer to sell nor a solicitation of an offer to buy these securities. The offer is made only by the Prospectus. Neither the Attorney General of the State of New York nor the Attorney General of the State of New Jorsey nor the Bureau of Securities of the State of New Jersey has passed on or endorsed the merits of this offering.

Any representation to the contrary is unlawful.

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300,000 Common Stock Purchase Warrants

Copies of the Prospectus are obtainable in any State from the undersigned and such other doalers as may lawfully offer these securities in such State.

Drexel Burnham Lambert

lift Sydney stocks back from the lows reached during a morning of profit-\$70,000,000 The decline was again led by substantial losses in mining and oil and gas issues, depressed by Wall Street's overnight slide and the weakness of world gold and base metal markets. The All Ordinaries index finished 2.3 15% Senior Subordinated Debentures due September 15, 1995 points off at 716.4 after shedding almost (Interest payable March 15 and September 15) Weeks Australia and Weeks Petroleum unloaded their entire holdings in Australian Oil and Development (AOD) **Price 100%** in three off-market deals in Melbourne. plus accrued interest from September 15, 1983 **SINGAPORE** LACK of buying interest combined with the depressed tone of Wall Street to bring a broad-based retreat in Singapore prices yesterday. A marginal rally in the afternoon was insufficient to recover ground lost earlier and the Straits Times Industrial index closed 1.18 points off at 980.75. Haw Par was the heaviest loser, dropping 44 cents to S\$2.34, but Malayan Cement was also hard hit with a 35 cent decline to S\$9.10. **HONG KONG** INSTITUTIONS and large investors stayed on the sidelines in Hong Kong yesterday as the market digested Tues-30,000 Units day's surprise Government takeover of the troubled Hang Lung Bank. But calm Vagabond Hotels, Inc. prevailed and most leading shares posted moderate losses, pulling the Hang Seng index back 23.7 points to 777. **SOUTH AFRICA** GAINS outnumbered losses in Johan-210,000 Shares of Common Stock nesburg yesterday as gold shares re-versed their trend over the past two days and closed mixed to firmer. The Each Unit consists of \$1,000 principal amount of Subordinated Debentures, seven shares of Common Stock and ten Common Stock Purchase Warrants expiring September 15, 1888. The securities included in the Units are not separately transferable until after December 20, 1983, or such earlier date as may be determined by the Company with the consent of Drexel Burnham Lambert Incorporated. bullion price continued little changed. Trading was slow, however. Heavyweight Western Deep gained 50 cents to R61.50 while most lightweights added five or 10 cents. Mining financials were generally steady while among other minings, dia-Price \$1,000 per Unit mond share De Beers rose four cents to CANADA OILS and transportation stocks showed

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CUMBRIA DECEMBER 9, 1983

The Financial Times is proposing to publish a Survey on Cumbria in its issue of December 9, 1983. The provisional editorial synopsis is set out below.

INTRODUCTION: Cumbria is the second largest county in England and Wales. Though it is a mainly rural area, good communications provided by the M6 motorway, the main West Coast London to Edinburgh rail line and services from Carlisle Airport provide a solid foundation for industry. An unemployment rate lower than the national average masks the economic problems of West Cumbria which has suffered industrial shrinkage. The Survey will examine new initiatives designed to bolster the country's economy.

Editorial coverage will also include: Editorial coverage will also include:

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Continued on Page 34 Sales tigures are unofficial. Yearly highs and lows relief, the previous 52 weeks plus the current week but not the latest trading day, where a spin or stock dividend amounting to 25 per cent or more has been paid, the year's high-low range and dividend are shown for the new stock city. Unless otherwise noted, rates of dividends are annual disbursements balled on the latest dectaration.

a-dividend also extra(s) b-annual rate of dividend plus stock dividend, c-liquidating dividend citi-called di-now yearly low e-dividend dectared or paid in preceding 12 months g-dividend in Canadian funds, subject to 15% non-rosidence truit-dividend dectared after spin-up or stock dividend i-dividend paid this year, omitted delerred or no action laken at latest dividend meeting, k-dividend declared or paid this year, an accu-

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AUSTRALIA

CANADA

The questions reform raises

BY DAVID LASCELLES, BANKING CORRESPONDENT, IN LONDON

ALTHOUGH PLANS to reform the London Stock Exchange were only being set by commercial banks who raises questions as to the prudence exchange. It will also give them agreed this summer, Britain's clear have bought discount brokers and of banks associating themselves too greater scope to practice "aggregaing banks are already weary of begun to offer all-in-one accounts answering questions like, "Will you combining stockbroking, current go into stockbroking," and, "Will accounts, overdrafts and credit you apply to join the stock ex- cards. While the British banks seem change?" Most are confining theming the situation carefully".

But the questions are highly pertinent. The changes at the stock exchange will give the clearers a corners of the financial services industry from which they are still ex- dures. At the moment a big bank cluded. And as major customers of the exchange, they have a direct interest in the abolition of fixed-rate

The truth of the matter is that banks are batching plans, some of them quite ambitious. They reason that reform will enable outsiders to participate directly in the exchange, and that if this happens the banks should be there. Privately, some clearers say that they have already had serious talks with stockbrokers with a view to buying into their firms up to the 29.9 per cent now permitted by stock exchange rules.

At this stage these moves are largely defensive. "We are making sure we get our foot in the door" said one banker, pointing not just to domestic competition but foreign too. Security Pacific, the large California bank, set a precedent last year by taking an interest in Hoare Govett, clearly with an eye to raising that stake when the rules are relaxed. And as a pre-emptive move, it was not too expensive: £8.1m (\$12.15m).

In the long run, though, the clearers would have to justify a diversification into stockbroking with more solid reasoning. Sir Donald Barron, the chairman of Midland Bank, earlier this summer affirmed his interest in the stock exchange and said that his bank saw its role as provider of a wide range of financial ser-

to be in no hurry to go this far, there is clearly scope for the clearers to use their huge branch networks and staff to greater effect by channeling more services through them. By owning their own stockchance to move into one of the few broker they could also save on commissions and streamline proce-

> In a broader context, there is also a strong rationale for linking stock-brokers, who are mostly small and tions in order to create groupings large enough to withstand the greatly increased competition that reform will unleash. Many stock-brokers already complain that they lack the capital to do the volume of business they want.

like Barclays uses over 30

This rationale has also been used to persuade the banks that they have a patriotic duty to keep the stock exchange British by rescuing stockbrokers from the predations of vast and ambitious Wall Street and Japanese firms.

While stockbrokers might welcome an approach from a bank, their peers would probably be cool-er about actually admitting one to the stock exchange. Membership of this important City institution would clearly be an incentive for a bank to buy a stockbroker. But a stock exchange source said this week that the present membership would almost certainly reject a

But as a senior clearing banker said, the goal of diversification would ultimately have to be profit, and the stockbroking business is

closely with it. Although clearing tion. "We could never walk away if the firm got into trouble," the clearing banker said.

The Bank of England is alive to these concerns, of course. Mr J. S. Fforde, an adviser to the Governor, told a central bankers' conference earlier this year that the closer as-sociation of banks and stockbrokers would clearly have supervisory implications, in particular with re-spect to the assessment of capital resources and managerial skills that would be necessary for a bank undertaking such business."

The implication is that banks entering stockbroking should have higher capital ratios, that is, a stronger capital base, than those which do not. This would add to the cost of being in the stockbroking business. There have also been suggestions that banks should create a special subsidiary for their stock-broking ventures to insulate the rest of the bank from risk and avoid conflicts of interest. This is the solu-tion proposed in the U.S., where the Reagan Administration has put forward legislation that would allow banks to move further into the securities business.

However, even if banks hold back from becoming stockbrokers, the stock exchange reforms will affect them in other ways, mainly as us-ers. Currently, the business they introduce accounts for 10-12 per cent Since much of this consists of small orders carrying higher commis-sions, the banks actually account for a greater share than that of stockbrokers' earnings, so their clout is substantial.

The abolition of fixed-rate comnotorious for its ups and downs. missions should greatly reduce the

In the U.S. a pattern of sorts is The riskiness of the business also banks' cost of doing business on the tion," the lucrative process whereby banks would initially only be able to they lump together a lot of small own a minority stake, they would branch orders (charging the full rehave a much larger moral obliga- tail commission to their customers) and execute the business for lower

> The banks also pay a fee to join a register of stock exchange agents, which entitles then to a share of the commission on business they bring in. One big clearer disclosed this week that it earns \$1m a year this way. It is not clear what would happen to the register once the fixedrate commission went, but it would vate negotiation of fees banks and their brokers.

The earliest victims could well be the small country brokers through whom bank branch managers cur-rently channel some business for lo-

They are unlikely to be able to compete with the huge discounts that banks are expected to nego-

tiate with the big City brokers. Nor is it clear what status a stock-broker would have in the event of takeover by a bank. In the cases of Security Pacific with Hoare Govett and RIT & Northern with Kitcat & Aitken (the only other instances of an outsider buying into a stockbroker), the investing groups have both pledged not to direct their business exclusively through their affiliates. But they only own 29.9 per cent of them. What if they

There is a strong likelihood that banks will move fairly quickly, possibly within a year or so, to gain a foothold in this potential new market if only to anticipate the competiwhether the returns and the convenience will be great enough to offset the cost and complications of entering a business that is markedly

became wholly owned?

Sept. 28 162 +1 180.7 +0.2 80.2 -0.6 570 -1 130.4 -0.3 180.8 +0.8 47.5 -0.2 49.0 -0.3 34.8 -0.2 46.3 +0.3 40.2 -3 159.0 -1.5 Euro Com Tst..... Gist.-Brocades ... Heineken FRANCE Can HW Everyy _4 _9 NORWAY UMAL Cons. SPAIN · Price i 十 or :Pesets; 一 HONG KONG -0.5 Bank East Asia ... Carrian invest... Cheung Kong ... China Light ... Hang Lung Devel. Hang Seng Bank... HK Electric... HK Kowioon Wh... HK Land HK Shanghai Bk... HK Telephone... Hutchison Wha... Jardine Math... New World Dev... Orient O'seas.... 84.8 +2.4 547 -2 150.4 +0.1 160.5 -282 +1 318 -2 +1.6 +1.5 -0,6 -- O.07 Sept 28 -0.1 AUSTRIA SOUTH AFRICA SWITZERLAND BELGIUM/LUXEMBOURG -30 -10 ARBED 1,364 Bang int A Lux.... 4,650 --58 218.5 +0.5 879 919 1,280 947 940 1,820 1,440 1,680 2,300 770 610 640 427 837 650 2,055 160 4,680 2,280 6,360 2,360 2,340 2,540 4,780 1,840 6,150 5,980 7,875 1,905 5,205 3,275 3,275 3,275 3,275 2,120 2,920 610 8,9250 8,900 1,670 1,585 3,980 1,236 6,500 1,025 455 838 8,700 1,085 8,700 1,585 8,700 8,700 8,700 1,585 8,700 1,585 8,700 -10 +25 -25 -10 -10 -35 +5 -20 -1 +10 +70 +5 -50 +1 +10 + 17 + 7 - 1

NETHERLANDS

DENMARK

Continued from Page 33 T-T-T 57:56 59:607 69:607 Soil-Se Soil-S 29年对外的最后的现在分词不断的的有效的。2015年他的现在分词的目标的现在分词中心的现在分词的人,他们是一种的人的人的人的人的人的人的人的人的人的人的人们的人 四日不知的的《天儿人后也人的外外的四日的《天外外的新世界》的目的特殊不知从他们的说明。他们的目光的人们从我们说你说是这个"这个好女女?"我们 10 20 344 16 40 17 47 5 47 16 65 14 5 40 5 2 4年才为10年6年的大厅,不到他与自己的,在外面的原理的,我们会也在下头的心态的成功的形式的,我们是我们的人们的人们的人们是一个人们的人们的一个人们的人们的人们的 Taleph Tensor Tensor Tensor Testa Testa Tissa Thoren Thoren Toked Widom Welsce Wespep Wester Wester Wester Wester Wester Wester Wichta Wichta Wichta Wichta Wichta Wichta Wichta Wichta Wichta Wichta Wichta Winden Wester Winden Win **NEW YORK CLOSING PRICES** U-U-U 5 29 15 15 7 16 34 365 4 365 4 365 6 36 22 8 11 21 0 24 9 163 7 47 24 13 14 56 10 11 0 23 9 1 14 56 10 11 USI UNA USS USMIE Uncary Unemp Uncary Unemp Uncary Unemp United 7 29917640 6455137425877554410 ...75 456 18 9 3 V - V - V - 7 7 7 150 11 9 7 7 251 15 6 6 18 11 2 5 44 37 7 12 8 15 162 05 8 19 5 162 05 8 19 5 162 05 8 19 5 162 111 8 3 9 4 141₄ 221₄ 321₄ 491₅ 191₅ 19 X-Y-Z 37011 1654 95.45 11 289 21 28 276 126 37 31 19 84448 309 3 30 7 15 922 25 2119 8 4814 27 7 122 49 9 63 Xerox Xerox XTRA ZeleCp Zepata Zeyre ZerithR Zero Zumin 3212 4814 1414 1314 2114 1814 2115 Follow the Leader

AMERICAN STOCK EXCHANGE CLOSING PRICES

In mid 1982, the Financial Times, The Economist, and Euromoney commissioned Research Services Ltd. to conduct a study amongst these senior international financial specialists in order to discover what they read.

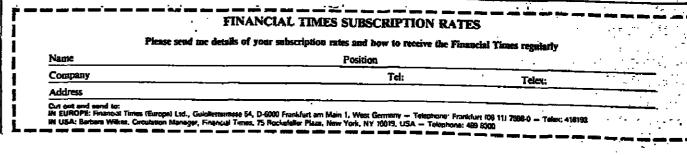
The published report is now available, and the results show that the publication most widely read by this prime target group was the Financial Times. By comparison, the table below shows the readership figures for some of the other 40 publications that were covered by she research.

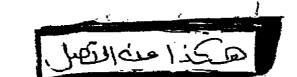
For more information about this research, or the position of the F.T in the European market place, please contact your local Financial Times representative or the Market Research Department of the Financial Times.

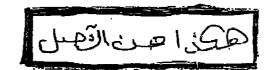
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ENANCIAL TIMES	42
AZ.	24
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VALL STREET JOURNAL	6
USINESS WEEK	24
CONCMIST	22
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FINANCIAL TIMES EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER

				nd	lic	es						Sept. 28	Sept.	Sept.	Sept.	High	1983 Low
NEW	YO	?K .□	OW JON	E S							AUSTRALIA Ali Ord. (1/1/88) Metals & Minis. (1/1/80)	716,5 563,5	718.6 578,1	729.3 582,6	708.0 571.1	756.7 (12/9) 814.2 (5/8)	487.8 (4/1) 411.8 (4/1)
			ا ۔۔		T	١	[]1:	983	Since C	ompilar n	AUSTRIA	. ' -		'	·		
	28 28	Sep 27	Sep 26	Sep 23	Sep 22	Sep 21	High	Lew	High	Law	Credit Alktien(2/1/82)	55.81	55,09	54,58	55,02	59.8 (5/6)	49,48 (16/2)
Industrials .	1241.97	1247.97	1260.77	1255.55	1257.5	2 1243.2	1250.77 (26/3	174.31 (11/8)	(258.77		BELGIUM Belgian SE (51/12/85)	· 181.78	152.91	133,36	132,24	184,48 (1/8)	190,58 (4/1)
Transport	566.32	585.71	582.66	584.33	589.65	586.05	598.04 (279)	434.24 [\$/1]	590,94 (21/8/83)		DENMARK Copenhagen SE (3/1/83)	197.64	196,53	198,54	197,44	204,22 (13/9)	100,60 (5/1)
Unilities	134.97	134.73	134.78		133.A3		134,78 (26/5)	119.46 (3/1)	163.32 (3/4/8)		FRANCE GAC General (61/12/82) Ind Tendance (61/12/62)	1 58.2 148,5	158.2 149.1	189.6 149.7	187.6 148.4	139.5 (29/8) 149.7 (26/8)	98.1 (& f) 98.0 (5/1)
Trading with 100000 st	7597	8116	8649	9318	9795	9127	-	<u> </u>	-		GERMANY FAZ-Aktien (51/12/58) Commerszbank/Deci955	\$17.01 \$41,8	! : 617.10 : 840.7	517.08 840.9	314,76 834,8	321,65 (7/7) 386,5 (7/7)	241,88 (25-1) 727,8 (25-1)
			_ <u> </u> '	Sap 23	Se	p 18	Aug 19	9 (Year Ago /	ybbrad	HONG KONG		<u>'</u> —				·,
ind dir yield 9	4		1	4,43	4	.53	4.65	- 1	5.92	ž	Hang Seng Bank (51/7/64)	777,80	800,70	610,02	785_48	1102.64 (21/7)	781.51 (4/1)
STANDARD A	Sup 28	Sep	Sep 26	Sep 23	Sep 22	Sep 21	198 (Rgt.	ii Low	Since C	law	JAPAN" Dow Average (18:5:48)	·	195.18		196,95	214.95 (21/5) 8445.52 (28/9)	180,45 (19/1) 7885,18 (25/1)
Industrials	189.81	198.21	191.97	191.23	191.37	195.74	183.22	154.95	193,22	3.52	Tokyo New SE (4/1/68)	694.57	692,62	690.47	ic) :	694.57 (28/8)	574,51 (25/1)
Composite	1	ļ		189.51			(ZŽ/B)	(2/1) 138.34	179.98 179.98	(94V32) 4.4 (V4V32)	NETHERLANDS ANP-CBS General (1978) ANP-CBS Indust (1970)	345.9 116.3	` 144.0 ` 118,5	144.9 116.1	142.7 114.8	144.0 (26/9) 116,5 (22/6)	700.3 (4/1) 85,5 (4/1)
				Sep 21	Au	24	Ang 1		eer Ago(/	<u> </u>	NORWAY Oslo SE (4/1/85)	207,30	208,80	208,38	207,88	214.45 (15/6)	59, 91(4·7)
lad div yield 9 lad. P/E Ratio				3.90 14.58		.822 .08	3.95 14.39	Т	5.14 9.89		SINGAPORE Straights Times (1968)	980.76	981,95	930.58	990,41	992,62(26.8)	712.29 (6/1)
BLY.S.E ALL (<u> </u>	11.56	11	.48	11.43 RISES	AND FA	11.5 	<u>-</u>	SOUTH AFRICA Gold : 1958) Industrial (1958)	(u)	866.2 955.8	885.9 952.9	872.8 954.5	1099.5 (1/2) 968.7 (28/8)	694.5 (90 ;5) 740,2 (6/1)
Seo Seo	Ta	San	1	283			S	en 28	Ses 27	Sep 28	SPAIN Madrid SE (61/12-82)						
Sep Sep 28 27	\$691 25	Sep 23	High	Low	— —	ues trader	<u></u> _	1910	947	1957	I ————	110.62	116,03	(c)	115,85	120,82 (15,7)	98,39 (11/1)
-1-	1-	-	442.62	79.79 (2V)	Fall	es ks		834 843	442 132	920 658	SWEDEN Jacobson & P. (1/1/58)	1481,42	1494,99	1478.02	1471,92 []]	1528, 80 - ₍ 8.9 ₎	\$85,18 (B/T) \
MONTREAL	1_			1	Uni	changed		433	373	368	SWITZERLAND ' SwimbankCon, (6):12:58)	534.R	. ZZSS_D	234 P	334.3	847,8 (4/8)	294,4 (4/1)
NEWS I WEST			Sec 28	Sep 27	Sep 26	Ses 23			83	Der .	WORLD Capital Intl. (1/1/70)	 _	·	182.2	;	188.6 (28/9)	-
	destricks Policied		451.78 435.34	46US 431.22	483.9 441.25	486.87 439.19	493.0 441.29			12(4/1) 4(5/5)	(**) Saturd	ay San	• 24. 1		- P 7	14 00 TOT	154.8 (8/1)
TURRINTO Company 2561.5 2579.8 2582.2 2592.7 2591.276/9 1591.84/11 500 NYSE All Common							ndices	are 100	exceb	Austr	alle All Ordini	r.co. Ny and Mateless					
U.S. MOICES:	CLOSEK	VALLES	. YESTER	DAY'S C	ANADIA	MDICES	, LATEST	AVASLAB			500. NYSE All Commo lost named based on 197 plus 40 Utilities, 40 Fi	78 45.	Station	ra ana	Logis	-10: and tel	-cate—1,000; the







LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

MARKET REPORT

Equity leaders rally from dull start in thin trading Index 2.9 up at 696.9—Gilts mixed

Account Dealing Dates
Option

*First Declara- Last Account
Dealings tions Dealings Day
Sept 19 Sept 29 Sept 38 Oct 10
Oct 3 Oct 13 Oct 14 Oct 24
Oct 17 Oct 27 Oct 28 Nov 7

" New-time " dealings may take
place from 3.30 am two business days
earlier.

ness, quiet and nervous condi-tions prevailed in London equity markets from the start of trading pesterday when dealers con-tinued to fear possible repercus-sions of the confirmed failure of C. and R. Pastor Securities

The depression soon lifted, however, and leading blue chips rallied from lower opening levels on light buying in the belief that markets might perk up now that recent uncertainties have been recently and the statement of the st up now that recent uncertainties have been pinpointed. The volume of business remained thin with talk of fund-raising again a major inhibiting factor. The FT 30-share index, geve up 3.2 further at the first, 10.00 am, calculation, but improved steadily as the day progressed and the close was 2.9 up at the day's best of 696.9. Rises outnumbered falls in the index constituents, among which Bowater weakened on renewed worries weakened on renewed worries about a possible rights issue.

Elsewhere in the market, features were scarce. Speculafeatures were scarce. Speculation concerning Albianz's near-30 per cent stake in the group led to a fair amount of speculative activity in Eagle Star, which touched 488p before closing 16 better on balance at 480p following a denial, while North British Properties jumped on news of a bid approach from Sun Life. BP New shares performed well, improving 4 to 210p, after 212p, while the old shares ended the same emount up at 440p, after

Still awaiting an expected i-point cut in clearing bank base lending rates, gilts marked time ahead of today's applications for the filbn tap, Treasury 91 per cent Convertible 1988 at a minimum tender price of £961; dealings are due to start tomorrow. Up to 1 better initially, short-dated stocks closed on an irre-gular note, while mediums were slightly harder for choice with long-dated issues usually ending a shade easier.

Fresh nervous selling trig-gered by this week's collapse of gered by this week's collapse or a small Hong Kong bank lowered Standard Chartered to 405p before buyers ventured in and brought a close of only 3 down on balance at 417p. Other Bank-ing features were scarce but embraced Grindlays, which rose embraced Grindlays, which rose to 153p before settling a net 6 up at 148p. Bank of Scotland made further upward progress to a peak for the year of 533p.

Insurances pursued contrasting courses with Composite General Accident 5 higher at 430p, but Life concerns Britannic, 420p, and Equity and Law Composite General and Equity and Law, 690p, down 6 and 8 respectively. Among Brokers, Willis Faber continued strongly, helped by the joint U.S.

absence of quality investment

EQUITY GROUPS

& SUB-SECTIONS

Other Industrial Materials (16) ...

Motors (18).

Food Retailing (13) ... Health and Household Leisure (22)

Chemicals (25).

Other Financial (17)

2 5-15 year

FIXED INTEREST

+0.65

-0.96

-0.25

+0.05

198.Q +0.67

117.3%

.e. 300.56

192

129.32

10L3

Tites Sept 27

117.50

139.33

348,55

153.30

129.29

-8.23 194.63

Stores (47).... Textiles (22) .

support. Bass rallied 5 to 325p and Allied-Lyons 3 to 144p, while renewed speculative demand lifted Scottish and Newcastle a couple of pence to 944p. Elsewhere, buyers returned for Distillers, which advanced 6 to 215p. In the wake of Tuesday's weak-

216p.

Barratt Developments, a particularly duil market recently, staged a small technical rally and hardened 4 to 200p but other leading Building issues barely stirred. Elsewhere, Manders hardened 2 to 143p on the satisfactory interim results, but Tibury Group shed that much to 900 after recent firmness shead bury Group shed that much to 90p after recent firmness ahead of yesterday's interim announcement. Ben Bailey, a good market in front of the preliminary results, touched 30p on the announcement hefore profit-taking left the close unchanged on balance at 28p. Walter Lawrence attracted occasional interest and firmed 4 to 210p. but Conder International shed 6 to 42p on lack of support.

Revived investment demand left ICI 4 dearer at 528p, but other Chemicals made another poor showing. Brent Chemicals International shed 8 for a two-day drop of 21 to 88p following comment on the interim results. while Laporte, despite a broker's recommendation, gave up 5 to 2830, while Amersham Inter-national shed 5 to a 1983 low of

A continued lack of investment incentive resulted in another lacklustre session among leading Stores, which closed a shade easier for choice. Business among secondary issues also left much to be desired. Grattan firmed a couple of pence to 42p in front of today's half-timer, while recovery prospects, boosted by a Press mention, lifted Com bined English a penny to 41p. Moss Bros announced substantially increased interim profits, but the shares, a rising market recently, reacted to profit-taking to close 7 off at 248p.

Thorn EMI move up

Leading Electricals adopted a steadier stance with Thorn EMI moving 10 higher to 602p and Standard Telephone gaining 6 to 270p. GEC moved away from their year's low to close 4 better at 192p, while International Signal ended similarly dearer at Signal ended similarly dearer at 182p. BSR regained 10 to 150p as Hong Kong worries subsided. but Cable and Wireless remained friendless at 482p, down 5. Profittaking brought Security Tag back 30 to 510p, while Bowthorpe shed 6 at 277p. Responding to the increased annual profits, Emess Lighting added 3 at 235p.

Engineerings did not benefit Engineerings did not benefit from the steadier tone. Leading stocks were either unchanged or marginally easier while secon-dary issues followed an irregular Still buoyed by the prospect of an increase in beer prices, leading Breweries took up a firmer stance despite the continued

FT-ACTUARIES SHARE INDICES

Est. Gross Earnings Div. Yield % Yield % (Max.) (ACT at 30%)

Est. P/E Ratio (Nat)

| Max | Claringe | Chix | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | State | Stat

AVERAGE GROSS REDEMPTION YIELDS

Medicum Composs

FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES

	28 .	Sept. 27	Sept. 26	Sept. 25	84 pt.	Sept.	ago year
Government Secs	82,07	82.13	B2,43	82,17	81,81	81.83	79.9
Fixed Interest	84,20	B4.15	84,30	84,09	85.94	83.91	80,43
Industrial Ord	696,9	694.D	702.5	706.9	708,1	706.0	581.3
Gold Mines	622,6	623.7	684,5	625.2	614,8	651,5°	360.4
Ord. Div. Yleid	4,81	4,84	4,78	4.76	4,83	4,86	4,9
Earnings, Yld.% (full)	9,56	9,61	9,50	9,46	9.53	9,59	10,8
P/E Ratio (net) (*)	13,09	13.03	13,18	15.24	13,12	13,04	11,04
Total bargains	19.007	21,349	20,785	19,773	18,909	19,436	20,132
Equity turnover £m,	_	181.87	207.01	194,876	192.25	194.34	169,5
Equity bargains,	_	15,665	17,321	15,409	15,617	16,119	15,980
Shares traded (ml)		111,2	126,3	122,5	117.8	117.8	138.

10 am 690.8. 11 am 693.3. Noon 694.4. 1 pm 695.0. 2 um 695.3. 3 pm 696.0. Basic Govt. Secs. 18/1/25. Fixed Int. 1928, Industriel 1/7/35. Gold mines 12/10/58. SE Activity 1974. $N_{il} = 12.31$.

HIGHS	AND	LOWS	

i	19	62	Since Co	mpliat'n		Sept.	Sept.
ī	High	Low	High	Low			
Govt. Secs Fixed Int	85,60 (15/6) 84,74 (15/6)	77,00 (24.1) 79.05 (1/2)	127,4 (9/1/85) 150,4 (28/1/47)	(&/1/76) 80.58	—Dally Gift Edged Bargains Equities Bargains Value	168.5 101.4 367.5	169.1 112.2 418.4
Ind. Ord	740,4 (22/8)	598,4 (12/1)	740.4	494	5-day Avrge Gitt-Edged Bargeins	160.6	161.9
Gold Mines	784,7 (15/2)	(29 ₁ 5)	734.7 (15/2/88)	43.5 (28/18/71)	Equities	103.8 392.3	104.8 386.1

102p, gave up 5 apiece. Interim trading statements left Aurora a penny better at 12p and James Neill 2 dearer at 32p. The £2m contract for design and testing a launching device for ALARM missiles saw ML Holdings improve 3 to 258p, but the anmouncement that the board was seeking increased borrowing powers caused John Brown to ease the turn to 18p.

Monday's interim results and put on 3 for a two-day gain of 8 to 74p. Miscellaneous Industrial leaders were undecided and Beecham softened 3 to a year's low of 315p, while Bowater remained unsettled by cash-raising possibilities and finished 4 lower at 194p. Metal Box, on the other hand, recovered 10 to 252p, Glaro were the same amount

listed Securities Market, put on 7 to 132p following a newsletter tip, while Home Farm Products hardened a penny to 85p on the increased preliminary profits.

ladex No.

hydes No.

Tues Sept. 27

9.52 20.00 9.69 11.15 18.79 10.24 11.23 11.61 10.33 9.79

12.00 11.91 11.85

1261 1264 1330

11.25 19.76 11.26 11.46 19.94 19.53

12.55

9.83 9.70 11.14 19.80 19.26 11.20 11.01 19.54 9.72

12.05 11.95

1793

S.E. ACTIVITY

prove 3 to 258p, but the an mouncement that the board was seeking increased borrowing powers caused John Brown to ease the turn to 16p.

Among Food Retailers, J. Sainsbury eased 4 to 430p, after 428p; the company yesterday announced its first-ever U.S. acquisition by buying a 25 per cent stake in Shaws, a New England food chain. The chairman's cheerful comments at a Press conference made no impression on Associated Dairies, steady at 178p. Tesco, which recently led the sector higher, encountered profit-taking and eased 2 to 168p. Elsewhere, Canvermoor, dealt in in the Unlisted Securities Market, put on 7 to 122p following angustletts. trol. Spring Grove moved up after hours to 49p for a net gain of 5; Sunlight Services, which has made a higher bid for Spring Grove, immediately declared the claim to be incorrect. Elsewhere, Press mention helped Low and Bonar to rise 4 to 116p, but half-year trading results left James Wilkes 5 down at 215p.

stocks were either unchanged or marginally easier while secondary issues followed an irregular course. Vosper rose to 270p prior to closing a net 23 up at 180p. Kennedy prior to closing a net 23 up at 180p. Kennedy prior to closing a net 23 up at 180p. Kennedy before the firmed 2 to 205p with the Marrants4 up at 180p. Kennedy Brookes, while revived speculative Brookes, which recently launched at 455p. continued to react to at 455p. continued to react to at 455p. continued to react to at 455p. continued to react to at 455p. continued to react to at 455p. continued to react to at 455p. continued to react to at 455p. continued to react to at 455p. continued to react to at 455p. continued to react to at 455p. continued to react to at 455p. continued to react to at 455p. continued to react to at 455p. continued to react to at 455p. continued to react to at 455p. continued to react to at 455p. continued to react to at 455p. continued to react to at 45p. continued at 45pp. continued to react to at 45pp. continued to react to at 45pp. continued to react to at 45pp. continued to react to at 45pp. continued to react to at 45pp. continued to react to at 45pp. continued to react to at 45pp. continued to react to at 45pp. continued to react to at 45pp. continued to react to at 45pp. continued to react to at 45pp. continued to react to at 45pp. con

way Holdings in late 1978, added much-needed colour to a Property sector otherwise bereft of features. On the announcement, North British touched 155p—well above the previous high for the year of 124p—before settling a net 59 up at 152p. Sun Life eased 5 to 533p. Elsewhere, Thames Investment put on 5 to 62p following the resignation of a like amount to 428p and Carbon gave up a like up a like up a like U.S. oversupply of gas within about 18 months, and look forward. With caution of t

Edenspring met further profit-taking and reacted to 12p before closing a penny off at 13p. The leaders, a shade easier at first, picked up to close with small

Press-inspired overnight speculation that the West German concern Allianz was about to dispose of its near-30 per cent holding in Eagle Star and bid for Britannia Arrow found scant credence in early trading and BA closed at the overnight level of 95p. Matters were further complicated by the announcement that BA has disposed of its 10.26 per cent stake in London United Investments, 2 cheaper at 173p. Speculators showed revived interest in Eagle Star after the official close with the stars. the official close with the shares jumping to a 1983 peak of 483p before settling for a net gain of 19 at 483p after a reported denial of share sale intentions from Allianz. Elsewhere in Financials, Akroyd and Smithers advanced to to 373p with sentiment buywed. 10 to 375p with sentiment buoyed by news that Mercantile House s prepared to acquire a sizeable holding in Stock Exchange member firms if the current rules alter: A and S is generally regarded as a prime candidate.

Further support was forthcoming for BP issues, the new shares touching 212p before settling a net 4 up at 210p and the old shares also firming 4, to 440p, after 442p. Shell, however, shed that much, to 606p, on technical influences. Elsewhere, Burmah revived with a gain of 3 to 170p, while Tricentrol, down to 216p initially, picked up and ended 2 dearer on balance at 222p on revived rumours that a stake was being built up in preparawas being built up in prepara-tion for a bid. Irish exploration issues continued to rally, Atlantic Resources rising 25 to 470p and Eglington 5 to 230p. Business in Overseas Traders

again centred on Inchcape, which fell 18 for a two-day fall of 32 at 280p on the disappointing interim results
Among Plantations, Lawrie improved 10 to 615p after announcing a 35 per cent increase in preliminary profits.

Ouiet Mines

A much quieter mitting mar-et than of late showed a ket than of late showed a majority of small falls following a lack of interest in precious metals and another uninspiring performance by base-metals. Lack of interest prompted a general drift in South African Golds and related issues as bullion held around the \$413 an ounce level for most of the day prior to closing 75 cents up at \$413.375.

heavyweights ended with falls in the region of 1, as in winkelhaak, £301, while the cheaper-priced issues showed ERGO 11 off at 507p.

In South African financials, Gencor eased 1 to £17 and Anglovan a point to £40 but Gold Fields of South Africa hardened 1 to £82. De Beers held around 596p.

Weak base-metal markets, in particular copper, which fell to the south south for the process obtained for investments realised, and in lower prices obtained for investments realised, and in lower prices obtained for investments realised, and in lower prices obtained for investments realised, and in lower prices obtained for investments realised, and in lower prices obtained for investments realised, and in lower prices obtained for investments realised.

lative golds remained on offer and fælls of around 3 were com-mon to Alistate, 48p, Carr Boyd, S3p, Otter, 52p, Sons of Gwalla, 53p, and United Goldfields, 48p. Business in Traded Options re-mained uninspiring with 1,963 contracts done — much the same contracts done — much the same as the previous day. ICI attracted 253 calls with the October 460s again proving popular with 200 trades struck. Demand revived for Lonrho, with the November 100 calls attracting 376 trades and the November 110 puts accounting for 100. Today sees the introduction of four new classes—Bass, Hanson Trust, Tesco, and De Beers Deferred, the lastmentioned to be dealt in, in U.S. dollars.

OPTIONS

Last	Last	For
Deal-	Declara-	Settle-
	tion	ment
	Dec 22	Jan 3
	Dealings Oct 21 Nov 4 indicate Inform were ar Peck, Warrall De	Deal- Declara- ings tion

Australia, Centres Security Whitbread and Atlantic Resources. A put was done in Polly Peck, while doubles were arranged in Tozer Kemsley and Millbourn and BP.

ACTIVE STOCKS

Above everage activity was not

THE IDIIOMING BIOCKS AS	otoruey.	
•	Closing	Day's
Stock	price -	chenge
BAT Industries	149	+ 3
BSR International	150	+10
SP (partly paid)	210	+ 4
DRG	118	+ 1
Distriers	216	+ 6
Engle Star	483	+19
1C1	528	+ 4
Metal Box	252	+10
North Brit. Props	152	+59
Rank Organisation	180	+ 5
Shell Transport	606	<u> - 4</u>
Thorn EMI	502	+10
THEOMINE		

TUESDAY'S **ACTIVE STOCKS**

Based on barg		orded	in Stock
Exchange Offici	No. of	Tues.	Day's
Stock	changes	close	change
BTR	13	540	-12
Brengreen	13	100	بارة —
Dalgety	. 13	400	10
(ncheape		296	-14
1C(12	524	- 4
Britannia Arrow		95	+ 7
Inter-City Inv	- 11	77	– 3
Nth. Eng. Inds.		91	_ 42
RTZ		630	- 7
Unilever		820	+ 5
BP		436	– 2
Cbi. & W'less		437	-13
C. Gold Fields		573	- 4
GUS "A"	10	533	_

TR Energy lower

Lower pre-tax revenue

Lord Remnant, chairman of the group, which manages invest-ments in oil and gas industry, says the difficulties in the oil industry have been reflected in lower prices obtained for invest-ments realised, and in lower balance sheet values of the port-

balance sheet values of the post-folio.

Losses on realisations amounted to £432,000. and provisions against the balance sheet values of the portfolio have increased by £4.91m. He believes the com-pany can look forward, with cautious optimism, to the end of the HS oversupply of gas within

RECENT ISSUES

EQUITIES	•					_	
flaue price Amount cold un Catest Renuno, dele	1988 High; Low	Stock	Closing	+ or	Ret. Div.	Covered	Orosa Vield P.E.
7435 200 — 7200 F.P. 268 140 F.P. — 60 F.P. — 1172 F.P. 128 200 F.P. — 7125 F.P. 23 9	160 114 170	Brit. Petroleum	114 216 218 162 66 212 178 55 70 158 67 237 100 88	+4 -2 +1 -2 -4 +1 +1 +1 +1	b2.0 20.25 b2.0 b2.0 b3.7 b5.0 uQ2c u0.25 b4.8 u3.0 ud2.0 x0.015e b4.2	3.19 3.6 2.7 2.10 11.8 2.10 1.4 6.0	0.6 14.5 2.5 18.1 6.5 12.4 6.5 12.4 1.3 28.6 3.7 11.1 3.4 50.2 0.7 14.5 4.3 16.0 4.9 14.5 7.5 11.1

FIXED INTEREST STOCKS

ksuc price £		Iteel nund Jate	19	83	Stock	Glosing price &	+0
	₹ <u>ĕ</u>	72	High	Low		55	
4.4	F.P.	: —	129	102	Affied-Lyons 1152% Deb 2009	1024	1-3
96,95	£25 F.P.	25 11	1351	1051	Bristol 11 195 Red, 2008	105	_i_
100≥	F.P.	9.9	103p	1010	Ettbourne Wirworks121:ppcR.Deb.2004 HFKI 7: Red Chy Pref Fleming Am. Inv Tst 7: Chy Uns Ln 99	101;	
£100c	F.P.	30.9	1034p	1012	Fuller, Smith & Turner 8; 2nd Cm. Prf	10545	,
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98.579	1:25	318	98	9312	Oldham 1114, Red 2010 Rockware 7,7% Cum. Cnv. 2nd Pref. Trafford Park Est. 1154, 2007.11	964	
99.89s	F.P.	20/9	1295g 1025	103 4 951-p	Transport Dev 121-1 Uns Ln 2008 Watn'yM nn&Trum'n1241, Red.Deb.2008 Weir 101, Red Cum Prof	1031: 98:	, .l.
99,124,	#25 F.P.	25.10 23.9	28%	25½	Westland 125.7. Deb 2008 Yorks & Lancs Inv 13. 1. Deb 2005 York Waterworks 6.75pc Red.Pref 1888	201	- 14

"RIGHTS" OFFERS

	issue , price	Amount paid up	Rer d	test nunc. ate	19 Nigh		Stock	Closing price
	92 80 1259cts 48 65 48 20cts 40 53 35 440 317 50 200 201 11 120 95 510	Will Mile P.P. M	15/9	19/10 26:10 26:10 30/9 28/10 14/10 21/10 21/10 25/10	10pm 68pm 412pm 4834 55 813pm 89 10pm 52 3pm 10pm 75pm 75pm 89 10pm 137 89 113 89pm 143	124pm 9pm 42pmi 24pmi 24pmi 24pmi 601:21ppm 62pm 900 2pm 72 3pm 72 4pm 1114 4pm 1114 126	Anglo-Indonesian	15pm -2 10pm -6 63pm +6 4pm -1 465 -1 54 81: am -8 80pm -2 2pm -2 2pm -1 70pm -1 70pm -1 70pm -1 123: 4pm -1 123: 4pm +2 123:
	175 210 180	F.P. Nil F.P.	21/9	21/10	30pm 235	15pm 230	Unitech 10p	18pm + 5
ł	#U\$1.67	e alli	. –	_	reabu	oopm,	Weeks to mudal 106th	resbui'+s

Renunciation data usually last day for deating free of stamp duty. b Figures based on prospectus estimates. d Dividend rate paid or payable on part of oppiral: cover based on dividend on full capital. g Assumed dividend and yield. a Forecast dividend cover based on provious year's earnings. Folvidend and yield based on prospectus or other official estimates for 1983. H Dividend and yield based on prospectus or other official estimates for 1983. H Dividend and yield based on prospectus or other official estimates for 1983. H Dividend and yield based on prospectus or other official estimates for 1983. H Dividend part of cover allows for conversion of shares not now ranking for dividend or ranking only for restricted dividends. © Figures or roport awaited. § Piscing price. p Pence unless otherwise indicated. § Issued by trandor. I Official to holders of ordinary shares as a "rights." setsued by war of capitalisation. § Reintroduction. [] Issued to former preference holders. E Allotmant letters (or fully-peald). © Provisional or partly-peid ellotment letters. & With warrants. † Effective Issue price after scrip. † Formerly dealt in under special rule. 11 Dealt in under Rule 163 (3).

NEW HIGHS AND

LOWS FOR 1983 NEW HIGHS (23) COMWEALTH & AFRICAN LOAMS (1)
Australia Spc: '81-83
AMERICANS (2)
Brusswick Corp. Eston Corp.
CANADIANS (1)
Bank of Nova Scona
Bank (1) Bank of Somland ENGINEERING (2) FOODS (1)

Glass Glover Glass Gloter INDUSTRIALS (1)
Broken Hill Pros.
INSURANCE (1) Eagle Star Honda Motor Honda Motor
PAPER (2)
Soase Massimi Poli. DRG
PROPERTY (1) N. Beltish Props. SOUTH AFRICANS (1)

Toray Inds. NEW LOWS (24) BREWERS (1) Douglas (Robt, M.) H.A.T.

Mest Trade Sup.
INDUSTRIALS (10) FOODS (1) Seccham
Biddio
Blundell-Permoglaz.
Blundell-Permoglaz.
Crest Nichotson
Decastream
Jardine 645theson
PROPERTY (2)
PROPERTY (3)
Dev. TEXTILES (1)

115711155 (1)

OILS (1) Pailiser Internati.
PLANTATIONS (1)
Lawrie Plants.

RISES AND FALLS YESTERDAY

Corpns. Dom. & Foreign Bonds Industrials Financial & Props Oils Plantations Mines	8 182 75 19 2 21	4 331 132 43 1 75	60 867 313 49 18
		13	
Others	24	98	68
Totals	358	713	1,490

EUROPEAN OPTIONS EXCHANGE Vol. | Last | Vol. | Last | Vol. | Last | Stock

l ——	 :						·——
GOLD C	\$400: 10	1 21	: 10	i 37 i	_	. –	\$ 413.70
GOLD C	3425, 18		22	37	_	l —	
GOLD C	8450i —	.	5	1 11	4	20	, ,,
GOLD C	8600 1	0.80	i —	1 1	_	\ <u> </u>	
GOLD P	8375; —	· I —	11	! 4 [-	! -	. ,
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GOLD P	8 425 —	:	1	: 19B		. ~	1 ,,
i i		Dec.	M	uroh	Ju	ne .	
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SILV Č	\$13 —	.	20	0.56	_	I _	1
		Det.		un.	.Ar		
ABN C	F.380° 52 F.380° 80			15	1	25	F.370
ABN P AH C	F.880 80 F.170 45			17.50	_	: <u> </u>	F.180.70
AR G			44	10.50		: =	
LAN P	F.180 F.160:		44 65	1.40	4	2.60	. "
AKZO C	F.50 50		, ==	; ;		,	F.80.40
AKZO Č	F 65! 98	15.50	: 4	16.20	-		.,
AKZO C	F.70 82 F.80 187	10.30	· 19	13,50	68	15	
AKZO C	F,80 187	2	109	6,90	34	8,50	! ", -
AKZO C	F.9C, -	. ! !	: 60	2.70		!=	
AKZO P	F.80' 18	1.70	265	4,20	13	4.50	F.61.90
AMRO C	F.50 61	11.90	! -	1 – 1			F.61.90
AMRO C	F.60: 31 F.65: 51	3.50 0.90	32	3.50	47 15	4.2D	
AMRO C AMRO P	F.65, 51 F.65, 8		42	4.20	15	4.20	, I
	- -				_	. –	
HEIN C	F.110; 94 F.120 57		25	25,50	7		F.134.20
HEIN C	F.120 57 F.130 81	124.50	. 25 . 12	18,50	10	20.50 15.70	' " .
HEIN C	F.140' 43		34	11.50 6.90	30	10.50	. "
HEIN P	F.120: 101	1.80	3	1.50	11	2.80	. "
HOOG C	F.40.	0,50	. 26	2 2	îî	5,60	(F,35,80
HOOG P	F.35.	5 1	25	, 2 :	4i	3.03	
KLM C	F.140: 17	6.50 A	39 47	, 15 !	=		F.143
KLM C	F.150, 64	2,40	47	10 ;	_		
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Financial Times Thursday September 29 1963

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"Tap" Stock.

Hights and Lows starked thus have been adjusted to allow for rights issues for cach.

I interim shore increased or resumed.

Interim shore reduced, passed or deferred.

Principal and interest star-free to non-residents on application.

Figures or report available.

What officially UK Listed; dealings permitted under Rule 163(4)(A).

USM; not listed on Stock Exchange and company not subjected to same degree of regulation as libed inscartises.

Dealt in entire Rule 163(3).

Price at time of suspension.

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Cover allows for conversion of shares not now ranking for dividend or ranking only for restricted dividend.

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Authorised Units—continued

Offshore and Overseas—continued

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LONDON MARKETS

LONDON FINANCIAL COMMUNITY EXPECTS TRANSFORMATION

Mercantile on acquisition path

BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF IN NEW YORK AND LONDON

MERCANTILE House Holdings, changes taking place in the London clined to look at the accepting expec nancial services group with head- form the way business is done not ment banks in London." quarters in London, is considering the possibility of acquiring one of the leading London stockbrokers. financial community. At this min- those. We will acquire one or one mum commissions are abandoned

J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co Ltd
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Target Trust Mingrs (Jersey) Ltd
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Tyndalf-Guardian Minagement Ltd
PO Box 1256. Hamilton, Bermuda.
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T-G Com \$19.90
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Insurances—continued

ker and financial services group,
has also been considering taking an
equity stake in a stockbroking or
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to move quickly, we will know
that for these firms would be most

The British Government's insisker and financial services group, ers may only buy up to a 29.9 per which of those firms would be cent stake in member firms within suitable to fit in with ours."

only on the stock exchange in London but also throughout the London doubt that we will link with one of may be short of capital ence mini-

the fast growing international fi- stock market would "totally trans- houses, merchant banks and invest- rationalisation within the stockbro-

against retail business and we are most certainly stimulate other in organisation.

cent stake in member firms within the market.

As part of Mercantile House's dons rules that the stock exchange abanther in November, but, so far no firm of minimum commission scales on fers have been made to star anacurity analysts in New York that

He british toteriments thus there will be stock exchange abanther in November, but, so far no firm of minimum commission scales on fers have been made to star anacurity analysts in New York that

London market, he said: "We are in-

Mercantile House's moves will al- seeking research analysts to join its

Some 39 analysts out of 40 inter-viewed at London's Churchill Hotel last week have told "bead hunters"

'Banking system must adapt'

BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF IN LONDON

AS THE banking system evolves in- tain strict barriers between differthe longer they delay, the worse the problems become.

That was the conclusion of a banks and building societies, both meeting of banking officials from 11 industrial countries held in May by the Bank of England to discuss the innovations that are sweeping through the financial services industry.

Increased competition between banks and other institutions, computerisation, and the declining role of cash all play a role in the process.

The findings are summarised in the latest Bank of England Quarterly Bulletin, which is to be published tomorrow. Advance copies were made available to the press yesterday. The meeting found that it was

"futile" for regulators to try to re-

"No one definition of a bank or of to high-technology financial supermarkets, regulators of the banking because they can be easily avoided banking would avoid all the border-because they can be easily avoided banking would avoid all the border-because they can be easily avoided criteria in terms of deposit-taking In the UK that would apply to

> of which now offer mortgages and visory framework." cheque books. But similar convergence is occurring in other countries, notably the U.S. cause it upsets money-supply defin-

But the meeting agreed on the need to retain a formal structure of regulation because financial innovation also carries risks, notably: Excessive competition;

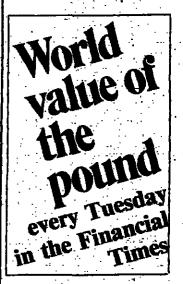
type, and concentrate instead on

the blurring of distinctions between ficient to encompass institutions which should fall within the super-

> itions and makes the aggregates less sensitive to small changes in interest rates. But those problems might be transitional; the meeting

One of the most important tasks More volatile interest rates, and;
 The operating risks linked to the financial system's high dependence on computers.
 One of the most important again facing supervisors is to ensure that banks' capital resources are strong enough to cope with change, especially since the capital ratios of However, supervisors should banks in most countries have de-shift from regulating institutions by clined steadily for some years.

Editorial comment. Page 16



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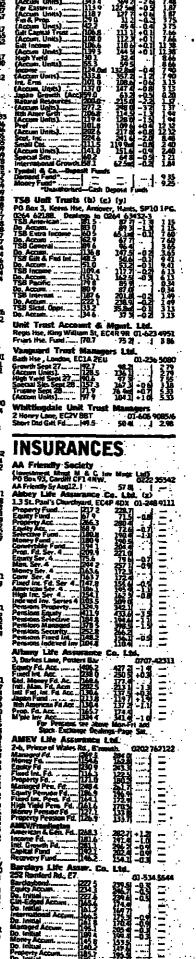
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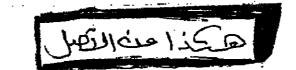
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General decline in metal prices

BY JOHN EDWARDS, COMMODITIES EDITOR

METAL prices came under re- sumer demand. newed pressure on the London But the copper mine strikes in Peru and Mexico, and indito eight-month lows triggering nervous selling in other

Higher grade cash copper dropped to a low of £1,003 before closing at £1,007 a tonne, £8 down on the previous day. Cash aluminium lost £13 to £1,064.5; cash zinc £10.5 to £542; cash lead £7 to £281.5; cash nickel £70 to £3,112.5 and cash tin £67.5 to £8,517.5 a

No-one is quite certain why the markets have suddenly come under pressure. Sentiment in copper has been undermined in recent weeks by rising stocks and apparently poor con-

cations of a downward trend in U.S. interest rates this week. should have been bullis. In stead, the market has been hit by a sudden burst of speculative selling. Some tradeus suggest this was nervous reaction to reports of financial problems troubling some commission houses. This nervousness has been transferred to the other markets, encouraging specula-tive selling and profit-taking. In the tin market, the selling pressure was such that the buffer stock of the International Tin Council temporarily with-drew from the market yesterday

before resuming support buying at a lower level.

New LME silver futures contract to be launched

BY OUR COMMODITIES EDITOR

of 2,000 ounces is to be launched on the London Metal Exchange. London Gold Futures market Trading in the new contract will announced yesterday that he start on November 1, with February 1 as the first delivery

The exchange announced in take effect from Monday. Offi-The exchange announced in March that it was considering changing the lot size on the existing silver futures contract from 10,000 to 2,000 ounces. But there have been problems in deciding how to phase out existing open contracts. So the 10,000 ounces contract will presumably continue until it is superseded by the new contract. It is claimed that the smaller minimum lot size will help tract. Delivery months quoted on tract. Delivery months quoted to coincide more closely with the New York (Comex) contract will be February, April, June, and carry transactions, and trade hedging, encourage cash will be February, April, June, and carry transactions, and August, October and December, bring the value of the contract including a spot month.

A NEW SILVER futures con- closer into line with the other

Block set to announce feed grain programme

U.S. AFRICULTURE Secretary John Block is to announce today or tomorrow next year's feed grain programme following a compromise with Congress by which he agreed to make the announcement by September 30.

He declined to comment on specific provisions, but trade and Adminstration sources said recent talks centred on a 10 or 15 per cent voluntary acreage reduction programme. U.S. net farm income for this year would be "at the top end" of the \$25-\$19bn (official) range, Mr Block

● LONDON potato futures April position jumped nearly £20 to £216 per tonne following news that the West German crop estimate is down to 5.5m tonnes from the 6m expected. • Tanzanian forest fire, is believed to have destroyed more than 1,000 hectares of plantations meant to feed a major new paper mill, the Government-owned Daily News said. The fire, which is still raging, threatens a further 30,000 hectaria.

• CHINA expects a re prd grain harvest this year in spite of widespread flood, drought and other natural disasters, Radio Peking said. Last year's crop was a record 353.4m

• INTERNATIONAL Finance Corporation said it would provide equity investment of \$11m to help finance a \$44.1m Philippine palm oil project, which includes construction of roads, port facilities and a mill to process 95,000 tonnes of barrels 2 years.

wernels a year.

■ U.S. MEAT imports this year should total 1.23m lb, 1m lb below the 1983 trigger level that would result in import quotas, the U.S. Agricultura Depart-ment said.

Consensus unlikely on sugar pact

BY ANTHONY McDERMOTT IN GENEVA

for a new international agreement to emerge when the three-week negotiations end on price for joining any agree-friday. impose tough conditions as the price for joining any agree-ment, is also at loggerheads

Miracles could happen but an official of the UN Conference on Trade and Development (Unctad) admitted that several major problems had still to be resolved

6m tonnes of security stocks ments—in particular the Cuban held off the market by major sugar deal with the Soviet held off the market by major sugar exporters for release only Union. when prices rise to agreed levels. The other nine major

The EEC, which is seeking to

with Australia over the question of export allocations. It wants them to be calculated on the basis of quantities available, while Australia favours alloca-tions based on market demand. The main dispute centres on A further problem to be later talks, how surplus stocks should be resolved is the special trade handled. The EEC wants 5m-arrangements between governments. We writes: We writes:

arrangements between governments—in particular the Cuban sugar deal with the Soviet terminal market yesterday. The London daily price for raw for the England of the Expiration of the October Sugar rose a further £7 to £157 delivery position on the New York market without the extremely reluctant to con- a tonne making a gain in the York market without tribute to financing surplus past two days of £16.50. On expected flood of supplies.

THE SUGAR conference here plus stocks to be taken off the is almost certainly not going to market only when prices fall to the U.S. even though it is gains of some £6 with prices broadly in favour of negotiating closing near their highs of the

a new agreement to replace the present pact, which expires at the end of next year.

The most likely conclusion of the Geneva meeting is an agree—

The damy in two the details at the likely agreement to replace the day.

There was little reaction to news from Brussels that at this week's selling tender the EEC Commission authorised exports ment that negotiations will have of 60,000 tonnes of white of 60,000 tonnes of white february. There may be preliminary talks in December to try to clear the way for later talks.

Commission authorised exports of 60,000 tonnes of white export rebate of 29,07 European currency units per 100 kilos. The rebate granted was below the 30,512 units given last week when care at 4,800 tonnes. Our Commodities Editor when exports of 40.800 tonnes writes: World sugar prices were authorised. The recent

U.S. challenges Taiwan over rice exports

ATTEMPTS TO settle a dispute would not include contracts. The Government buys a portion declined in the same period between the U.S. and Taiwan carried over from last year with over rice exports have the sale of an additional 300,600 foundered, and the conflict tonnes. The two sides were also could engulf other products, creating a wider trade battle. U.S. rice producers, faced with a drastic decline in their market share this year, are preparing to re-submit a complaint today to the U.S. Trade Representative's office. They claim they are being forced out of their traditional markets by Trade Representative's office, They claim they are being forced out of their traditional markets by Trade Representative's office, which follows the sales name

subsidised, cheap, Taiwanesa rice exports. A complaint, filed originally on July 13 was withdrawn at the end of August when the Taiwanese Government agreed to limit rice exports to 550,000 tonnes this year and to enternegotiations for a multi-year bilateral aggreement to lower Taiwanese exports still further. Talwanese exports still further,
However, talks held on July
20 and 22 falled to produce
agreement. Taiwan, according
to U.S. negotiators, informed
the Americans that their 550,000

tonnes. The two sides were also far apart on the proposed Taiwanese market share, which the U.S. wanted set at 50,000 cally, and Thailand has traditionnes annually. The Taiwanese

which follows the sales nego-tiations closely, is likely to

that they may respond with action against U.S. exports of maize and soya beans to Taiwan.
The current Taiwanese rice
programme, instituted in 1980. the Americans that their 550,000 guarantees farmers a 20 per tonnes exports limit this year cent profit on their investments.

of their crop and sells it on the world market at lower

tionally been the leading rice exporter in the 12.5m tonne world market. Taiwan was insignificant as a rice exporter until 1980. It began making large sales to Indonesia in 1977, but its exports to exporter the rich property of the proper but its exports to other mar-

tonnes between 1974-1980.

By 1982 and 1983, its customers included Indonesia, Cameroon, Ivory Coast, Syria, Libya and Hong Kong.

Taiwan has edged the U.S. out of these markets by under-cutting their prices, according to the American Rice Millers Association which filed the trade complaint. The group alleges that Taiwan began dumping its surpluses in 1977 and from then until 1982 dumped 1.45m tonnes. U.S. rice

exports to Indonesia rapidly

from nearly 400,000 tonnes to 2,500 tonnes.

The millers lodged the complaint fearing that the 850,000 tonne Taiwanese surplus overhanging the market would
lower world prices and cost the
U.S. Government millions in
deficiency payments given to
American farmers. The payment-in-kind programme this
year has cut U.S. rice production to its lowest in three years.
However stocks were at record However, stocks were at record levels, so even with a 33 per cent cut in production, the Department of Agriculture expects to have surpluses amounting to 30m cwt by July 31 next year.

Politics reportedly hindered the negotiations. The Taiwanese elections are scheduled for December, and the negotiating team, led by Mr Vincent Siew, Director-General of the Board of Foreign Trade, implied that it wanted the Issue defeared until after the elections,

Coffee prices surge following NY gains

By John Edwards

COFEE prices surged to the to the highest levels since March on the London robusts futures market yesterday. The November posi-tion jumped by \$41.5 to £1.795.5 a tonge to reach a life of contract bigh. Traders said London was following an upward trend in New York, which had been accelerated by prices break-ing through chart buying points and bringing in heavy speculative buying. The fundamental supply-demand situation remains unchanged with heavy surplus stocks building up. But there is a shortage of immediately available supplies to the market, mainly because of the export quota restrictions On the London futures

market, for example, the nearby delivery months quoted are at a considerable quoted are at a considerable premium to more distant positions. The spot (September) mouth is at £1,312.5 compared with £1,642 for September next year. It is generally accepted in the market that there should be little difficulty in finallying details of the Inter-

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Market

IT LON

ing details of the Inter-national Coffee Agreement for the 1982/84 season by the time the talks in London end A new working group to study coffee trading between member and non-member countries of the Coffee Agreement was planned yesterday. It is felt stronger was planned measures to coatrol coafee sales to non-member coun-tries may be linked with a deal between consumers and producers on the global quota and price range set under the agreement the agreement.

PRICE CHANGES

BRITISH COMMODITY MARKETS

PRICE CHANGE	•	BRITISH CUMMI
in tonnes unless stated 1985 + or Month ago	Sept. 28 + or Month 1963 - Month	BASE METALS BASE-METAL PRICES came under renewed pressure on the London Metal
Metais Aluminium	Oils Coconut (Phil) 8945y +7.5 8945 Groundnut : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Exchange. ZIMC values fell sharply in the weke of rumoured Jepanese selling which lowered the price from an opening toyal of 1558 to 1558 before a close of 1559.5. COPPER dropped to a low of £1,029 but railled to end the day at £1,034 white reports of far eastern selling depressed TIM to £8,585, before buffer stock support burney prompted a closing level of
Load Cash £281.5 -7 £284.26 5monthy £391.5 -7.25 £273.876 Nickel £4646.34 £4625.35 Free mkt 220/250c 222/252c Palladium \$151.75 +0.25 \$146.50 Platinum £285.20 +0.05 £291.70 Quickeliver; \$305/215 \$280/230	Grains Barley Fut. Jan £121.65	COPPER Official + or p.m. + or Unofficial -t
Silver troy oz 794.20p + 1.1 2 803.35p a mths 812.55p + 1.15 822.00p Tin cash	Cocca ship"t" 21507.5 -2.5 F1568.5 Ftt. Dec £1474.5 -9 £1524.5 Coffee Ft. Nov 1795.5 +42.5£1714.5 Cotton A. Index 97.30c	High Grde £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ 6 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
Woffem 22.94 ib 1879/83	‡ Unquoted. z Aug-Sept. w Nov. u Dec. y Sept-Oct. x Oct-Nev. v Oct. † Per 18 b flask. "Ghana cocoa. n Nominal.	Settlem't: 980 25.5 - 473.5-7 Amalgamated Metal Trading reported that in the morning cash Higher Grade traded at £1004.00, 03.50, 03.00, three
LONDON OIL SPOT PRICES	GAS OIL FUTURES Prices fell again following bearish API stock figures. Continued trade selling put a stop to any raily and the market closed near the lows, reports Pramier Man.	months £1033.00, 32.00, 31.00, 30.00, 30.50, 30.50, Cathodos: Three months £1004.00, Kerb: Higher Grade: Three months £1030.00, 29.00, 28.00, 29.00, 28.50, Afternoon: Higher Grade: Three months £1028.00, 28.50, 29.00, 33.50, 33.00, 33.50, 34.00, Cathodos: Three months £1007.00, Kerb: Higher Grade: Three months £1007.00, Kerb: Higher Grade:
Latest + or —	Month Yest'day's - or Business	Three months £1033.00, 32.50, 32.00,

	market clos Premier Ma	ed near t	he low	s, repo
Latest + or —	Month	Yest'day's	+0	Busine Done
CRUDE OIL-FOB (5 per barrel)		\$ U.S.		
Arabian Light	_	per tonne		
Arabias Name 25.55	Sept			249,75-48
North Sea Fortles 29.95 -0.17	Nov	252.00 256.75	—1.50	258,00-51 258,00-58
morth Soa (Brent);50,00-50,15 0,1/	Dec		-1.75	262.50-56
AfricaniBonny Li'hti-30.30-30,55 +0.06	Jan	260,50		252,00 60
	Feb	256.50	-0.58	259.80-57
PRODUCTS North West Europe	Mar			251.25-51
CIF 15 per tonne	April May		-0.63	249,25-48
Promium gasofine282.286 —0.5 Gas oil		2,314 (2,3		
Heavy fuel oil	tonnes.	مرعا حاديد	.,, r	143 PI 1

GOLD MARKETS Gold rose \$1 an ounce from Tuesday's close in the London

Tuesday's close in the London bullion market yesterday to finish at \$413-\$413\. The metal opened at \$414-\$414\. and traded between a high of \$414\. \$415\. and a low of \$412\. \$413\. The day's lows were touched soon after the opening of New York, with the market showing a with the market showing a distinct lack of follow through to the earlier firmer trend with dealers suggesting a certain reluctance to move much either side of current trading bands. In Paris the 123 kHo bar was fixed at FFr 107,100 per kilo (\$415.81 per ounce) in the afternoon compared with FFr 107,000 (\$415.35) in the morning and FFr 107.350 (\$414.92) on Tuesday afternoon.
In Frankfurt the 121 kilo bar was fixed at DM 35,190 per kilo

(\$415.00 per ounce) against DM 35,350 (\$414.25) previously and closed at \$413; \$413; from \$412-\$412}. In Luxembourg the dollar equivalent of the 121 kilo bar was fixed at \$414.0 from \$413.50 In Zurich gold finished at \$412-\$415 from \$411-\$414.

LONDON FUTURES Yest'rday's +or Susines close - Done 413.40-15.0-0.95 415.00-15.6 416.00-19.9-4.25 419.70-19.4-0.20 421.75-19.5 423.10-24.2-4.06 423.10-24.2-4.06 423.00-31.5-0.50 420.40 433.00-35.5-0.50 430.00

Turnover: 434 (645) lets of 100 tro

		Sept. 28		Se	pt_ 37
Opening Morning fit		11534 (£275 11434 (£275 (£276	(fine ounge) 13-276(34121 14-276(4) 84133 184(5413) 1788) [442]	4.4141g	(£27514-2753 ₄) (£27514-2751 ₄) (£275,795) (£275,164)
1,10 Krug Mapieleaf	\$4251; 4261; \$2191; 2204 \$112 1124 \$451; 4614 \$4251; 42614 \$4251; 42614 \$971; 98	(£1461g-1463 ₄) (£743 ₄ -751 ₄₁ (£301 ₄ -803 ₄)	King Sov	\$99 100 \$813 83 \$505-50 \$405 40	4 (\$66.67) 14 (\$66.67) 14 (\$66.67) 14:25414 5514) 7 (\$2364.386) 9 (\$270.27214) 5 (\$40014.408)

EUROPEAN MARKETS

ROTTERDAM, Soptember 28.

Wheat—(U.S.\$ per tonne): U.S. Two
Red Winter Oct 155, Nov 159, Dec
162.26, Jan 165.50. U.S. Northem
Spring 14 per cent protein Oct 185.25,
Oct 20-Nov 20 188.25, Nov 186.50, Nov
15-Doc 16 188, Dec 189, April-May 188.
U.S. Three Amber Durum Sept 15-Oct
15 210, Oct 209, Nov 211.50, Nov 20Dec 20 214, April-May 218. Canadian
Wastern Spring Sopt 10-Oct 10 207,
Maiza (U.S.\$ per tonne): U.S. Three
Yellow Sept 163, Oct 160.50, Nov
160.50, Dec 160.75, Jan-March 163.50,
Appil-Juna 166.50. Argentine mid-Octmid-Nov 167 gelfers. April June 165.50. Argumana mag-wa-mid-Nov 167 softers. Soyabeane—(U.S \$ per tonne): Two Yellow Gulfports Oct 346.50, Nov 347, Dec 351.50, Jan 356.25, Fab 360, March 363.25, April 363.25, May 363.50 sellors.

Argentine, affoat 338 sellers.

Soyamest—U.S.5 per tonne): 44 per cent, affoat 270, Sept 270, Oct 271, Nov 275, Dec 279, Nov-March 282.50 sellers. After Sept 289.25, Oct 270, Nov-March 282-282.50 traded. Pellets Brazil, affoat 283, Sept 288, Oct 292, Nov 302. Dec 308 sellers. Pellets Argenbra, affoat 275, Sopt 276, Oct Nov 290, Oct 283 sellers.

Sugar—(FFr per tonne): Dec 2180-2168, Mer 270-2373, May 2480-2484, Aug 2576-2590, Oct 2630-2690, Dec 2685-2700. Sales et call: 2.

PARIS, September 28.

Cocae—(FFr per 100 kg): Sept 1650-1760, Dec 1763.50-1766. Mar 1780-1784, May 1818 saled, July 1840 asked, Sept 1875 asked, Dec 1830 asked. Sales at call; 1.

BASE-METAL PRICES came newed pressure on the London

Three months i 32.50. 33.00, 33 21,725 tonnes.

Tin—Morning: Standard: Cesh (2830, 32, 30, 25, three months £8640, 30, 20, 15, 10, 15, 17, 15, 10, 05, 01. Higher Grade: Cesh (28530, Kerb: Standard: Three months (2850, 05, 8800, 8580, 90, 8600. Afternoon: Standard: Three months (2867, 89, 90, 94, 90, 95, 800, Korb: Standard: Three months (28600, 8595, 8590. Turnover 3,940 tonnas.

TIN

e. ZINC values fell sharply wake of rumoured Japanese	NICKEL	a.m. Official	+ or -	p.m. Unofficial		
which lowered the price from ning level of £558 to £558 a close of £559.5, COPPER to a low of £1,029 but railied	Spot 3 months	3135-15 3200-30	-74 -70,5	3110-5 8220-5		
the day at E1,034 while reports asstern selling depressed TIN 5, before buffer stock support prompted a closing level of	* Cents per pound. † MS per † On cravinus modiciel close. Nickel—Morning: Three m £3220, 25, 20, 16, 19, 25. Kerb: months £3220, 15. Afternoon:					
PER	months (80, 75, 9	3215, 10, 0, 85, 80,	05. 75, 8	3200, 3195 0, 90, 95, 5. Kerb:		

Metal Trading reported ning cash Higher Grade	11.92).					
.00, 03.50, 03.00, three 0, 32.00, 31.00, 30.00, des: Three months : Higher Grade; Three 0, 29.00, 28.00, 29.00, no: Higher Grade; Three 0, 28.50, 29.00, 33.50, .00. Cathodes; Three 10. Kerb; Higher Grade; 10033.00, 32.50, 32.00,	SILVER per troy ez.	Bullion fixing price	I — 1	LM.E. p.m. Uhoffic		
	Spot	812.66p 831,85p	;+1.16 ;+1.85	812.75p		
	LME—To oz. Mornin 813.0, 13.5 812.0, 13.0 11.0.	5. After	795.0, 10011:	Three m		

commission house and trade selling Chart selling and liquidation weakene prices further before short-coverin helted the decline. Arbitrage an trade buying and a steadier influenc from New York helped prices recove by the close. Actuals remained quite reports Gill and Duffus.				
ines				
one				
io-2				
10-2 19-4				
9.4				
1.5				
)2-7 10-8				

COFFEE

Cash...... 540.5-1 -9 541.5-2.5 -18.5 3 months 556.5-7 -5.12 557..5 -11.2 Settlem't; 541 -9 -46-.75 46.75 Zinc—Morning: Three months £561.00, 60.50. 60.00, 59.00, 58.00, 57.00, 56.50. 57.00. Kerb: Three months £557.00, Afternoon: Three months £555.00, 56.00, 58.00, 57.00, 57.50, 58.00, 57.00, 57.50, 58.00, 57.50, 58.00, 57.00, 57.50, 58.00, 57.50, 58.00, 57.00, 57.50, 58.00, 57.50, 58.00, 57.50, 58.00, 57.50, 58.00, 57.00, 58.50, 58. GRAINS

ALUMINIUM

ZINC

(Juminim	a.m, Official	+ or 	p.m. Unoffici	1 + 0 u! -1
pot months	1061-2 10906	29 -30,5	£ 1064—5 1093—,5	£ ~13 ~18,6
1083.00, 90 00, 91, Three rus 86.00, 85, Afternoor 87.50, 88, 89.00, 88 33.00, 9	um Mem \$2.50, 9 60, 90.50, anths C10 60, 86 00, 6: Three 60, 88.50, 50. 90.00, 31.50, 93 1094, 93.5, 92, 93.	3.00, 90.00, 88.00, 87.00 mor 89.00 91.00	92.00, , 90.50, 88.00,), 87.50, ths £10), 90.00,), 92.00, Karb: 2. 91. 91	91.00, Kerb: 87.00, 88.00, 987.00, 89.50, 92.50, Three 5, 92,

NICKEL .	a.m. Official	+ or	p.m. Unofficial	+ or -1
Spot 3 months	3135-16 3200-30	—74 -70,5	3110-5 8220-5	—70 —82
1 On eran Nickel- £3220, 25 months : months : 80, 75, 9 3195, 96, months £ 80, Turn	Morning: . 20. 15, 23220, 15, 23215, 10, 0, 85, 80, 95, 98, 32 3200, 05, over 3,744	Telai 19, 21 05, 31 75, 8 300, 0	hree me 5. Kerb; 5 termoon; 3200, 3195 0, 90, 95, 5 5. Kerb; 7 80, 70, 80	onths Three Three i, 98, 3200, Three
eli Vi	FD -			

higher for bullion on U.S. equil were: spo \$12.184, up 2.7c; a The metal 11.95) and 11.92).	was fixe spot del narket ye ivalents (t \$11.905, up 2.5c: nd 12-moi opened d closed	ivery isterd of the up 3 six-m of \$1 at 794 at 794	in the L ay at 7 a fixing lc; three- nonth \$1 (3.056, up 4-796p (\$ 3-795p (\$	ondo 94.2; leve mont 2.48 11.8; 11.9;
SILVER per troy oz.	Bullion fixing orice	+ or	LM.E. p.m. Uhoffic'	+ 4

and eased commission Chart sellin prices furn helted the trade buyin from New by the clos	in nervous in nervous i house and ig and liquid ther before decline. ig and a st York helped ie. Actuals and Duffus	condi trade lation s short Arbut Arbut adier prices	tions sellin sellin wesken coverl ege a influen s recov
COCOA	Yesterday's Close	+ or	Busine
Sept	Epertonne 1435.50	1	1430-1 1489-

COFFEE

Cash. 279-80 -7.75 281-2 -7.25 5 months 289-90 -8 291-2 -7.25 Settlem't 280 -25 -- 22-5 Lasd—Morning: Cash £280.50, 80.00, 79.00, three months £232.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$4.00, \$3.50, \$3.00, \$2.50, \$2.50, \$1.00, \$9.00, \$0.00, \$0.00, \$0.00, \$0.00, \$0.00, \$1.00, \$0.00, \$1.00, \$0.00, \$1.00, \$0.00, \$1.00, \$0.00, \$1.00, \$0.00, \$1.00, \$0.00, \$1.00, \$0.00, \$1.00, \$0.00, \$1.00, \$0.00, \$1.00, \$0.00, \$

p.m. + o Unofficial	33.30. Sales: Burley: Nov 1 21.60, Mar 1 26.35. Sales:
£ £ £ 1064 5 ~13	WHEAT
5 1093~,5 -18,6	Month Yestrday
Three months 2, 92,00, 91.00, 00, 90.50, Kerb: 10, 88,00, 87.00,	Nov., 122,00 Jan., 124,95 Mar., 127,55 May 130,45
.00, 87.50, 88.00. onths £1087.00, .00, 90.00, 89.50, .00, 92.00, 92.50.	July 188,60
Karb: Three 92, 91, 91.5, 92,	prices. Feed N East 121.60,

NICKEL

KEL	a.m. Official	+ or	p.m. Unofficial	+ or -1	une
ot nonths	3135-16 3200-30	-74 -70,5	3110-5 8220-5	—70 —62	Con trai fee
Nickel 220, 25 onths	vines enci Morning: i, 20, 15, £3220, 15.	19, 2	hree mo 5. Kerb; 1 ternoon; 1	nths hree hree	Sep Free Eas Jan Unq
onths f , 75, 96 95, 96, Inths £	53215, 10, 0, 85, 80, 95, 98, 32	05. 75, 8 200, 0 3190,	3200, 3195, 0, 90, 95, 3 5. Kerb: T 80, 70, 80,	, 98, 3200, hrae	P

Silver was fixed 1.2p an ounce appear for spot delivery in the London ullion merket yesterday at 794.2p. S. equivalents of the fixing levels rere: spot \$11.805, up 3c; three-month \$12.484, up 2.5c; six-month \$12.484, p 2.7c; and 12-month \$13.056, up 1.6c, he metal opened at 794.798p (\$11.91-1.95) and closed at 783.795p (\$11.88-1.92).	
	Ü

10,000

COCOA

and eased commission Chart sellin prices furthelted the trade buying from New by the close reports Gill	at opened with nervous at house and liquid her before decline, g and a sty york helped e. Actuals and Duffus	condition to short Arbitrosadier prices	tions sellin weaken coverl ege a influen s recov
COCOA	Yesterday's Close	+ or	Busine
	Epertonna	_	Done

Sales: 5,431 (3,029) lots of 10

Sales: 5,451 (5,062) For Sept 28: 1CO—Indicator prices (U.S. cente per pound): Daily price for Sept 28: 97.39 (97.06): five-day average for Sept 29: 98.49 (99.10).

After a strong New York close, Robustas opened steedier and advanced gradually throughout an active morning season reports Drexel Burnham Lambert. Further gains in New York were metched by London as new contract highs were posted in all months.

Sales: 4.291 (1.453) lots of 5 tonnes. ICO indicator prices (U.S. cents per pound) for September 27: Comp daily 1878 127.60 (127.82): 15-day average 126.83 (126.74),

Wheat and barley markets were extremely thin with values in a tight range finding shipper support at cover levels, reports Murpace.

Business done—Wheat Nov 122.10-21.65. Jan 125.10-24.75. Mar 127.55-27.25. May 130.50-30.00. July 133.60-33.30. Sales: 196 lots of 100 tonnes. Burley: Nov 119.05-18.70, Jan 121.80-21.60, Mar 124.45-24.35, May 126.50-26.35. Sales: 87 lots of 100 tonness.

BARLEY +0.20 118.80 -0.20 191.55 +0.30 134.35 +0.30 126.40 +0.35 -0,05 ational ex-farm spot d wheat E Mids 120.00. J. Scotland 120.00. Feed ds 115.10, N East 114.80,

nchanged.

LONDON GRAINS—Wheat: U.S. Dark priner Spring No 1 14 per cent ct 134.50, Nov 135.50, Dec 137.25 ens shipment East Coast. English ed fob Sept 124 pard East Coast, apt 123.50 seller East Coast. Maize: ench Oct 145, Nov 147 trans shipment est Coast. Barley: English feed fob m-Mar 128 East Coast Scotland. Rest iquoted.

OTATOES

The market was very steady, trading through limit-up during morning session and recording up to £24.00 gains before profit-taking eased levels back, stabilising around £18.00.£20.00 higher, closing steady. The rise was attributed in part to the West German crop estimate at 5.5m tonnes against expectations of 8m.

Yestday's Previous Busines Month close close Done

Nov..... 151.00 \$ 143.50 | 151.80-45.5 | 169.80 | 185.80-77.8 | 169.80 | 185.80-77.8 | 169.80 | 185.80-77.8 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 169.80 | 1 Turnover: 1,926 (951) lots of 40 tonnes.

RUBBER The physical market opened steadler, attracted little interest throughout the day and closed quiet, reported Lewis and Pest. The Kuala Lumpur September fob price for RSS No 1 was 251.20 (253.50) cents a kg and for SMR20 210.50 (212.50).

Yest day's Previous Business close close Done

Sales: 145 (262) lots of 15 tonnes. 38 (31) lots of 5 tonnes. Physical closing prices (buyers) were: Spot 74.75p (73.75p); Nov 76.75p (76.25p); Dec 77.25 (76.75p). SOYABEAN MEAL The market opened £2.50 up on fresh buying, rapons T. G. Reddick. Prices continued to advence on stronger cash markets and trade buying to close with gains of £4.50.

Der tonne 182,00-53,56, +4,20 185,00-78 00 189,00-94,64 +4,70 180,00-85,50 189,00-94,66 +4,10 186,20 199,10-86,80 +3,40 195,15-95,03 +4,25 195,56-95,00 +4,00 185,00-99,00 +0,95;

Sales: 236 (564) lots of 100 tonnes. SUGAR LONDON DAILY PRICE—Raw sugar £157.00 (£150.00) a tonne for Sept-Oct-Nov shipment. White sugar £173.50 (£189.50)

Previous Business close done Oct 184,75 158,76-88.25 165,00-98.50 Dec 175,56-74,00 188.90 176,50-88.50 Mar 1185,00 179,50 185,00-78.50 May 180.00 184,75-85,00 199,25-85,25

Sates: 8,107 (4,700) 1002 tonnes.

Tate and Lyle delivery price for granulated basis sugar was £267.00 (£251.50) a tonne for exports.

International Sugar Agreement (U.S. cants per ports. Prices for Sept 27: Deily price 9.25 (8.71); 15-day average 9.25 (9.29). COTTON

LIVERPOOL—Spot and shipment sales amounted to 40 tonnes. Fresh dealings were light, and only minor purchases ensued. Most of these were in American type varieties, but occessional demand was evident in their growths without extensive contra-WOOL FUTURES LONDON NEW ZEALAND CROSS-BREDS-Close (in order: buyor, seller,

business), New Zaaland cents per kg.
Oct 423, 426, 424-423; Dec 421, 422,
421-420; Jan 421, 422, 421-420; Mar
428, 430, 428-427; May 438, 442, 439,
437; Aug 449, 451, 450-448; Oct 448,
452, 450; Dec 457, 450, untraded; Jan
456, 462, untraded; Mar 469, 472 470.
Sales: 48.
SYDNEY GREASY WOOL—Close (In
order: buyer, seller, business),
547.5, 547.0-546.1; Dec 565.0, 568.0,
557.0-585.0; Mar 583.5, 584.0, 584.0,
583.0; May 588.0, 600.0, untraded; July
610.0, 612.0, 610.0-610.0; Oct 566.0,
608.0, untraded: Dec 612.0, 616.0,
614.0-614.0; Mar 622.0, 625.0, untraded.
Sales: 66.

INDICES FINANCIAL TIMES

Sent. 27 Sept. 25 M'th ago Y'ar ago

290.16 291.16 292.19 261.84 REUTERS Sept 28|Sept. 27,M'th ago |Y'ar ago 1886.5 1887.5 1911.2 1606.3

MOODY'S Sept. 27 Sept. 28 M'th ago | Yearago 1058.6 1059.5 1082.8 986.7 (Base: December 31 1974=100) DOW JONES Jones 27 | Sept Month Year 36 | ago ago

Spot |142.72 |149.25 |145.12 |124.39 Fut's |149.86 |149.93 |151.21 |151.90

(December 31 1931-100)

MEAT/FISH

MEAT/FISH

SMITHFIELD—Pence per pound. Beet: Scotch killed sides 80.0 to 85.5: Eira hindquarters 84.0 to 97.0, forequarters 68.0 to 62.0. Vest: Dutch hinds and ends 143.5 to 147.5 Lamb: English small 58.0 to 62.0. Medium 56.0 to 60.0, heavy 54.0 to 53.0. Imported: New Zealand PL 59.5 to 60.0. PX 57.0 to 57.5. Pork: English under 100 lb 51.0 to 55.0, 100-120 lb 50.0 to 53.0, 120-160 lb 50 0 to 54.0.

GRIMSBY FISH — Supply good, demand fair. Pricas at ship's side (unprocessed) per stone: Shelf Cod 45.5-EB.00, Codings 51.30-54.10; Large Haddock £3.80-£4.40, Medium £2.20-£3.40, Small £4.00-£4.80; Skinned Dogfish (large) £7.50 (medium) £4.00-£4.mon Sole (small £4.00-£7.00; Seithe £3.00-£3.40.

MEAT COMMISSION—Avarage faters of the singes at representative markets.

Small £4.00-£4.80; Skinned Dogfish (large) £7.50 (medium) £4.00. Lemon Sole (small £4.00-£7.00; Seithe £3.00-£3.40.

MEAT COMMISSION—Average (atstock prices at representative markets, GB—Cartle 95.21p per kg lw (+0.28). GB—Sheep £24.25p per kg set dcw (-3.13). GB—Pags 76.91p per kg lw (+0.28). GB—Sheep £24.25p per kg set dcw (-3.13). GB—Pags 76.91p per kg lw (+0.28). GB—Sheep £24.25p per kg set dcw (-3.13). GB—Pags 76.91p per kg lw (+0.28). GB—Pags 76.91p per kg lw (+0.28). GB—Pags 76.91p per kg lw (+0.28). GB—Pags 76.91p per kg lw (+0.28). Gas 0.18-0.25, russet 0.18-0.22, Charles Ross 0.18-0.25, russet 0.18-0.22, Charles Ross 0.18-0.25, russet 0.18-0.22, Charles Ross 0.18-0.25, russet 0.18-0.22, Charles Ross 0.18-0.25, russet 0.18-0.22, Charles Ross 0.18-0.18. Pears—per pound. Comice 0.18-0.23. Conterence 0.10-0.14. Strawberries—8 oz 0.35-0.50 according to condition. Raspbarries—4 oz punnets 0.40-0.70 according to condition. Raspbarries—4 oz punnets 0.40-0.70 according to condition. Raspbarries—6.22-0.24. New potatoes—4.00-5.30. Mustrrooms—per pound. cpen 0.60-0.70. closed 0.80-1.00. Lettuce—per tray round 0.80-1.00. Webb's 2.00-2.30. Cos 2.00-2.20. Lebarg per dozen 7.50-8.00. Onlors—per 55-1b 3.90-4.00. Cabbages—per £5-1b p.mo 3.00-3.50. Greens—28-1b Kent 2.50-3.00. Cautifiowers—12's Ulncoln 2.00-3.00. Cautifiowers—28-1b 2.50-3.00. Turrips—28-1b 2.50-3.00. Swedes—28-1b 2.00-2.00. Sugar peas—per pound 0.20-0.20. Cautifions—per b 2.50-3.00. Cautifions—12-1b 2.50-3.00. Cautifions—12-1b 2.50-3.00. Cautifions—12-1b 2.50-3.00. Cautifions—12-1b 2.50-3.00. Cautifions—12-1b 2.50-3.00. Cautifions—12-1b 2.50-3.00. Cautifions—12-1b 2.50-3.00. Cautifions—12

Gold and eilver came under pressure seraing small gains made early in the session on selling related to the large build up in Comex silver stocks. Copper steadied on an oversold condition along with labour unrest in Peru. Sugar was firm on renewed physical interest along with reports that a delayed Philippine cane harvest might fall short of expectations. Cocca attracted good trade support which offset long liquidation evident early in the session. Coffee firmed on short-covering as the expected bearish impact of news the long shoremen's

Close 411.0 414.3 417.6 424.6 431.8 439.7 446.5 454.3 462.1

Close 118.80

114.20 113.15 112.35 112.30 112.30 110.75 110.00

Close 422.9 432.9 438.9 446.9 455.4

1201.0 1211.3 1222.0 1247.0 1253.2 1257.0 1274.7 1296.1 1307.0 1328.1 1343.0 1339.1

1361.7

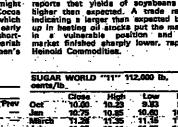
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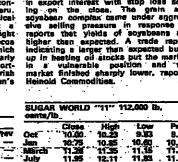
High 415.0

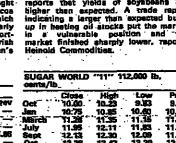
High 83.20 84.70 85.80 86.00 85.20 82.50 81.80 80.50 80.40

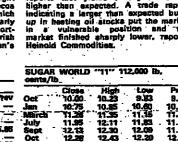
NEW YORK COFFEE "C" 37,000 lb, cents/lb

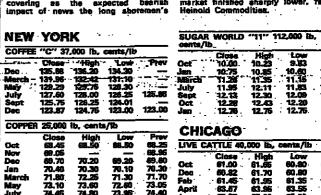
AMERICAN MARKETS 🖛

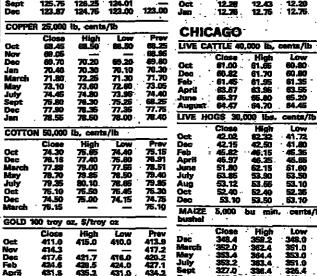


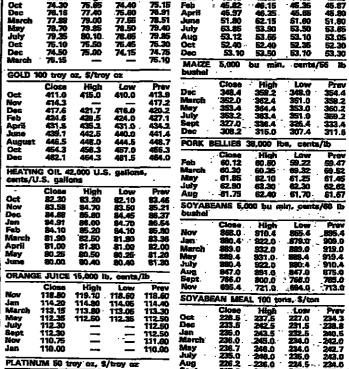


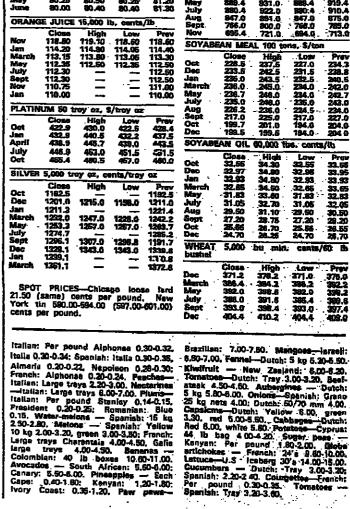












Brazilian: 7.00-7.50. Mangoca-larzeji: 6.59-7.00. Fermel—Dutch: 5 kg 5.20-5.50. Kiwifruit — New Zealand: 6.00-6.20. Tomatoes—Dutch: Tray 3.00-3.20. Beef-attack 4.50-4.50. Authorgines — Dutch: 5 kg 5.80-6.00. Onlores—Spanish: Grano 25 kg ners 4.00. Dutch: 50/70 mm 4.00. Capsicms—Dutch: Veliciw 8.00. green 3.30. red 5.00-5.50. Cabbages—Dutch: Red 6.00. white 5.60. Potatoes—Dutch: Red 6.00. white 5.60. Potatoes—Dutch: Renyan: Per pound 1.80-2.00. Global artichokes — French: 24 s 9.50-10.00. Lattucs—U.S Icaberg 30's 14.00-15.00. Cucumbers — Dutch: Tray 3.00-3.20: Spanish: 2.00-2.00. Coingettes—French: Per pound 0.300-035. Tomatoes—Spanish: Tray 3.20-3.30.

هكذا ميهالكل

CURRENCIES, MONEY and CAPITAL MARKETS

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Dollar and sterling weak

The dollar and sterling con-tinued to weaken against other tinued to weaken against other major currencies on expectations of lower interest rates in New York and London. The dollar opened on a weak note, but showed little change for most of the day, before closing around its best levels following the Federal Reserve's move to drain reserves from the New York money market by reverse repurchase agreements. European trading finished before the announcement of the U.S. August trade figures, but another very large deficit was expected.

A ...

Sterling tended to move in line with the dollar, losing ground on continued speculation about a fall in clearing bank

DOLLAR — Trade-weighted index (Bank of England) 127.2 against 123.0 six months ago. The dollar has retreated from the peaks touched in Angust, amid growing hopes that a sustained fall may be imminent following several weeks of good U.S. MI money supply figures. An easing of the Federal Reserve monetary policy, leading to lower U.S. interest rates, has been anticipated for some time, but previous disappointments will encourage some market caution.

The dollar fell to DW 2.8440

The dollar fell to DM 2.6440 from DM 2.6505 against the

D-mark; FFr 8.0175 from FFr 8.0425 against the French franc: SwFr 2.1310 from SwFr 2.1405 in terms of the Swiss franc; and to Y236.80 from Y238.05 against the Japanese yen.

steriling — Trading range against the dollar in 1933 ts 1.6245 to 1.4540. August average 1.5027. Trade-weighted index \$4.2, against \$4.1 at noon, \$4.2 at the opening, \$4.4 at the previous close, and 78.1 six months ago. The pound has been very steady recently, and the weakening against Continental currencies in sympathy with the dollar may now be welcomed. Sterling's recent performance, coupled with hopes of lower U.S. interest recent performance, coupled with hopes of lower U.S. interest rates, has encouraged speculation about lower London interest

EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES

+2.18 +0.28 +0.95 -0.05 +0.30 +0.10 -2.31 8.14104 2.24184 6.87466 2.52695 0.72569 1403.49 8.16381 2.26313 6.87134 2.53346 0.726381 1371.01 +0.28 +0.39 -0.61 -0.25 -0.46 -2.31

CURRENCY MOVEMENTS

OTHER CL	PRENCIE	5		
Sept. 26	£	\$.		£ Note Rates
Argentina Peso Australia Dollar, Brazil Gruzelro Finland Markka, Greek Drachma Hong Kong Dollar Iran Rial. KuwahDitar(KO) Luxembourg Fr New Zealand Dir Saudi Arab. Riyel Bingapore Dollar Sth. African Rans Bth. African Rans U.A.E. Dirham	1.6685.1.6705 1.072.8-1.073.18 8.4750-8.4980 130.50 139.10 130.5* 0.4353-0.4350 80.16-80.25 3.5150-3.5230 12.750-2.2800 5.3145-5.2185 3.5060 3.2130 1.6490 1.6505	715,0-719,0 5,6580-5,6600 92,40.99,70 8,12.8,22 82,955-0,29055 53,48-63,50 2,3465-8,3485 1,5175-1,5800 5,4797 E,4802 2,1400 2,1430 1,1000-1,1010	Austria. Beiglum Denmark France Germany Italy Japan Notherlands Norway Portugal Spain Swedon Switzerland United States Yugoslavia	1.49-1.51

THE POUND SPOT AND FORWARD

Sept 28	Day's spread	Closs	One month	% p.a.	Three months	% p.a
v.s.	7.4960-1.5025	1.4965-1.4995	0.04c pre-0.01 dis	0.12	0.01pm 0.04d	
Canada	1.8440-1.8520	1.8475-1.8485	0.10c pm-par		0.10 pm.par	0.1
Nethind.	4.413-4.445	4.431-4.441	15-15c pm		37-31 pm	3.2
Belgium	80.00-80.50	80.15-80.26			2-12 dia	-0.3
Denmark	14.25-14.30	14.26-14.27	0.65ore pm-0.30db			-0.3
Ireland	1,2650-1,2740	1.2695-1.2705			0.81-0.95dia	
W. Ger.	3.947-3.975	3.96-3.97	15-1pf pm		37-34 pm	3.6
Portugal.		185.50-186.00			675-1210dia	-20.3
Spein	227.00-228.00	227.30.227.50			760-920dia	-14.7
itely	2.392-2.402	23957-2397-			49 ² -53 ² - dia	-8.5
Norway	11.02-11.07	11.03-11.04			9 ³ >-10 ³ 2 dHz	-3.6
France	11.99-12.04	12.01-12.02				
Sweden	11.71-11.76	11.724-11.734			131-151-dis	-4.8
Japan	353-356	354355-2	0.90-0.70y pm		8.15-8.85dis 2.45-2.25 pm	-2.9
Austria	27.75-27.90	27.80-27-85				
Switz.	3.16-3.21	3.194_3.204	9½-7½gro pm		233-194 pm	
SWILE.	g. 10~9.£1	or southwend	1½-1½c pm	0.10	44-34 pm	5.0

Selgian rate la for convertible france. Financial franc 81.40-81.50. Six-month forward dollar 0,15-0,20c dis. 12-month 0,40-0.50c dis.

money supply growth. The dollar fell to DM 2.6382 from DM 2.6328 at yesterday's fixing in Frankfurt without any intervention by the Bundesbank, reflecting increased hopes of lower U.S. interest rates. Stering was also lower at DM 3.9520 from DM 3.9730. Within the EMS the French franc fell to a record low of DM 32.915 per FFr 100 from DM 32.95 and the Belgian franc was also at a record low at DM 4.9310 from DM 4.9360 per BFr 100. BELGIAN FRANC — Trading range of \$1.4980 to \$1.5025, before closing at \$1.4985-1.4995, a rise of 15 points on the day. Sterling fell to DM 3.9650 from DM 3.9725; FFr 12.0150 from FFr 12.0450; SwFr 3.1975 from SwFr 3.21; and Y355 from Y357. D-MARK - Trading

D-MARK — Trading range against the dollar in 1983 is 2.7315 to 2.3320. August average 2.6736. Trade weighted index 126.2 against 131.1 six months ago. Until the recent easing of U.S. MI money supply growth the D-mark had been at its lowest level against the dollar for nearly 10 years, reflecting the large differential between U.S. and German interest rates. A softer tone in U.S. rates together with a rise in the German Lombard rate have served to narrow the gap however, as the Bundesbank has moved to counter excessive

D-mark proving to be more attractive than some of the weaker members such as the Reigian franc and Italian lira.

The Belgian central bank spent the equivalent of BFr 9.2bn in the week ending last Monday in support of the Belgian franc. This was more than double the previous week's total of BFr 4.5bn and serves to underline the growing weak. to underline the growing weak-ness of the franc. At yesterday's fixing in Brussels the dollar was fixed at BFr 53.495, down from BFr 53.74, while the French franc rose to BFr 6.6795 from

BFr 6.6790.											
CUR	CURRENCY RATES										
Sept. 28	Bank rate	Special Drawing Rights	European Currency Unit								
Sterling U.S. \$ CanadianS Austria Son Beigian F Denish Kr Guilder French F Lira Yan Norwyn Kr Spanish Pta Swedish Kr. Swiss Fr. Greek Dron	9.52 554 912 4 5 913 17 52 812 4	19.6099 56.5517 10.0587 2.78895 3.12015 8.46875 1688.78 250,754 7.78636 160,249	0,572719 0,858220 1,05741 15,9114 45,8904 45,86313 2,265313 2,56546 5,87134 1371.01 202,711 6,32336 1,82586 1,82586 1,82586								

* C\$/SDR rate for Sept 27: 1.29927 THE DOLLAR SPOT AND FORWARD

pt 28	Day's spread	Close	One month	% D.S.	Three months	% p.a.
(†	1,4960-1,5025	1,4995-1,4995	0.04c pm-0.01 dis			
landt	1.1780-1.1825	1.1790-1.1790			0.01pm-0.04	
nada	1.2315-1.2330	1,2325-1,2330	0.29-0.25c pm		0.85-0.77 p	
			0.04-0.01c pm		0.08-0.04 p	
thind.	2_9500-2_9630	2.9580-2.9600	1.02-0.92c pm	3.94	2.50-2.40 p	m 3.32
nyigi	53.47-53.60	53.48-53.50	par-3e dis	-0.24	2-6 dig	-0.30
mmark	9.5100-9.5225	9.5125-9.5175	4ore pm√₂ dis		4-4 dis	-0.21
. Ger.	2.6340-2.5450	2.6435.2.8445	0.90-0.85pf pm		2.52-2.47 p	
rtugal	123,70-124,20	123.80-124.10			450-800dis	-20.16
aln	151.65-151.95	151.85-151.95				
	1,5961-1,600				450-550dis	-13.19
ıly		1,5982-1,5993,			313-333dis	
LANDA	7.3575-7.3700	7.3575-7.3625	1.95-2.25om dis	-3.42	6.20-6.50da	3.45
ence	8.0000-8.0250	8.0150-8.0200	2.00-2.15c dis	-3.11	8.70-9.10de	-4.45
veden	7.8200-7.8330	7.8225-7.8276	1.75-1.95ore dis	-2.83	5.40-5.60dis	-2.81
Dan	235.80-237.30	235.75-236.85	0.55-0.45y pm		1.65-1.55 pt	
stria	18.54-18.59	18.574-18.584	8.00-5.40grs pm		16-14 pm	" <u>5.23</u>
vitz.	2.1235-2.1330	2.1305-2.1315				
VIII.	C 1000	6. KUT & W 13	0.92_0.87c pm	2.65	2.72-2.67 p	30.2 0 cm

t UK and Ireland are quoted in U.S. currency. Forward pramiums and discounts apply to the U.S. dollar and not to the individual currency. Balgian rate is for convertible francs. Financial franc 54.30-54.35.

Sept. 27	Pound St'rling	U.S. Dollar	Deutschem's	JapaneseYen	FrenchFranc	Swiss Franc	Dutch Gulid	itulian Lira	Canada Dollar	Belgian Franc
Pound Sterling	0,667	1,499	3, 965	\$55,0	12.015	5,198	4.438	2397.	1,848	80.20
U.S. Dollar		1,	2,545	\$56,8	8.015	2,133	2.960	1599.	1,233	53.50
Deutschemark	0.252	0.378	11,17	89,53	8,080	0.806	1,119	604.4	0.466	20,28
Japanese Yen 1,000	2.817	4,223		1000.	33.86	9.007	12,50	6751.	5,206	225,9
Franch Franc 10	0.852	1,248	8,300	295,5	10.	2.661	3.693	1995.	1,538	66,75
Bwise Franc	0.313	0,469	1,840	111,0	8.768	1,	1,388	749,6	0,578	25,08
Dutch Guilder	0,295	0.338	0.894	80,00	8,708	0,721	1.	540,1	0,416	18.07
Italian Lira 1.000	0,417	0.625	1,654	148,1	5,014	1,884	1,852	1000,	0,771	35.47
Canadian Dollar	0,541	0,811	2,146	192.1	6,502	1,739	2,401	1297.	2,304	43,40
Belgian Franc 100	1,247	1,869	4,944	442.6	14,98	3,987	5,638	2988.		100.

MONEY MARKETS =

EXCHANGE CROSS RATES

London rates slightly firmer

UK clearing bank base lending rate 9} per cent (since June 14)

Bank of England dealings rates were unchanged again yesterday, but the market remained optimistic of an early cut in clearing bank base rates despite yester-day's weakness of sterling against Continental currencies. The decline of the pound was in line with movements of the dollar, which was also weak against other major currencies after the latest M1 money supply figures and a fall in the Federal funds overnight rate.

byernight rate.

Fed funds opened at 81 per cent in New York in confused conditions caused by Tuesday's fall to 71 per cent as a result of a computer breakdown at a major that the computer breakdown that the computer breakdown is a major took. bank. Shortly before lunch the rate moved up to \$1.0 per cent after the Federal Reserve inter-

after the Federal Reserve intervened to drain reserves.

The Bank of England forecast a London money market shortage of £300m, and provided total help of £354m.

Before lunch the authorities bought £1m bank bills outright in band 1 (up to 14 days maturity) at 9 % per cent, plus £342m bills for resale on October 1343m bills for resale on October
12 at 93 per cent.

No further bill purchases were
made in the afternoon, but the

Bank of England gave late assist-ance to the market of £10m.

Bills maturing in official hands, repayment of late assistance, and a take-up of Treasury bills from Friday's tender drained £148m. The market was also faced with the unwinding of bill repurchase agreements amounting to £488m.

nts amounting to £486m,

while a rise in the note circulation absorbed another £70m.

Despite the continued optimism about a reduction in base rates, the money market grew alightly nervous at the lack of any signal from the authorities. Discount houses buying rates for bills showed a slightly firmer trend, and sterling interbank trates were about 1/2 higher, with three-month rising to 9½-9½ per cent. In Paris interest rates were uncluded in the part of the france against the D-mark.

LONDON MONEY RATES

Sept. 28 1983	Sterling Certificate of deposit	interbank	Local Authority deposits	Local Auth. negotiable bonds	Finance House Deposits	Company Deposits	Discount Market Deposits	Treasury	Eligible Bank Bills ¢	Fine Trade Bills &
rernight	934-954 916 916 916 936 916 936 916 936 918 916	2 10 	97g-10 97g 	10-958 978-912 976-912 976-912 936-912 978-912	959 958 958 958 959 954	954-1018 10-1018 978-10 978 978 978	81g-10 — 91g-95g 914 9 83g-9	9 년 일 등 일 등 일 등 일 등 일 등 일 등 일 등 일 등 일 등 일	3-9-4 3-6-3-5	10k 999 95k

ECGD Fixed Rate Export Scheme IV. Average Rate to r interest period August 2 to September 6 1983 (inclusive) 9.930 per cent.
Local suthorities and finance houses seven days' notice others seven days fixed. Long-term local suthority mortgage rates nominally three years 10's per cent; four years 11 per cent; five years 11's per cent. \$\phi\$ Bank bill rates in table are buying rates for prime paper. Buying rates for four months' banks bills \$\frac{9}{24}-\frac{9}{16}\$ per cent; four months' trade bills \$\frac{9}{12}. buying rates for prime paper. Buying rates for four months' banks bills $9^{t_{12}}_{-2}9^{t_{22}}_{-2}9^{t_{22}}_{-2}$ per cent; four months' trade bills $9^{t_{12}}_{-2}9^{t_{22}}_{-2}$

INTEREST RATES

EURO-CURRENCY INTEREST RATES (Market closing rates)										
Sept. 28	Shert term	7 days	Month	Three Months	Six Months	One Year				
Sterling	914 10 856 876 916 10 518 578 114 2 576 578 1258 1258 1514 1654	94-978 84-9 912-10 654-678 758-778 5-8-578 1236-1258 1612-1614	05g-954 914-912 813-915 678-8 44-43g 512-55g 1812-1234 1734-1834	91g-95g 95g-95g 995t 61g-61g 4-g-41g 55g-51g 141g-145g 175g-181g	912-956 956-975 94-975 64-636 45-416 578-6 1534-16	94-976 978-1018 958-974 612-658 414-413 678-678 1618-1618 1812-1914				
Pin	81g -9 81g -91g 81g -91g	9.912 9.914 773.8 812.9	91g-10 67g-91g 613-612 95g-101g	95,-104 95,-95, 61,-61, 10-101, 91,-91,	10-101 ₂ 10-101 ₄ 6H:-51 ₂ 101 ₈ -105 ₈ 95 ₈ -91 ₄	1014-1054 1016-1036 634-678 1019-11 915-10-6				

FT LONDON INTERBANK FIXING

11.00 a.m. SEPTEMBER 26) 6 month U.S. dollars 3 month U.S. dollars offer 99.15 PIG 624 : - bid 9 7/16

The fixing rates are the erithmetic means, rounded to the nearest one-inteenth of the bid and offered rates for \$10m quoted by the market to five interests benks at 11 am each working day. The banks are National Westminster lank, Bank of Tokyo, Deutsche Bank, Banque Nationale de Paris and Morgan lank, Bank of Tokyo, Deutsche Bank, Banque Nationale de Paris and Morgan languary Trust.

MONEY RATES NEW YORK GERMANY

FRANCE

IAPAN count rate SWITZERLAND

NETHERLANDS S CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT

LONG TERM EURO \$ SDR LINKED DEPOSITS

ECU LINKED DEPOSITS

FINANCIAL FUTURES **Confused trading**

BELGIAN FRANC — Trading range against the dollar in 1983 is 54.49 to 45.90. August average 53.63. Trade weighted index 90.8 against 35.1 six months ago. The rates.

The December Euro-dollar price opened at 90.31 up from 90,29 and touched a high of 90.38 before easing to close at 90.32. The equivalent contract in Chicago was quoted at 90.02 in early trading down from 90.03, tending to underline market uncertainty. Belgian franc is showing signs of strain within the EMS as the D-mark starts to improve. This is mainly the result of a weaker dollar, with currencies like the D-mark proving to be more

LONDON

THREE-MONTH EURODOLLAR Sim points of 100% 1,863 (2,086) day's open int. 6,047 (6,100) THREE-MONTH STERLING DEPOSIT E250,000 points of 100%

Int. 4,585 (4,420) 20-YEAR 12% NOTIONAL GILT £50,000 32nds of 100%

June — Volume 553 (168) DEUTSCHE MARKS DM 125,000 \$ per DM

Low Prev 0.3817 0.3799 — 0.3833 June 74 (33) Volume 74 (33) Previous day's open int. 484 (467)

JAPANESE YEN Y12.5m \$ per Y100 Close High Low Prev 0.4256 0.4260 0.4248 0.4217 0.4286 — 0.4247 Dec 0.4256 0.4290 0.4248 0.

Merch 0.4286 — — 0.

Juse — — 0.

Volume 40 (3)

Previous day's open Int. 203 (201)

Euro-dollar prices were a little firmer in the London International Financial Futures tone in cash markets and contexchange yesterday. Trading was a little confused as the market had to deal with Tuesday's fluctuations in the Fed Funds rate. A closing rate of around 8 per cent tended to reflect technical problems within the system and the market was left woodering exactly where rates should be. This would obviously give some indication as to the Fed's policy on interest rates.

Short sterling contracts traded very quietly reflecting very little movement in the cash market. Trading was inhibited to some extent because the market's persistent hopes of an early cut in clearing bank base rates have been countered by the Bank of England's reluctance the Bank of England's reluctance to signal such a move by cutting dealing rates. The December short sterling price opened at 90.75, unchanged from Tuesday's close and traded within a six point spread before finishing at 90.74.

CHICAGO

U.S. TREASURY BONDS (CBT) 8", \$100,000 32nds of 100%. Prev 90.75 90.50 90.25 90.00 89.96

Dec 91.02 91.14
March 90.84 90.76
June 90.39 90.49
Sept 90.15 90.23
Dec 89.96 90.00
March 89.60
June 89.60
Sept 90.15 90.40
CERT. DEPOSIT (IMM)
Sim points of 100% Latest High Low Pro-Sept 90.84 90.90 90.83 90.82 Dec 90.42 90.55 90.39 90.46 March 90.02 90.14 90.00 90.06 June 99.73 89.85 89.73 89.77 THREE-MONTH EURODOLLAR (IMM)

Dec March June Sept Dec March STERLING (IMM) Se per £ Low 1.4980 1.5000 1.5030 GNMA (CBT) \$108.000 32nds of 100%

Prev 69-03 68-06 67-15 66-30 66-76

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Syndication success for Swedish loan

All of these Securities have been sold. This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

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BASLE SECURITIES CORPORATION

BY MARGARET HUGHES IN LONDON

THE JUMBO sterling loan for tional Bank, Industrial Bank of Ja-remaining four, with the prime syndication as it has at lead manager level, Samuei Montagu said yesterday. Last night some £160m had the total number of banks partici-pating in this £500m loan to 84. Allocations will be determined before

Meanwhile the Korea Develop- a cap of 135 basis points. ment Bank has awarded the mandate for its \$500m loan to a group of 11 banks. These are BA Asia, Bank of Tokyo, BT Asia, Chase Manhat-

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pan, Midland Bank, Morgan Guaranty Trust and Orion Royal Pacific.

The eight year loan will be split into a \$300m Libor (London inter-Portugal's soundings for a \$300m been raised in general syndication bank offered rate) tranche and a loan. In talks held last Friday in from 32 banks, with one or two replies still outstanding. This brings tranche will have a margin of % per guese officials are understood to cent over Libor for the first six have said they were looking for a years rising to % per cent for the seven year loan with a margin of % last two. The margin on the prime over Libor. tranche will be 20 basis points with

These terms give the state-owned bank more favourable terms than bor and 45 basis points on the prime the preceding Korean borrower, the tranche. This loan proved difficult Ex-Im-Bank, where the Libor mar- to syndicate, however, with a selltan Asia, Chemical Asia, Deutsche gin was % per cent for the first four down of only \$29m even after an ex-Bank (Asia Credit), Gulf Interna- years rising to % per cent over the

tranche carrying a margin of 25 ba-

The margins on the \$300m raised earlier this year by the Republic were a spread of % per cent over Li-

The seven banks which have al-ready had discussions with Portugal are Barclays, Lloyds, Citibank, Chase Manhattan, Manufacturers Hanover, Bank of Tokyo and Industrial Bank of Japan. Portuguese ofproaching other banks in Washing-

At this stage Portugal is not seek-ing a sterling tranche although this may be proposed by some of the seeking a complicated four tranche deal for the \$200m to \$250m credit for its Public Power Corporation. It wants the bulk of the financing in

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EUROBONDS

Britoil increases issue to \$125m

By Mary Ann Sieghart in London BRITOIL's \$100m, 11% per cent Eurodoliar bond launched on Monday has been increased to \$125m. lead initially very well received and was

still trading at a discount of only %

point after the increase. Also increased vesterday was last Friday's \$100m deal for Comsat, the U.S. satellite company. Credit Suisse First Boston said that the amount would now be \$110, making the Eurobond market's history. The bonds will carry a coupon of 7.75 per cent and a conversion price of \$48% per share. When the price was

Mitsui Engineering is due to launch a \$50m, five-year bond with equity warrants today. The lead manager will be Nomura Interna-

fixed Comsat's shares were trading

mark's SwFr 80m public issue was given a coupon of 6½ per cent at par by Credit Suisse yesterday, as indi-

Secondary market prices in Swit-zerland closed unchanged on the they rose by % point.

Natwest in £2m loan to Colombia

NATIONAL Westminster is the latest British bank to extend a loan to Colombia, which, with Paraguay, are the only two Latin American

NatWest Export Finance opening a general line of credit for £2m supported by the Export Credits Guarantee Department. It will be the first such credit to be offered by a UK bank to Colombia. The facility is being made available through Banco de Bogota.

Volkswag World Ba World Ba

STRAKENTS
AKZO 54's 93
Bank of Tokyo 6 91
Bangan, Cityo 6 54's 95
Carte-Terbory Saw 53's 95
Decimant 63's 91 Earlier this month, Midland Bank announced that it was participating in a \$22m loan to provide finance and equity for a \$102m cement project in Colombia. Midlet-Am Dev Bk 61/s \$3. \$6m, while the International Fi-nance Corporation (IFC) provided \$11m, Crédit Commercial de France \$3m and the Danish Industrialisation Fund for Developing Countries \$2m. The IFC is also contributing

Meanwhile, Midland Bank's subsidiary, Samuel Montagu, is putting together a financial package to support a bid by a British consortium led by GEC for the £400m mass transit project at Medellin, the re-

public's second largest city.

FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

The list shows the 200 latest international bond issues for which an adequate secondary market exists. For further details of these or other bonds see the complete list of Euroband prices which is published montaly. The following are closing prices for September 28.

LAR		Bid	Etter		Mark.	Yest	hans Ablanc 72/s 87	94	10134	1021/	ě	1 TVa	7.1
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Tokyo Hold 11 90	190	34%	95 %		+4%		Av. price chate	gest, att d	in ∤ - Ve,	, arī we	4 - 4		
ol Hyd 104 88	200	964			+840			·		` <u>-</u> : '	·		
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55 BAH 18V2 96	1507	9614			+134		Ferre Credit-12% 98 CS		924	200	-014		12.3
usse 1047 89	1061	3934			+11/2		Horsen 1294 83 CS	801		MV.	-74	+8%	13.4
k Cred 1144 83	50	937	94%	+8%	+1%	12.30	TO MTG Corp 121/2 58 CS	40t		1004		+84	12.4
114 95	150	93%	99%	-8%	+0%	11.28	Onebec Province 12 83 CS	501		1014		+9%	12.1
117/2 90	75		100%			11.85	Xerge Canada 12 88 CS	401	御り物	T02	•	+11/1	11.5
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P4 95 1 87	350	93%			+04		Flect Sunsh: 836, BS Fl	. 75	.95%		+104	+814	1.6
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x 10½ 98	50	91%		<u> </u>		12.33	World Bank 9 88 FF	. 100 °	1814			+8%	. 2.5
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8 let 1094 90	100	97%	987/L		+676		CEPME 11 4 95 £	35t	381/2	- 991/2	+81/2	+6%	11.3
L Japan 10% 88	190	97%			+0%		EEC 11% 91 6	- 50			+81/		
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SOCIÉTÉ GÉNÉRALE DE BANQUE S.A.

UNION BANK OF SWITZERLAND (SECURITIES)

SWISS BANK CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL

S.G. WARBURG & CO. LTD.

The Notes, in the denomination of U.S.85,000 issued at 99% per cent., have been admitted to the Official List by the Council of The Stock Exchange, subject only to the issue of the temporary Note. Interest is payable annually in arrears on October 1, commencing on October 1, 1984.

Particulars relating to the Notes are available in the Extel Statistical Services Limited and may be obtained during natural business hours on any weekday (Saturdays excepted) up to and including October 13, 1983 from the brokers to

Cazenove & Ço., London EC2R 7AN.

September 29, 1983



All of these securities have been sold. This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

September 16, 1983

\$120,000,000



Inter-American Development Bank

121/2% Ten Year Notes of 1983, due October 1, 1993

Kidder, Peabody & Co.

Salomon Brothers Inc

Merrill Lynch Capital Markets

Lehman Brothers Kuhn Loeb

Goldman, Sachs & Co.

